

cc [redacted]
orig and 4 to NO.

SAC, New Orleans

November 11, 1956

105670

Director, FBI (105-34237)

**CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES' RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X**

bc

ReBulet dated September 25, 1956, captioned as above, and urlet dated October 31, 1956, captioned "The Citizens Council of Ruston, Louisiana, IS - X."

You are instructed to conduct appropriate inquiries concerning Citizens Councils of Dubach, Hico and Simsboro as directed reBulet. All inquiries to be made in accordance SAC Letter 55-66. Surveys by December 28, 1956.

- 1 - New Orleans (105-704) (Dubach)
- New Orleans (105-703) (Hico)
- New Orleans (105-701) (Simsboro)

pc

EX 104

RECORDED - 14

105-34237-291

3 NOV 16 1956

[redacted]

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JGR

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
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- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

JGK:dlj *dlj*
(7)
63x 4 NOV 21 1956

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COMM - FBI

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: November 21, 1956

FROM : *mcc* SAC, New Orleans

SUBJECT: ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI
INTERNAL SECURITY - X
OO: Memphis

On October 18, 1956, the records of the Secretary of State, Jackson, Mississippi, were checked by SA LAURENCE J. FRANK, JR. and a record made of each Citizens' Council that has filed articles of incorporation in Mississippi.

As a result of this check, thirty-two additional cases regarding Citizens' Councils have been opened by the New Orleans Office and reports have been submitted.

It is pointed out that the predication of each of these reports, all written by SA FRANK, is the fact that the office of Secretary of State had recorded articles of incorporation for these Councils.

In the preparation of these reports, a reference or predication was inadvertently omitted. However, in view of the urgency of submitting the reports, same were not held up in order to include this predication in each report.

- 2 - Bureau (RM) (105-34237)
 - 1 - Memphis (RM) (105-121)
 - 1 - New Orleans (105-492)
- RFC:ez
(4)

*200 memo to
cut 270
12/15/56*



EX-126

105-34237-214

[Handwritten signature]

200
67 DEC 7 1956

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SAC, New Orleans (105-492)

December 5, 1956

Director, FBI (105-34237)-292

RECORDED-31

EX-127

ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS'
COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Reurlet dated November 21, 1956, advising that thirty-two additional citizens' councils were opened by your office.

It has been determined that activities of citizens' councils can best be followed by opening separate cases on individual councils. Due to the large number of citizens councils in Mississippi, the Bureau has not insisted that these councils be handled individually, since it was felt that such action would work a hardship on the Memphis and New Orleans Offices. Instead the Bureau has allowed Memphis and New Orleans to follow the activities of these councils in connection with case on captioned organization. It is noted that since the State of Mississippi has approximately 300 citizens councils, it would be necessary for Memphis and New Orleans to submit a minimum of 600 reports per year if these cases were handled on an individual basis.

The opening of thirty-two cases on individual councils in Mississippi by your office again raises the question as to whether all of the citizens councils in Mississippi should be handled individually. Consequently you are instructed as follows:

(1) Memphis determines whether the individual citizens councils on which New Orleans opened cases, and all other citizens councils in Mississippi, are subservient branches of captioned organization.

(2) When above information determined SACs, Memphis and New Orleans, submit recommendations as to how inquiries in these cases may best be handled.

2cc SAC, Memphis (105-121)

JGK:dlj (See note on yellow page 2) DEC 7 1956

(6)

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- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
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- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

[Handwritten signature]

Letter to SAC, New Orleans

Re: Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi
Internal Security - X
105-34237

If determined individual councils are subservient branches and SACs, New Orleans and Memphis, recommend they be handled in connection captioned case, it will be personal responsibility of SACs, Memphis and New Orleans, to insure that the activities of these councils receive adequate coverage.

Dissemination reports at Seat of Government being held in abeyance pending receipt reply from SACs, New Orleans and Memphis.

Dated December 14, 1956.

NOTE ON YELLOW:

Dissemination at SOG being held in abeyance to avoid unnecessary stenographic work, since if SACs, New Orleans and Memphis, feel inquiries should be handled in captioned case, reports will be disseminated under above caption by one cover letter.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW ORLEANS	OFFICE OF ORIGIN MEMPHIS	DATE 11/21/56	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 10/18; 11/13/56
TITLE OF CASE LEE COUNTY CITIZENS COUNCIL TUPELO, MISSISSIPPI		REPORT MADE BY LAURENCE J. FRANK, JR. (A)	TYPED BY sam
		CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - X	

SYNOPSIS:

Captioned organization incorporated in State of Mississippi 2/23/56 Incorporators, together with purpose of organization, set out.

- RUC - *elf*

DETAILS: AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

On October 18, 1956, [redacted] Office of the Secretary of State, made available his record which reflects that the Lee County Citizens Council, Tupelo, Mississippi, was incorporated in the State of Mississippi on February 23, 1956.

APPROVED <i>MOR</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE:		105-34237-5	SE 5
SEE NEXT PAGE	COPIES DESTROYED 47 APR 27 1972	5 NOV 26 1956	RECORDED-56
			INDEXED-56

*icc rept. to Tompkins
by 5-84
6-2, 001, 055 by 5-83
12-17-56 JG K*

INT SEC.

EX-127

NO 105-737

COPIES:

- 6 - Bureau (Registered)
 - 2 - Memphis (Registered)
 - 1 - OSI, Barksdale AFB, La. (Registered)
 - 1 - OSI, Maxwell Field, Alabama (Registered)
 - 1 - ONI, 8th Naval District, New Orleans (Registered)
 - 1 - ONI, Charleston, South Carolina (Registered)
 - 1 - G-2, Fort Sam Houston, Texas (Registered)
 - 1 - G-2, Fort McPherson, Georgia (Registered)
 - 2 - New Orleans (105-737)
-

NO 105-737

The Incorporation Certificate is filed in Book 60 on page 211. The incorporators were identified as follows:

~~TILLMAN EWING~~, Tupelo, Mississippi;
~~R. B. KIRKSEY~~, Tupelo, Mississippi;
~~ROBERT SMITH~~, Tupelo, Mississippi.

The purpose for which the group was organized, according to the incorporation petition, was:

"To promote harmonious and peaceful relationships among citizens of the County of Lee, Mississippi, and its environs; to promote good government, to peaceably assemble and to petition the government for a redress of grievances, and encourage the people to exercise their right to peaceably assemble and petition the government for a redress of grievances, and to improve the physical, mental and moral condition of mankind; and any and all powers necessary or incident to the accomplishment of the afore-mentioned purposes.

"The rights and powers that may be exercised by this corporation, in addition to the foregoing, are those conferred by Chapter 4, Title 21, Code of Mississippi of 1942 and amendments thereto."

- RUC -

105-94237-294
CHANGED TO
105-54107-3

DEC 17 1956

RLM

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1 - Bufile 100-4157oz

Section tickler
J. S. Johnson

b6
b7c

2 - Original and copy
1 - Yellow file copy
December 6, 1956

SAC, New Orleans (105-492)

Director, FBI (105-34237)

ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS
OF MISSISSIPPI
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

"The Citizens' Council" announced that with the November, 1956, Volume 2, Number 2 issue, it becomes the official publication of the "Citizens' Councils of America" rather than the "Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi."

It is requested that you continue to discreetly obtain two copies of each issue of "The Citizens' Council" on a regular basis and forward them to the Bureau by routing slip marked to the attention of the Central Research Section.

This publication should be handled according to the instructions contained in SAC Letter Number 56-37 dated July 3, 1956.

AMB:mjh
(8)

RECORDED-56 105-34237-976

NOTE: [redacted] Internal Security, wishes to receive two copies of all future issues of the above publication.

COMM - FBI
DEC 8 1956

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 12/7/56

FROM : SAC, Memphis

SUBJECT: ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS
COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Rebulet 12/5/56 in captioned matter, making reference to New Orleans letter of 11/21/56, advising of the opening of 32 additional citizens councils cases on the individual local councils throughout the State of Mississippi. The Memphis Division was requested to determine whether the individual citizens councils on which New Orleans opened cases and all other citizens councils in Mississippi are subservient branches of captioned organization.

This is to advise that the captioned organization serves as an information and propaganda center only and that none of the local citizens councils are in any way subservient to it. A portion of the dues of individual members in the local councils is forwarded to the state center in order to maintain it as a propaganda center. The state organization has no control whatever over any of the local councils.

The Memphis Division was also requested to submit recommendations as to how inquiries in these cases may best be handled if it was determined that the local councils are not subservient to the state organization. Accordingly, the following recommendations are being made by the Memphis Division:

It is recommended that cases be opened at this time on all local councils which have filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State, State of Mississippi, at Jackson, and that inquiries at this time be made on a discreet basis to determine the identity of the officers, the background of each, and the extent of the operations of each council. When this has been determined, it is recommended that the case be placed in a closed status, and thereafter information received from established sources be channelized to the respective files maintained on these councils with no requirement for periodic reports. Reports, however, should be submitted if, as, and when there is activity by a local council which should be called to the Bureau's attention.

RECORDED - 86

105-34237-
DEC 10 1956

- ② - Bureau (105-34237) (RM)
- 1 - New Orleans (105-492) (RM)(Info)
- 1 - Memphis (105-121)

CEP:MRS
(4)

DEC 18 1956

ME LET TO DIRECTOR

12/7/56

It is further recommended that cases be opened on the other citizens councils, namely, those which have not filed articles of incorporation, only after the first group of investigations have been completed, and that the investigations relative to this latter group be handled on the same basis as that outlined above.

For the Bureau's information, citizens councils in Mississippi have been in a semi-dormant status during the past six months period, and it is not anticipated there will be any activity from them unless there are further incidents to incite such activity. For that reason, it would not appear to be necessary to conduct extensive investigations of these local councils. It would appear, however, advisable that we know the identity of the officers and the extent of the activity of each. I believe this can be obtained by discreet inquiries rather than open inquiries. The latter type would only tend to aggravate a feeling in the State of Mississippi that the Federal authorities are already involved in matters which do not, in their opinion, directly concern Federal Government but which are primarily state matters.

The membership and the officers of most of the local citizens councils are prominent citizens in their respective communities and the file maintained in the instant case reflects that they are not the type of persons who normally would be engaged in any subversive activities. The discreet inquiries can be limited to established sources already known to Special Agents assigned in this area. It is believed that the information and coverage necessary to fulfill the Bureau's obligations can be obtained. The burden of submitting reports can be alleviated if the Bureau will agree to handling these cases on the basis outlined above.

SAC, San Francisco

December 10, 1956

Director, FBI (105-34237)

CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES'
RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

The November 17, 1956, issue of the "Pittsburgh Courier" contained an article on page six, column five under the caption "WCC Active in California." This article reflected that an officer of the San Jose, California, branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People had stated that the White Citizens' Councils had organized a unit or western headquarters at Redding, California.

You should immediately conduct appropriate inquiries to determine whether a citizens council has been formed at Redding. Furnish results of your inquiries to Bureau in memorandum form suitable for dissemination. If your inquiries verify the existence of such a council you should open a case and conduct appropriate inquiries in accordance with SAC Letter 55-66. All inquiries in connection this matter to be made in strict accordance provisions this SAC Letter. Handle promptly.

105-34237-

17 DEC 11 1956

- Tolson _____
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- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

JGK:dlj

(4)

MAILED 10
DEC 10 1956

DEC 13 1956

JGK
MA

SAC, New Orleans (105-587)

December 11, 1956

Director, FBI (105-34237)

CITIZENS' COUNCILS AND
STATES' RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Recent inspection report for your office reflects that you have 70 pending cases on citizens councils matters.

Submit a list of these cases to the Bureau identifying them by name, urfile number, and Bufile number where known.

RECORDED - 10

105-34237-299

7 DEC 12 1956

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COMM-FBI

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JGK:dlj *dlj*

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67 DEC 17 1956

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12/11/56
JGK

Mr. W. J. Simmons

SAGs NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON FIELD (Continued)

of the enclosures thereto. These enclosures are reports prepared by an unidentified investigator concerning John Kasper, executive secretary of the White Citizens' Councils of the District of Columbia and the National Urban League.

For your information, Simmons, on September 28, 1956, advised he had obtained the services of [redacted] who does investigative work in New York City, to look into the activities of John Kasper. [redacted] may be the author of these reports.

This data is being furnished you for your information and the completion of your files regarding Kasper and the National Urban League.

*

NOTE ON YELLOW:

On 9-28-56 Simmons requested he be interviewed by an Agent. This interview was conducted at which time he furnished considerable information regarding Kasper. Attachment memo Belmont to Boardman captioned "Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi, Internal Security - X," 12-13-56, CFW:dlj.

* New York is instructed to thoroughly review its files to determine whether future investigation of the National Urban League is deemed warranted and recommended in accordance with instructions contained in SAC Letter 56-56 (K).

New York should not contact [redacted] in connection with this matter without prior Bureau authority.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. F. J. BAUMGARDNER

DATE: December 13, 1956

FROM : MR. A. H. BELMONT

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: WHITE CITIZENS COUNCILS

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Trotter _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

In accordance with Mr. Tolson's instructions, Sizoo and I made calls to the key offices having White Citizens Council cases and instructed that we should immediately discontinue all inquiries being made concerning White Citizens Councils. Each office was advised that these instructions were not to affect any specific violations which were under investigation, such as civil rights, election frauds, contempt of court, et cetera, but the instructions apply to the inquiries previously approved as to White Citizens Councils and such inquiries concerning the Councils, as such, were to be immediately discontinued. Each office was instructed that there was to be no comment concerning these instructions outside the offices. Each was also advised that a letter confirming and amplifying the instructions was being prepared and should reach the field within the next few days.

The offices were contacted as follows:

New Orleans	-	Sizoo	-	ASAC Dinsmore
Birmingham	-	"	-	SAC McMahon
Atlanta	-	"	-	ASAC McGovern
Memphis	-	"	-	SAC Piper
Miami	-	"	-	SAC Weeks
Mobile	-	"	-	ASAC Holtzman
Knoxville	-	Belmont	-	SAC Alden
Charlotte	-	"	-	SAC Abbaticchio
Little Rock	-	"	-	SAC Bryant
Savannah	-	"	-	ASAC Welte

A statement should appear in the ~~to be~~ ^{Memo} you are preparing indicating that key offices were advised by telephone this morning to discontinue all inquiries. Your letter should include instructions to the field, among other things, as to the reporting of any information which may have been developed and not yet reported - also the reporting of any information which may be volunteered to the offices.

JAS:td
(4) JP

RECORDED-90

105-34237-301

6 DEC 18 1956

128
50 DEC 26 1956

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Trotter	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

ne TO : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

WOLW FROM : Warren Olney III, Assistant Attorney General,
Criminal Division

SUBJECT: White Citizens Councils

DATE: December 13, 1956

WO:mmr
146-14321

The Attorney General has received a letter from Mr. Henry Edward Schultz, Chairman of the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, New York City, quoting the text of a resolution adopted by the National Commission of the Anti-Defamation League at its forty-third annual meeting in Washington on November 24 and 25, 1956. The text of the resolution includes the following statement:

"Evidence in the possession of the Anti-Defamation League indicates a clear pattern of illegal and subversive activities on the part of certain White Citizens Councils."

I have replied to Mr. Schultz by letter advising him that the White Citizens Councils are of official concern to the Department only if their activities result in violation of the laws of the United States and to that extent only. I also wrote that if the evidence referred to in the resolution is indicative of possible violation of the laws of the United States, the appropriate course is to present it in detail to the Bureau for appropriate investigation and action by the Department.

Baumgardner
WOLW

DEC 13 1956

EXP. PROC.

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RECORDED-61

105-34237-302

7 DEC 20 1956

EX-125

file
105-34237

DEC 13

DEC 13

50 JAN 2 1957

~~INT. SEC.~~

cc Baumgardner
WOLW

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman *lvb*

DATE: December 13, 1956

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI INTERNAL SECURITY - X

~~INDEXED-27~~
12-18-56

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
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- Mohr _____
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- Rosen _____
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- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

With letter 12/7/56 W. J. Simmons, administrator, Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi (ACCM), furnished a report on John Kasper, executive secretary, White Citizens' Councils of District of Columbia, and a report on the National Urban League (NUL). Although the identity of the individual who prepared these reports is not shown the author is probably [redacted] who does private investigative work in New York State. Simmons was interviewed at the Bureau on 9/28/56 at which time he stated he had requested that [redacted] conduct an investigation of Kasper on behalf of ACCM.

Previously Simmons, as well as other leaders of citizens councils, have voiced opposition to Kasper as a rabble rouser who is discrediting legitimate citizens councils. NUL has been receiving funds through contributions to community chest campaigns and citizens councils have taken stand opposing donations to any campaign through which NUL receives financial aid.

With regard to Simmons, our files show he was the subject of an Internal Security - G investigation by the Bureau in 1942. Investigation failed to reflect any activities by Simmons against the best interests of this country. In 1942 Simmons was described by a psychiatrist as a psychopathic case.

Set forth below are summarizations and observations of reports furnished by Simmons:

KASPER

Summarization of Report

INDEXED-27
RECORDED-44
105-34237-303

Substance of this report is that Kasper is an agent for the Anti-Nazi League (ANL) whose function is to discredit the segregation movement. This conclusion was reached by the investigator after information was developed showing Kasper's present activities as an

ENCLOSURE
on record
105-34237-303

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-7-88 BY SPSCI

cc Mr. Boardman
cc Mr. Belmont

cc [redacted] 2-27-56
CFW:dij
(4)

DEC 21 1956

N
Handwritten signature/initials

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

RE: ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI
105-34237

anti-integrationist are inconsistent with his previous stand which was pro-Negro during 1953-54. It was also pointed out that Kasper associated with members of the anti-Semitic National Renaissance Party (NRP) which was created by the ANL. Also, that Kasper's actions are actually bringing into dispute legitimate citizens councils which is an objective of ANL. One person interviewed said Kasper admitted having attended a communist summer camp.

Observations

Information developed by Bureau concerning Kasper reveals that while he was in New York City during 1953-54 he appeared to be pro-Negro and also that members of the NRP were seen in the bookshop which he operated. Kasper has picked up Negro women on the street since he came to Washington, D. C., which action is inconsistent with his stand as a segregationist. Kasper has also supported and has been supported by Asa Carter, Alabama Citizens Council leader who is openly anti-Semitic. Kasper himself has made anti-Semitic statements. There is no doubt Kasper's actions and statements (Example: Clinton, Tennessee, incident) and literature (Example: "Virginians On Guard!" which called for hanging the nine Supreme Court Justices) have discredited organizations attempting to maintain segregation by legitimate means.

Allegations previously received that Kasper affiliated with the Communist Party (CP) have been checked out without verification.

There is no pertinent information in this report about which we were not already aware. In view of the Department's interest in Kasper we are following closely his activities.

NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE

Summarization of Report

A report on NUL is composed principally of information showing affiliations of 18 officers and employees of that organization with communist front and/or the CP. From this the author of the report concludes NUL is not anticommunist as it claims but to the contrary has had in its employ CP members; has joined the CP in sponsoring communist front organizations; has cooperated with communists; and has remained in business through donations from communist organizations.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

Observations

Bufiles reveal NUL organized 1911 and maintains national headquarters in New York City. Organization is composed of Negroes and whites with announced purpose of promotion of interests of the Negro race. Bureau is conducting no investigation of NUL; however, in the early 1940s information was received that individuals connected with the NUL were either CP members or affiliated with CP fronts. The NUL complements NAACP in Negro work, NUL referred to as "State Department" and NAACP as "War Department" in Negro activities. NUL has 59 chapters in 29 states. Current membership unknown. Due to limited information in Bufiles, New York is being instructed to determine and submit recommendation whether future investigation of NUL is deemed warranted in accordance with SAC Letter 56-56 (K) which deals with investigations of the communist infiltration into legitimate noncommunist organizations.

RECOMMENDATION:

There is attached for your approval a communication to Simmons acknowledging his letter. With this letter a Photostat of Simmons' letter and one Photostat each of the reports furnished are being sent to New York and Washington Field Offices for the information of those offices. New York is being instructed to determine and submit recommendation whether future investigation of NUL is deemed warranted.

JHK *FAB*
JMA *G* *STW* *YOS*

ASSOCIATION OF
CITIZENS' COUNCILS

OF MISSISSIPPI

JACKSON OFFICE

605 Plaza Building • Phone 2-4456

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

December 7, 1956

STATE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
AND OFFICERS

FRED A. ANDERSON, JR.
GLOSTER

TOM F. BRADY
BROOKHAVEN

M. L. BRANCH
WINONA

J. B. CUNNINGHAM
BROOKSVILLE

J. O. HOLLIS
CARTHAGE

E. W. HOOKER
LEXINGTON

WARD HURT
LUMBERTON

W. H. JOHNSON, JR.
DECATUR

FRED JONES
INVERNESS

DEWEY MYERS
PRENTISS

BEN PERRY
GRENADA

MARION SIMPSON
CANTON

J. E. STOCKSTILL
PICAYUNE

GLENN TRUSTY
TUPELO

Z. M. VEAZEY, JR.
COLDWATER

WILL E. WARD
STARKVILLE

PETE F. WILLIAMS, SR.
CLARKSDALE

ELLIS W. WRIGHT
JACKSON

R. B. PATTERSON
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
GREENWOOD

W. J. SIMMONS
ADMINISTRATOR
JACKSON

ELLETT LAWRENCE
FINANCE CHAIRMAN
GREENWOOD

BOB PARISH
TREASURER
GREENWOOD

Mr. Louis B. Nichols
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Room 5640, Department of Justice
Ninth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Nichols:

I am enclosing for your information a report on John Kasper prepared by an investigator in whom I have confidence.

We have in our files photostats to support most of the points raised in the report.

There is also enclosed a report on the National Urban League from the same source.

Sincerely yours,

W. J. Simmons
W. J. Simmons
Administrator

WJS:sd

Enclosures

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-7-88 BY SP5CZ
77CIV999

105-34237-303

ENCLOSURE

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR.

John Kasper

I have established that the subject is not the son of the Communist

John Kasper, that was active in the late 1920's and early 1930's. The Executive Secretary White Citizens Councils of P.S. Communist Kasper was born in Turkey in 1903 and died in 1934 (Daily Worker, June 29, 1934, Pg.3). The father of our subject was born in Boston, Mass., Feb 20, 1890, and is still alive. He is working as a Combustion Engineer at the Eastern Fuel Corporation in Phila. The subjects mother was born Rose Kurrle in Canada at an unknown date. Frederick John Kasper, Jr. was born in Camden, New Jersey, Oct. 21, 1929. At that time he resided at 6720 Harvest, Merchantville, New Jersey. The Communist John Kasper, in Sept. 1929, resided at 1525 Hunter St., Wilksburg, Pa. (testimony of Jacob Spolansky before the Fish Comm. Part 4 Vol. 1 Pg 203).

(Note: Unless otherwise indicated the above information came from the files of the [redacted] The information can be used in any way but the source must remain confidential.)

Kasper attended school in Philadelphia, and received a bachelor of science degree from Columbia University in June, 1951. While in N.Y. the subject lived at 526 East 6th St. From Sept. 1953 to March 1954 he was [redacted] in the Make-It-New Book Shop in the Greenwich Village section of New York City. From March 1954 to Nov. 1955 he was listed as the sole owner of the book shop. (records on file in the New York County Clerk's Office, Foley Square, N.Y.C.) (* Washington Star, 9/2/56)

This investigator attempted to speak to [redacted] under a subterfuge. However, she refused to speak to him, "on advise of her lawyer."

In June 1955, Jacob Spolansky, a former Special Agent of the F.B.I, visited the Make-It-New Book Shop. He found a Negro girl working in the store. She gave her name as [redacted] and was called [redacted] by other people in the store. She said that she was [redacted] although there is no official record

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-7-88 BY SP8CZ
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b7C

ENCLOSURE

105-511-237-303

of [redacted] She looked about 28 years old. On a later visit Mr. Spolansky saw Kasper himself. During the visit a Negro Mailman came in and Kasper told him, "Drop in any evening and [redacted] will tell you about the next meeting." Other Negroes wandered in and out of the store and seemed friendly with Kasper. Kasper sold Spolansky a copy of a book that he had published called "Mullins On the Federal Reserve." (see below for more on Mullins) (Note: Mr. Spolansky is willing to sign an affidavit, however, he has not been told of the interest of the Citizens' Councils in this matter.)

The Sept. 29, 1956, issue of the Negro newspaper New York Amsterdam News, carried an article entitled, "Racist Exposed", "Race Baiter John Kasper Was Village Negro Lover". The story tells of an unnamed Negro girl that lived with Kasper and worked with him at the book shop. She was identified as a school teacher from Brooklyn. (Confidential Note: A check of the files of the New York Board of Education did not reveal a [redacted] of that description. However, she could be a teacher in a private school.) The story also reports that a Negro named Ned Williams said of Kasper, "We shared the same bed on numerous occasions ... often he spent all night sleeping on the floor, with Negro girls and boys after one of our exhausting parties." Of the Negro girl the papers says, "(she) has in her possession a powerfull (sic) packed photograph of herself and Kasper with other amorous interracial couples..." Discussions of the "race problem" took place in the book shop and "Kasper always took the part of the Negro". At one party in Brooklyn, Kasper asked people there to join the NAACP and get them twelve members. He kissed Negro girls publicly and was alleged to be the godfather of a Negro child. (A photostat of the article is enclosed. If a better copy of the picture of Kasper's friend [redacted] with a white girl is needed, I will send it to you.)

One [redacted] an anti-Communist, visited the Make-It-New Book shop in 1954, and met Kasper. The subject told him that he had attended a Communist summer camp. Others in the book shop appeared to be Nazis. Some wore uniforms of the National Renaissance Party and praised Hitler. (Niles would sign an affidavit. However, he has not been told of the interest of the Citizens' Councils.)

One [redacted] a pro-Communist, has told this investigator that he visited the book shop and found N.R.P. people there and a book by Truhill of the N.R.P. on sale. (this person will not sign an affidavit.)

Since Kasper's book shop was a hang-out for National Renaissance Party people, and Kasper published a book by Eustace Mullins, an N.R.P. member, it would be interesting to take a look at the N.R.P. (see N.R.P. Bulletin, Dec. 1952 for indication of Mullins' membership. Photostat enclosed.)

The N.R.P. claims to be a "Fascist" organization. (see the N.R.P. Bulletins, Dec. 1952 and Jan. 1953. Photostats enclosed.) It praises Hitler and prints pictures of him. (see N.R.P. Bulletin, Jan. - Feb. 1954.) (photostat enclosed) N.R.P.'s stock in trade is "anti-semitism". (see N.R.P. pamphlet "Jewish Anti-semitism". Photostat enclosed.)

The fact is that NRP is not any of these things. It is the creature of an organization called the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, which is in the business of milking wealthy Jews, who contribute money to "fight anti-semitism". Not having enough "anti-semitism" to go around, the League makes up it's own. In 1946 the League set up the frame-up of the Columbians in Georgia.

The N.R.P. was set up in 1947 by [redacted] who appears to be a

[redacted] At that time he called his organization the Communist Party. According to Joseph Kamp's publication "Headlines" for April 5, 1955, one of Madole's earliest members was one Charles B. Allen, Jr. Allen was later to turn up as an assistant editor of the leftist Nation magazine, a writer of the official Communist publication, Jewish Life, the author of [redacted]

Book
The McCarthy Conspiracy, published by the Communist firm of Cameron & Kahn.

Allen was also a speaker or "witness" at a mock trial of Sen. McCarthy, held Jan. 6, 1954, in N.Y.C. The "trial" was set up by Communist Party member

[redacted] and was part of the Communist smear of McCarthy. Since Allen infiltrated N.R.P. other Communist agents have done the same.

[redacted] A.K.A. [redacted] *member of National Renaissance Party* and

[redacted] *member of Anti-Nazi League* (The last is believed to be his real name) was active from

1953 on. When he was interviewed by an official agency in Sept. 1954, he admitted having gone to the official C.P. school the Jefferson School. While

the government investigators were in [redacted] apartment a Negro entered and went into the bedroom with the girl that [redacted] was living with. Truhill

was the author of the pamphlet, "Jewish Anti-semitism" (see photostat) and the address [redacted] was his home. He was head of the N.Y. City

branch of the N.R.P. H. Keith Thompson, writing in the leftist newspaper "Expose" for Nov. 1954, says that Truhill was on the payroll of the Anti-Nazi

League and received \$25.00 per week plus \$20.00 to contribute to the N.R.P.

According to Joseph Kamp in the April 5, 1955, Headlines other League agents in the N.R.P. were Ruth Ross, *Aka* [redacted] a member of the Communist Labor Youth League, Lawrence Sestito, Louis Mostaccio, and John Langrod. Other information that was not given by Kamp is as follows:

[redacted] is a Trotskyite Communist and admitted to the Immigration Service that he was an Anti-Nazi League agent in N.R.P. He has also admitted this to other government agencies. [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] N.Y. Penal Law, 722

sec. 8, which reads, "Frequents or loiters about any public place soliciting men for the purpose of committing a crime against nature or other lewdness".

[redacted] A.K.A. [redacted] an official government agency has a copy of an interview with a former Anti-Nazi League agent who claimed that part of his reward for acting as an agent was the sexual favors of this girl.

It is a method of the Anti-Nazi League to plant a girl who is loose with her sexual favors. They did this with the Columbians in 1946. [redacted] and later [redacted] of [redacted] case fame did it in the N.R.P.

[redacted] has been listed as a close associate of Kasper. Whether she is the type of agent mentioned above is unknown at this time. However, there are 2 things of interest about her. The Wash. Star of 9/2/56 lists her as having met Kasper through mutual friends in the book business in N.Y. She was also said to be a former book shop owner in Greenwich Village, N.Y. The Village is a notorious hangout for Communists, Homosexuals and other breeds of rat. If she knew him from N.Y. she must have known of his love of Negroes, particularly [redacted] The Washington Post, of 9/4/56, reports friction between ~~Devereaux~~ and Fred Hockett, an apparently sincere anti-integrationist. It is part of the League strategy to create strife in the infiltrated organizations.

Another method of the League is to have their agents print stupidly inflammatory material to discredit the infiltrated organization. In the case of the N.R.P, once it was established as anti-semitic and Fascist, it was used to contact anti-Communists who were neither anti-semitic or Fascist, in order to discredit them. N.R.P. people were sent to anti-Communist meetings which were then smeared as Fascist.

Kasper's inflammatory literature is used to smear the Citizens' Councils and other pro-segregation people. An example of this is Kasper's Virginians On Guard, which calls for the hanging of the Supreme Court. It also takes "credit" for such High School pranks as cross burnings. The cover of the pamphlet is so badly done that it seems to imply that if a person is for segre-

gation he is mentally retarded. The cover was drawn by either one who was retarded or who pretended to be.

To sum up, Kasper smells like an agent. His book shop in N.Y. was a hangout for the Anti-Nazi League agents that ran the National Renaissance Party. His [redacted] also smells like an agent. He like other League agents is a close friend of Negroes. His inflammatory writings help the League smear the segregation movement. He admitted going to a Communist summer camp. If Kasper is not a League agent, he is losing money.

(A note on the Anti-Nazi League - It started in 1933 with the worthwhile objective of boycotting Nazi goods. After the Nazis were beaten in W.W. II, rather than go out of business they made up their own Nazis. They often made deals with the Communists in those projects. They collect money from wealthy Jews by telling them of the Fascist danger, while they spend money creating the Fascist activity through their agents. Of course there is a profit. A Dr. James Sheldon, a gentile "friend of the Jews" is the head of this racket.

See Log.

THE NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE

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The best description of the National Urban League was given by the magazine Business Week in an article in its Oct. 9, 1954 issue. The N.U.L. liked the article so much that it is distributing reprints. According to Business Week, "The League itself likes to say that in Negro affairs the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People is the War Dept. and the Urban League is the State Dept.". The article goes on to say, "Where NAACP relies on direct action to advance the Negro ... the League's tactics are study and persuasion". In less polite phrases the NAACP carries on the fight, while the N.U.L. carries on the propaganda. However, sometimes we find an overlapping of functions.

The N.U.L. claims that it is anti-Communist. It is not. N.U.L. has frequently made common cause with the Reds. The organization itself has cooperated with the Communists often, and leading officials have been active in Communist fronts. I will show in this paper that some of N.U.L.'s leading people have supported every type of Red Front; fronts that have defended Reds in trouble, fronts that have backed up Soviet Foreign Policy, fronts to agitate the Negro, etc. I will also show that N.U.L. has had in its employ active Communist Party members.

Left-wing money has been used for years to keep the N.U.L. in business. According to the testimony of Walter Steele before the Fish Committee of the House of Representatives, Nov. 25, 1930 the N.U.L. received from the American Fund for Public Service. (Part 1, Vol. 4, Pg. 296). This fund also known as The Garland Fund was cited by the Un-American Activities Comm. in 1944 as follows, "Established in 1922 ... it was a major source for the financing of Communist Party enterprises." According to a report prepared for the Un-American Act. Comm. (HCUAA) by its then Senior Investigator

[redacted] on May 26, 1943 the N.U.L. received \$5,000 in 1941 & 42 from the Robert Marshall Civil Liberties Trust, a part of the Robert Marshall Foundation. The Foundation was cited in 1944 by HCUAA, "one of the principal sources for the money with which to finance the Communist Party's fronts." The Fund for the Republic in its report on May 31, 1956 lists a \$50,000 grant to the National Urban League. The Fund is currently being investigated by the HCUAA,.

Back in 1936 the N.U.L. joined with the Communists in sponsoring the Scottsboro Defense Comm., cited as a Communist front by HCUAA. This organization was set up to defend 9 Negro boys convicted of raping 2 white girls. It was later learned that during the many years of agitation around this case the Communist Party raised millions of dollars, which it never accounted for. The official pamphlet of the Committee, SCOTTSBORO: The Shame of America, lists the N.U.L. as a sponsor.

Since 1936 the Urban League has often cooperated with the Communists. According to the Daily Worker of March 23, 1953 p. 9 the N.U.L. and the NAACP have supported the National Negro Labor Council in its agitation for hiring Negroes in the South to do jobs that only whites had done before. They supported the same kind of agitation by the same organization in Cleveland, Ohio, according to the report of the Cleveland organization to the Nov 1952 convention of the National Negro Labor Council. (Official Convention Journal Nov. 21-3, 1952) Ben Davis, leading Negro Communist in his report to the C.P National Committee meeting of June 23-4, 1956, admitted that the Communists helped organize the National Negro Labor Council, which he termed "a left center", a term for a Communist front. (The Negro People On The March p. 31) The New York State Communist Party has said that the "advances" of the Negroes came, "out of the bitter struggles conducted by the Negro people and their organizations, notably the National Negro Labor Council, the NAACP, and the National Urban League". (Party Voice, a bulletin of the N.Y.

State C.P. Feb. 1954 p. 10)

Among the ^{National} Urban League leaders that have supported Communist fronts is Lester Granger the N.U.L. Executive Director. Among the communist fronts that Granger has supported are the following:

AMERICAN YOUTH CONGRESS - speaker and sponsor, N.Y. State Model Youth Legislature Jan. 28-30, 1938 -- official program - (photostat) Test. McMichael HCUAA July 30-31, 1953 p. 2673 also IX 540.

ASSOCIATED FILM AUDIENCES - Exec. Bd. -- letterhead no date IX 728.

FRONTIER FILMS - Advisory board -- D.W. April 6, 1937 IX 732

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE - sent greetings to conf. Equal Justice, July 1939 IX 810.

GREATER N.Y. CONFERENCE ON INALIENABLE RIGHTS - speaker official call Feb. 12, 1940 IX 774.

DEFENSE OF ~~COMMUNISTS~~ - signer of cable to Brazilian Government in defense of Luiz Carlos Prestes, Brazil C.P. leader, and Arthur ~~Lwert~~, Comintern Rep. Both were in jail. D.W. Feb. 13, 1937 p.2 IX 1474 (not same as above)

AMERICAN LEAGUE AGAINST WAR AND FASCISM - supporter D.W. Dec. 24, 1935 p. 3.

DEFENSE OF ANGELO HERNDON (Communist in Georgia, Negro) speaker at rally -- D.W. Oct. 22, 1935 p. 1

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE - speaker at Newark, N.J. meeting - D.W. Oct. 18, 1934 p.2.

NATIONAL CITIZENS EMERGENCY RELIEF COMMITTEE TO AID STRIKER FAMILIES --
national committee -- letterhead no date circa 1946.

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HUMAN WELFARE - Sponsor HCUAA report June 12,
1947 p. 14.

COMMONWEALTH COLLEGE - advisory committee - The Commoner, June 1939, re-
ported in Dies Committee Executive hearings Vol. 7 p. 3086.

The 1942 Annual report of the HCUAA lists Granger as a member of the Board
of Directors of the Union For Democratic Action, and as being affiliated with
the American League For Peace And Democracy, and the International Workers
Order, all Communist fronts. In 1949 Granger was a sponsor of the LEGISLATIVE
ASSEMBLY AND RALLY TO END SEGREGATION AND DISCRIMINATION, held in Washington,
D.C., Feb. 11-12, 1949. The Communist front Young Progressives of America
helped organize the Assembly and secured delegates. This front also advised
its clubs to secure speakers on "Brotherhood Month" from the Urban League.
(official brochure Fact Sheet For Brotherhood Month (1949))

Ira DeA Reid is listed in the 1956 progress report of the N.U.L. as a
Trustee. *National Urban League* Some of Mr. Reid's Communist front record follows:

NATIONAL CITIZEN'S POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE -- member - letterhead n.d.
IX 265 - listed as "Associate Director Southern Regional Council."

AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR THE PROTECTION OF FOREIGN BORN - speaker at dinner
official invitation, Apr. 17, 1943 IX 347.

U. S. CONGRESS AGAINST WAR - arrangements committee letterhead Nov. 1, 1933,
listed as "League For Industrial Democracy" IX 428.

CITIZENS COMMITTEE TO FREE EARL BROWDER - signer statement in The Peoples Voice (Cong. Powell's newspaper) Mar. 21, 1942 IX 625.

NATIONAL FEDERATION FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES - affiliated - IX 1222.

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HUMAN WELFARE - speaker 2nd Conference Apr. 14-16, 1940 - official program IX 1598.

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION - Board of Directors official pamphlet "Shirts" June 1934 (*)

COMMITTEE FOR EQUAL JUSTICE FOR MRS. RECY TAYLOR - (front for International Labor Defense) Vice Chairman official pamphlet "Equal Justice Under Law" p. 11 (1945)

NATIONAL NON-PARTISAN DELEGATION TO WASHINGTON FOR PASSAGE OF CIVIL RIGHTS LEGISLATION (one of the leaders was Paul Robeson). letterhead n.d. (photostat) testimony of M. Cvetic before HCUAA Mar. 24-5, 1950 p. 2536.

CULTURAL AND SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCE FOR WORLD PEACE - sponsor - official booklet Speaking Of Peace p. 146 panel speaker - official program Mar. 25-7, 1949.

JEFFERSON SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE - signer of statement in defense of the school - official press release (circa 1955)

COMMITTEE TO ENFORCE THE 14TH AMENDMENT (set up to unseat Cong. John Rankin and defend Communist Leader Eugene Dennis who had been cited for contempt of the HCUAA) member - Daily Worker Feb. 1, 1948 p. 1.

"WE NEGRO AMERICANS" statement to the President and congress not to outlaw the

the Communist Party. - signer ad in Peoples Voice April 26, 1947 p. 7.

National Lawyers Guild Member

National Urban League

3 Another Trustee is Loren Miller. Mr. Miller has one of the most extensive Communist records in the country. While some of his fellow officials of the N.U.L. have long records, none can beat Miller's. He has defended the Moscow Purge Trials. (Soviet Russia Today, Mar. 1937. - "Red Decade" by Lyons 1941, p. 254 and IX 1374). However, when Communists are in trouble in the U.S., he rushes to their defense. Among the Red leaders that he has defended are: Harry Bridges (Bridges Defense Committeemember - letterhead Aug. 24, 1939 IX 600), Claudia Jones (signer of statement in her defense, when she was arrested for deportation. Daily Worker Jan. 26, 1948 p. 10 c.1), Communist Party National Committee (protested arrest for Smith Act violation. Daily Worker July 29, 1948 p. 11 c.3). Some of his other fronts are:

BOOK UNION - advisory council - letterhead n.d. IX 589

AMERICAN WRITERS UNION - advisory committee - letterhead n.d. IX 1100.

NATIONAL NEGRO CONGRESS - endorser - official call Feb. 14, 1936 IX 1295.

National Council - testimony W. Steele Dies Committee Vol. I p. 625.

NATIONAL SCOTTSDORO ACTION COMMITTEE - executive committee Daily Worker May 3, 1933 p. 2 IX 1310.

NEW MASSES - contributing Editor - issue Mar. 15, 1938 IX 1453. official leaflet n.d. IX 1351.

JOHN REED CLUBS - contributor to official publication "Partisan" IX 1389.

DAILY WORKER - reporter - issue Dec. 21, 1935 IX 1458.

LEAGUE OF STRUGGLE FOR NEGRO RIGHTS - National Council - elected Oct.
29, 1933 IX 1001.

PROGRESSIVE CITIZENS OF AMERICA - Southern Calif. div. listed on ballot
for Executive Board members Feb. 11, 1947 Calif. C.U.A.A. Report 1947 p. 239.

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION - So. Calif. membership committee - letter-
head Dec. 23, 1946 - ibid. 1948 p. 109.

OTHER 77 Civ. 999 (U.S.D.C. S.D.N.Y)

“PEACE COMMITTEE” - attended meetings 1/16/50 and 1/30/50 at Echo Park
Methodist Church, Los Angeles Cal. - report of confidential informant Feb.
6, 1950 (NOTE: this information cannot be considered libel proof as the
informant cannot be named.)

U. S. CONGRESS AGAINST WAR - reporter for publications committee - official
proceedings reprinted in Dies Hearings Vol. 10 app. XXIII the congress took
place Sept. 28-30, 1934.

MOBILIZATION FOR DEMOCRACY - speaker at meeting at Los Angeles City College,
Aug. 26, 1945. - Calif. Senate Comm. on Education 10th report (1952)p. 19.

WESTERN WRITERS CONGRESS - sponsor - Western Worker, Oct. 26, 1936 p.5 --
ibid. p. 71.

According to the N.Y. Herold Tribune of June 14, 1932, Miller was one of the
Negroes that went to Moscow, U.S.S.R. to make a film on the Negro in America.

HCUAA hearings Dec. 1, 1953 p. 3065. According to the Daily Worker of Dec. 27,

1955 p. 5, Loren Miller, identified as "publisher of the California Eagle and a member of the National Legal Redress Committee of the NAACP" (*) was a speaker at an American Civil Liberties Union meeting with Dr. Theodore R. H. Howard, president of the Mississippi Council of Negro Leadership. Howard said that the Citizens' Councils were really "the old KU KLUX KLAN dressed in modern garb". He demanded that the Federal Government step in to force integration. The meeting took place on Dec. 25, 1955.

National Urban League
[redacted] Boyd L. Wilson ran on the *member* Communist Party ticket for State Assembly in Colorado in 1934. (Abstract of the Votes Cast From The State Of Colorado p. 20 - IX 1443) It has not as yet been determined whether [redacted]

Another Trustee, [redacted] was a sponsor of a dinner Apr. 17, 1943 of the AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR THE PROTECTION OF FOREIGN BORN, a Communist *no loc.* front. (IX 348). He has also been active in the Southern Negro Youth Congress in 1937 (IX 1600). And he has been a contributor of \$5.00 to Social Work Today in 1940, according to the issue of Jan. 1941 (IX 1782).

National Urban League
Trustee Reynolds Hobson was a signer of a petition to free Angelo Herndon, Negro Communist in jail in Georgia at that time, according to Labor Defender of Oct. 1935. This magazine was the official publication of the International Labor Defense. (IX 1643).

National Urban League
Trustee Beulah T. Whitby has been a sponsor of the Michigan Civil Rights Federation (IX 1064), the National Negro Congress lister her as an endorser from Michigan in its official call Feb. 14, 1936 (IX 1293), and Social Work Today of Jan. 1941 lister her as a contributor of \$5.00 in 1940 (IX 1784).

Sasha Zimmerman *National Urban League*
Charles S. Zimmerman is another Trustee. He is the head of Local 22 of *C.P. member* the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, a Union that has been under *no loc.* Socialist control for many years. The Jan. 2, 1937 issue of Workers Age carries an article on page 1 by a man they call, "Comrade Charles S. Zimmerman" he is identified as being from Local 22 I.L.G.W.U. Workers Age listed itself as "Organ of the National Committee of the Communist Party U.S.A. (Opposition)."
14

This group, led by Jay Lovestone, was thrown out of the Communist Party in 1928, and for years after that claimed that they were the "real" C.P., the other one being a phoney. The same paper on May 1, 1937, carried May Day greetings from him. (p.7). The Workers Age of April 10, 1937 reported that they would participate in the Communist May Day parade that year. They also listed some of the members of the May Day parade Executive Committee, among them Zimmerman. (p.1). The May 8, 1937 issue of Labors Age listed Zimmerman as the Chairman of the American Trade Union Red Cross for Spain. This organization was set up to raise \$250,000.00 for the Spanish Loyalists. (p.1). William Z. Foster, the head of the Communist Party, in his book, From Bryan To Stalin, (International Publ. N.Y. 1937) lists Zimmerman as one of those in the ILGWU in 1925 was one of the "outstanding left united front leaders". He also says that those people as active in the Trade Union Educational League. (p. 206-7). Since in Communist vocabulary "left united front leader" means "Communist" and the TUEL was the Communist underground in the Unions at that time, we can conclude that Zimmerman was a C.P. member and left in 1928 with Lovestone. Wm Z. Foster comes to the verge of confirming this when in an article in the Aug. 1925 issue of Workers Monthly, he described the fight in the ILGWU between the Socialists and the Communists. The Socialist leader Sigman had tried to expell the Communists on the grounds that they were affiliated with the Communist Party (which was underground) the Workers Party (the above ground Communist apparatus) and the TUEL. Foster's article carries a cartoon of a number of the "left-wing" leaders at a mass meeting against Sigman. Zimmerman is shown speaking in the cartoon Zimmerman is listed by his nicknam Sasha Zimmerman. Workers Monthly listed itself as the "official Organ Workers Party and the Trade Union Educational League".

Zimmerman has also been active in Communist fronts. Among those that he has been affiliated with were:

AMERICAN LEAGUE AGAINST WAR AND FASCISM - national executive committee
letterhead Aug. 22, 1935 IX 417.

COORDINATING COMMITTEE TO LIFE THE EMBARGO (on Spain) supporter - official booklet IX 667.

N.Y TOM MOONEY COMMITTEE - sponsor - letterhead n.d. IX 1372.

DEFENSE OF COMMUNISTS - signer of cable to Brazilian government to free Carlos Prestes (leader of the C.P. of Brazil) and Arthur Ewert (Comintern Rep) - D. W. Feb. 13, 1937 p. 2 IX 1474.

AMERICAN YOUTH CONGRESS - endorser of the American Youth Act - official press release n.d. IX 547.

CONSUMERS NATIONAL FEDERATION - sponsor n.d. - Official leaflet - IX 1158

UNITED MAY DAY COMMITTEE 1937 - vice chairman - letterhead n.d. IX 1158.

AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR THE PROTECTION OF FOREIGN BORN sponsor - letterhead Mar. 2-3, 1940 - Dies Executive Hearings Vol. 7p. 3190.

(61) Frank C. Montaro, the Director of the Urban League fund was a sponsor of the Wartime Budget Conference, according to the official call Apr. 11, 1944 (IX 1672). While a student at Howard U. and residing at 287 E. 55 St. Bklyn. N.Y., he was one of the delegation of American Negroes who went to Moscow, U.S.S.R. to make a movie on the American Negro. N.Y. Herald Tribune, June 14, 1932 p. 16 (Hearings HCUAA Dec. 1, 1953 p. 3065).

Until recently Rev. John Paul Jones was an N.U.L. vice-president. Jones has an impressive Communist Front Record. Among Rev. Jones' fronts are:

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF SPANISH DEMOCRACY - exec. comm. letterhead Feb. 21, 1938 (IX 381), and signer of letter - Daily Worker Feb. 16, 1938, p.2 (IX 383.)

DEFENSE OF COMMUNIST PARTY - signer of statement Daily Worker Mar. 5,
1941 - IX 648 and photostat in HCUAA Hearing on McMichael p. 2783.

CONSUMERS NATIONAL FEDERATION - sponsor - leaflet n.d. IX 659.

COORDINATING COMMITTEE TO LIFT THE EMBARGO (on Spain) supporter - of-
ficial program Feb. 12, 1940 IX 773.

BAIL FOR FURRIERS LEADERS - signer of statement - Daily Worker Sept. 17,
1940 IX 778.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE - sponsor Christmas Fund Drive IX 843.

LEAGUE FOR MUTUAL AID - advisory committee - letterhead n.d. IX 984.

COUNCIL FOR PEACE AND CIVIL LIBERTIES (against WAR) speaker at meeting
Apr. 3, 1940 - official leaflet IX 1116.

NATIONAL FEDERATION FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES - signer of statement
to end Dies Committee - official press release Jan. 1943 - IX 1247 and
photostat HCUAA 1953 hearings p. 3664.

PEOPLES INSTITUTE OF APPLIED RELIGION - sponsor - letterhead Feb. 12,
1941 (IX 1468) Feb. 17, 1941 (IX 1469) Apr. 9, 1942 (IX 1470) also
HCUAA hearings 1953 p. 2810 photostat.

CITIZENS COMMITTEE TO AID STRIKING SEAMEN - advisory committee - letter-
head Jan 28, 1937 IX 1774.

DEFENSE OF HARRY BRIDGES - signer of letter to Pres. Roosevelt Apr.

22, 1943 - official release - photostat HCUAA 1953 hearings page 3706.

CITIZENS COMMITTEE IN SUPPORT OF HEARST WISCONSIN NEWS STRIKE - Daily Worker Apr. 27, 1936 p. 4.

LEAGUE FOR INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY - Bd. of Dir. since 1945 formerly pres. Bklyn chapter - official pamphlet The L.I.D., Fifty Years of Democratic Education 1905 - 1955.

LIVE AND LET LIVE - statement in N.Y. Times Apr. 19, 1955 urging recognition of Red China and other forms of appeasement- signer.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - supporter official leaflet "The Rosenbergs Must Live" n.d.

INTERFAITH COMMITTEE FOR PEACE ACTION - sponsor - letterhead Sept. 28, 1951 (this committee urged a negotiated peace in Korea).

JEFFERSON SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE - signer of statement to Subversive Activities Control Board in defense of the school June 24, 1954 -- Firing Line Aug. 15, 1954.

DEFENSE OF COMMUNIST LEADERS - signer of petition to president Truman to grant amnesty to the 11 members of the C.P. National Committee convicted of Smith Act violation - Daily Worker Jan. 15, 1953 p. 8.

WORLD PEACE CONFERENCE - attended in England Nov. 1950 auspices of the World Peace Council - HCUAA Report on the Communist Peace Offensive 1951 p. 37.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO REPEAL THE MCCARRAN ACTS - initiator - letter-
head Jan. 21, 1956.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF ARTS, SCIENCES AND PROFESSIONS - speaker at rally
- Counterattack July 4, 1952 p. 2.

National Urban League

At the same time that Jones was a vicepres. Irvin C. Morrison was a

He was an endorser of the National Negro Congress according to
the official call Feb. 14, 1936 IX 1294.

National Urban League

In 1950, Lloyd R. Garrison was President of the N.U.L. Some of the
fronts that he was affiliated with were:

INTERNATIONAL JURIDICAL ASSOCIATION - member national committee - letter-
head May 18, 1942 IX 813.

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION - national committee letterhead Jan. 9,
1953. (*)

MARSHAL FIELD FOUNDATION INC. - director - report of American Legion
5/25/54 (*)

Garrison spoke on Nov. 18, 1951 at a meeting of the non-Communist American
Jewish Congress. His speech, however, was very pro-Communist. He said that
Congressional investigations of Communism were a revival of the inquisition of
the middle ages. He also claimed that we have a "secret police" in the U.S.
A report of his speech appeared in the Daily Worker Nov. 19, 1951 p. 3.

National Urban League

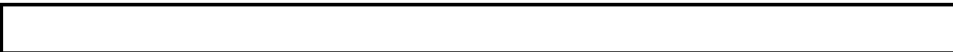
Also in 1950 Earl B. Dickerson was a member of the N.U.L. executive board.
He has a very long Communist front record. Some of the highlights of his re-
cord follows:

COUNCIL ON AFRICAN AFFAIRS - member - official pamphlet "For A New Africa" 1944 p. 36 also letterhead June 17, 1942 and May 4, 1946 also official publication New Africa Apr. 1947.

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE - national council - official leaflet Dec. 15, 1955; letterhead Feb. 19, 1953 and official list Sept. 30, 1954.

AMERICAN PEACE CRUSADE - sponsor - letterhead Feb. 25, 1953 and calls to peace congresses Mar. 1, 1951 and June 29 - July 1, 1951.

OTHER 77 Civ. 999 (USDC SDNY)



NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO OUST BILBO - ausp. Civil Rights Congress - letterhead June 6, 1946.

COMMITTEE FOR FREE POLITICAL ADVOCACY - defense of Communist leaders initiating sponsor - ad in New Republic 3/8/49.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - signer of letter to White House for clemency official leaflet "The Negro People Speak Out On The Rosenberg Case."

AMNESTY FOR COMMUNIST LEADERS - signer of statement D.W. Dec. 10, 1952.

COMMITTEE FOR EQUAL JUSTICE FOR MRS. RECY TAYLOR - sponsor - official pamphlet (1945).

CHICAGO CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE - advisory board testimony of W. Steele Dies Committee Vol. I p. 537

NATIONAL NEGRO CONGRESS - arrested by Detroit police at 1946 congress
testimony of W. Steele HCUAA July 21, 1947 p. 94.

DEFENSE OF GERHARD EISLER - Comintern Rep. to U.S. signer of statement
ausp. of Civil Rights Congress P.M. Mar. 3, 1947 - HCUAA Report on C.R.C.
p. 29.

CULTURAL AND SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCE FOR WORLD PEACE- sponsor - official
book "Speaking of Peace" p. 114.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO DEFEAT THE MUNDT BILL - sponsor HCUAA report Dec.
3, 1950 p. 11.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN SCHOOL - Bd. of Dir. official brochure Fall 1943 also
summer 1943 IX 306 - 309.

CITIZENS COMMITTEE TO FREE EARL BROWDER - signer of statement Peoples
Voice Mar. 21, 1942 IX p. 624.

FRIENDS OF NEW MASSES - sponsor of forum circa 1944 Chicago Ill. IX 1353.

Dickerson has also been affiliated with many more fronts. In 1954 he
signed a statement against the State Sedition Laws and against States Rights.
- official press release n.d. In 1950, he signed a petition to the UN. to
investigate the HCUAA - official pamphlet May 10, 1950.

One of the most important sections of the National Urban League is the
Urban League of Greater New York. The General Council is He
has been affiliated with the following fronts:

*Civil Rights Congress
American Labor Party*

CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS - initiating committee N.Y. C.R.C. official call Apr. 13, 1946 - HCUAA report on C.R.C. p. 20.

AMERICAN LABOR PARTY - New York State Committee - Daily Worker 4/12/44.

BROOKLYN WALLACE FOR PRESIDENT COMMITTEE - provisional chairman - official program May 10, 1948.

A negro attorney named Hope R. Stevens is a member of the Board of Directors of the Greater N.Y. Urban League. His very long Communist front record includes:

DEFENSE OF COMMUNIST PARTY - signer of statement - Daily Worker Mar. 5, 1941 - HCUAA 1953 hearings p. 2783 and IX 650.

DEFENSE OF COMMUNIST LEADER SAM DARCY - D. W. Dec. 19, 1940 - HCUAA 1953 hearings p. 2736 and IX 1237.

CITIZENS COMMITTEE TO FREE EARL BROWDER - signer of statement Peoples Voice Mar. 21, 1942 (listed as pres. N.Y. National Negro Congress) IX 625.

SUPPORT OF GEORGE DIMITROFF HEAD OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL - signer of statement susp. of Reichstag Fire Trail Anniversary Committee - N.Y. Times Dec. 22, 1943 p. 40 IX 1532.

DEFENSE OF COMMUNIST LEADER CLAUDIA JONES - sponsor committee - D. W. Feb. 14, 1952 p. 6 c.3.

FREE EARL BROWDER RALLY - speaker N.Y.C. Mar. 8, (1942?) official leaflet.

DEFENSE OF COMMUNIST LAWYERS - speaker at meeting to protest contempt citations for lawyers in first Smith Act case. D.W. feb. 3, 1950 p.5.

LAWYERS COMMITTEE TO KEEP U.S. OUT OF WAR - signer of statement against conscription bill while attending Emergency Peace Mobilization - D.W. Sept. 4, 1940 IX 1279.

NEGRO LABOR VICTORY COMMITTEE (pro War) - legal advisor - letterheads Apr. 24, 1943 and Oct. 11, 1943 IX 1342 & 4.

CITIZENS NON-PARTISAN COMMITTEE TO ELECT BENG. J. DAVIS REPRESENTATIVE AT LARGE (on Communist Party ticket) member - D.W. Oct. 13, 1942 p. 4 IX 630.

NATIONAL FEDERATION FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES - speaker at conference June 7-9, 1940 - official program IX 652.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE - national committee - letterhead Oct. 1943 IX 1127.

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER - listed as speaker - official list of speakers bureau IX 906 - speaker at opening of I.W.O. center - Peoples Voice 1/18/47

WEST INDIES NATIONAL EMERGENCY COMMITTEE - chairman - letterhead July 8, 1940 IX 1745.

PEOPLES VOICE - Bd. of Dir. - Calif. UAA Comm. 1949 report p. 548.

CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS - initiating committee N.Y. C.R.C. official call APR. 13, 1946 - HCUAA Report C.R.C. p. 20.

INDEPENDENT VOTERS FOR CORLISS LAMONT (for Senate on American Labor Party ticket) - organizer - D.W. Oct. 17, 1952 p. 8.

WALLACE SUPPORTER - D.W. Dec. 29, 1947 p. 10.

GEORGE WASHINGTON CARVER SCHOOL - Bd. of Dir. official brochure Fall 1945.

TESTIMONIAL DINNER FOR W.E.B. DUBOIS - sponsor - official invitation Feb. 23, 1951.

COMMITTEE TO ENFORCE THE 14th AMENDMENT (to oust Rep. Rankin and defend Eugene Dennis, C.P. leader) attorney - Daily Worker Feb. 1, 1948 p. 1.

CONFERENCE TO ELECT A NEGRO TO THE STATE SENATE - initiating committee - D. W. June 1, 1952.

National Urban League

16)

Another of the members of the N.Y. Bd. of Dir. is Jane M. Bolin. She had been in the following Communist fronts:

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP - sponsor - D.W. Feb. 10, 1944 p. 3 IX 480.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO COMBAT ANTI-SEMITISM - sponsor - letterhead May 24, 1944 IX 1172.

NATIONAL NEGRO CONGRESS - arrested by Detroit police during 1946 congress- testimony W. Steele HCUAA July 21, 1947 p. 94.

CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS - sponsor- official call Apr. 2708, 1946 HCUAA REPORT

on C.R.C. p. 22.

N.Y. COMMITTEE FOR JUSTICE IN FREEPORT - signer of petition - D.W.

Apr. 4, 1946 p. 6 c.3.

COMMITTEE TO RETAIN GILGOFF AND ROSENBAUM (Max Gilgoff and Terry
Rosenbaum - 2 Commie teachers) D.W. Dec. 17, 1951 p. 5 c.3.

The Daily Worker of Mar. 22, 1950 p. 5, reports that Judge Bolin had resigned from the NAACP because it was too anti-Communist for her. This is interesting, because even the Communist Party does not believe the anti-Communist statements of NAACP. According to the C.P., the NAACP is trying to clear its skirts "in the face of the mud-slinging campaign of the White Citizens' Councils". The C.P. recommends that the NAACP stop attacking it and admit that the Reds are on their side. (Political Affairs Sept. 1956 p. 19.)

The Urban League has also hired active Communists on its staff. The official call to the convention that formed the Communist front Young Progressives of America lists Morris Eisenstein, Neighborhood Organization Sec., Urban League of Greater N.Y. as a sponsor. (official call July 25-6, 1948). He was also a sponsor of the 1949 Paris Peace Conference, according to the HCUAA report on the Communist Peace Offensive p. 111. *C.P. member*

A confidential informant advises us that both Eisenstein and his wife the former Fanny ~~Price~~ ^{Eisenstein} *Mrs. Morris Eisenstein* have been Communists for many years and in the late 1940s were members of the Brownsville Section of the Communist Party in BKLYN, N.Y. Eisenstein was an advisor to Club Walt Whitman of American Youth For Democracy in 1946 and gave a sex lecture to the club in 1947. The same informant advises that Mrs. Eisenstein was an official of the Inter-Continental News Agency, an agency of the Communist International in the early 1940s. She also actually wrote the pamphlet "Your Questions Answered" by Wm. Z. Foster,

lished by World [redacted] Pub. 1939. Another informant advises that both Mrs. and Mr. [redacted] were seen at meetings of the International Workers Order during the 1940s.

The Daily Worker of Mar. 8, 1953, says that during World War I (sic should read W.W. II) [redacted] joined the Staff of the N.Y. Urban League. [redacted] is a top level Red in the Negro Trade Union field. She is a Vice-Pres. of the National Negro Labor Council, the C.P.'s apparatus in this field, according to the NNLC 2nd Convention Year Book Nov. 1952 p. 3, and the Director of organization of this outfit N.Y. branch, ibid. p 35. She was a member of the Committee For Cooperation With The New South in 1948. This outfit was set up in N.Y. to raise funds for the Communist Party in the South. (official leaflet). She has also been the Sec. of the Africa Aid Committee of the Council On African Affairs - leaflet n.d.

In the light of the record of the National Urban League and of many of its leading people, it is apparent that this organization should not receive funds from the Community Chests. It is also apparent that honest Negroes, that wish to stay away from the Communists and other trouble-makers, will stay away from the Urban League.

(Note: Those organizations marked (*) are not under the control of the Communist Party. However, all of them have cooperated with the C.P. frequently.)

F B I

Date: December 14, 1956

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following message via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS

RE: CITIZENS' COUNCILS AND STATES' RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

ReBulet dated 12/11/56, in captioned case.

Prior to receipt of referenced Bureau letter, New Orleans airtel dated 12/12/56, entitled "CITIZENS' COUNCILS INVESTIGATIONS; INTERNAL SECURITY - X" sent to Bureau giving analysis of investigations pertaining to Citizens' Councils within the New Orleans Division.

The names of the Citizens' Councils were set out; however, the New Orleans file numbers for these cases were not included, nor were the Bureau file numbers.

At the time of recent inspection of this office there were the following Citizens' Council cases in a pending status and have now been RUC'd to the Memphis Division. These councils were not named in New Orleans airtel to the Bureau, dated 12/12/56:

- Citizens' Council of Greenville, IS - X, NO File #105-730;
- Citizens' Council of Grenada, IS - X, NO File #105-731;
- Citizens' Council of Indianola, IS - X, NO File #105-732;
- Citizens' Council of Tupelo, IS - X, NO File #105-737;
- Citizens' Council of Columbus, IS - X, NO File #105-738;

*Let to 71.0
12-26-56
SGK:989*

- 3 - Bureau (105-34237) (RM)
- 1 - Memphis (INFO) (RM)
- 2 - New Orleans (105-587)

RFC:pal

(6)

Mr. Belmont

RECORDED - 12-14-56

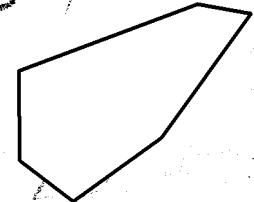
105-34237-304

DEC 17 1956

Approved: M. PC
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ Per _____

INT. SEC.



F B I

Date: _____

Transmit the following message via _____

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

NO 105-587

Citizens' Council of Aberdeen, IS - X,
NO File #105-741;
Citizens' Council of Morehouse, IS - X,
NO File #105-742;
Citizens' Council of Batesville, IS - X,
NO File #105-744;
Citizens' Council of Rosedale, IS - X,
NO File #105-747;
Citizens' Council of Senotobia, IS - X,
NO File #105-749;
Citizens' Council of Greenwood, IS - X,
NO File #105-754.

Copy of this airtel is designated for Memphis for information inasmuch as Memphis also received copy of New Orleans airtel dated 12/12/56, referred to above.

Inasmuch as this information has already been submitted to the Bureau in New Orleans airtel 12/12/56 with exception of file numbers, it is requested that the Bureau advise if a new list naming the cases, New Orleans file number, and Bureau file number is desired. If same is desired, the list will be furnished immediately by airtel.

CHILES

- 2 -

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

J. Edgar Hoover

Dec. 15, 1956

MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER, THE F.B.I.
THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Dear Sir,

Several months ago you stated that they should not change old established customs in the South. I approve heartily.

I have been writing many letters and sending out pamphlets for the CITIZENS' COUNCILS of Mississippi. As you know, they are fighting for the privilege of maintaining segregation as the most sensible means of developing white or black races in the South.

I believe it would be very helpful if I could read your new book about the F.B.I. and the communist conspiracy, but I cannot buy a copy. Could you rent me a used copy for a week or two? I would greatly appreciate it.

I have heard that Senator John Sherman Cooper received a contribution of \$50,000 from an organization which also aided Senator Wayne Morse. I seem to remember that Senator Morse is a leading member of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored people which has been under such strong communist influence. In so far as I am able to judge, I believe that Senator Cooper is opposed to communism? Why, then, would he accept help from an organization which appears to be under strong communist influence? Is it possible that he did not realize the situation? Or did not care? Has someone put him straight on the facts about it?

EXP. PROC.
DEC 17 1956

4 - When sent party stamped returned without cover letter to Cooper on Dec 12-20-56

RECORDED - 55

105-34237-305

INDEXED - 55

13 DEC 27 1956

*MASSER
Dec 24-4-6987
53
50 JAN 3 1957*

①

Or is the opinion on supporting him above suspicion?

[redacted] of Louisville and HOLLYWOOD, informs me that the Louisville Courier Journal and Louisville Times are owned by a 'left-wing' family, and they evidently agree with the communist plot to end all segregation so that white children will become accustomed to being with negro children even in Sunday School, and will marry them when grown so that the negro race will disappear as such. I am strongly opposed to that plot, and opposed to the strong detrimental influence exercised ^{by} the Courier and WHAS throughout the state. [redacted] states that we need a new major newspaper in this state. Couldn't someone sensible buy the Courier Journal and Times? Can we do more to combat the influence of communist commentators and newspapers everywhere in the nation?

If all broadcasters could be alerted to defend this country's policies every time Soviet Russia lets out a propaganda blast against us? Every single time a broadcaster gives Russian propaganda a chance (trying to be fair or impartial), that dulls our people's perception of the horror that is Russian communism, and makes them seem no worse than Americans or British whereas the Russian Soviets are FAR worse than the British and Americans.

Is there any way I can help more in the effort to ^{save} help the segregationists (the CITIZENS' COUNCILS are the leading citizens in Southern towns, determined to save white women for white men, though many negro men want white women and want to end segregation in order to get closer to them, as you no doubt know)?

Do you know of any little writing jobs I could do for money?

Thanking you heartily for your attention and with best wishes for you in this great work, I remain

Yours sincerely,

[redacted]

Post Script:

Louisville schools 'integrated' without difficulty, and President Eisenhower invited [redacted] to Washington to ask how it was done. The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People was very active in Louisville for a number of years and it, as you know, is under strong communist influence. The Courier Journal and Times helped, too, in the communist plot. Wherever integration is successful, you will find that communism has dulled the perceptions of the people, don't you agree?

105-34237-305

b6
b7C

SAC, San Francisco

December 26, 1956

Director, FBI (105-34237)

CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES'
RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

ReBulet December 10, 1956, and Bulet December 13, 1956, to Atlanta, a copy of which is enclosed for your information.

You should not make inquiries requested in Bulet December 10, 1956, but should handle this matter in strict accordance with provisions of Bulet December 13, 1956.

EJB
Enclosure

mg

105-34237-306

RECORDED
EX-102D - 15

16 DEC 27 1956

MAILED 3
DEC 26 1956
COMM - FBI

JAN 2 1957

JGK:gst
(4)
[Signature]

[Handwritten signatures]

- Tolson
- Boardman
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Parsons
- Rosen
- Tamm
- Trotter
- Nease
- Winterrowd
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

SAC, New Orleans (105-587)

December 26, 1956

Director, FBI (105-34237)

CITIZENS' COUNCILS AND
STATES' RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Reurairtels December 12 and 14, 1956.

Not necessary for you to resubmit list of
citizens councils cases in your office since such
information contained in reairtels.

may

105-34237-307

RECORDED - 15

16 DEC 27 1956

EX - 117

JGK:gst
(4)

MAILED 3
DEC 26 1956
COMM-FBI

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- ols _____
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- ont _____
- _____
- ons _____
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- e _____
- rrowd _____
- Room _____
- man _____

61 JAN 2 - 1957

SAC, New Orleans

January 4, 1957

Director, FBI (105-34237)

**CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES'
RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X**

ReBulet to Atlanta dated December 13, 1956,
captioned "Citizens Councils, Internal Security - X,"
and urlet dated December 28, 1956, captioned
"Citizens' Council of Grant Parish, Internal Security - X."

You are instructed to review your files re
Civil Rights and Election Law investigations recently
conducted in northern parishes of Louisiana. Where
such investigations developed evidence indicating
that citizens councils were active in attempting to
disenfranchise Negro voters, you should submit
separate reports under the appropriate citizens councils
caption. Include in these reports pertinent information
developed during the Civil Rights and Election Law
investigations. Such information should be preceded
in your reports by the statement "The following
information was developed during the course of
investigation by the FBI concerning another matter."

In accordance with provisions reBulet you
are not to conduct any inquiries in these cases.

MAILED 6
JAN - 4 1957
COMM - FBI

RECORDED - 28

105-34237-309

7 JAN 7 1957

EX-125

- Folson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Wason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Loosen _____
- Ramm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

JGK:dllj
(4) *dlj*

JAN 3 2 32 PM '57

FBI - JUSTICE
REC'D BY WGM

Handwritten signatures and initials:
 [Signature]
 [Signature]
 [Signature]
 [Signature]
 [Signature]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. L. V. Boardman

DATE: January 2, 1957

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES' RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

McDonnell

Shaw

The offices listed below are currently subscribing, on a confidential basis, to the following publications issued by citizens councils and states' rights movements organizations

- Birmingham ("~~The Southerner~~", "~~South~~")
- Charlotte ("~~Truth Magazine~~")
- Houston ("~~Newsletter~~")
- Little Rock ("~~Capital City Chapter News~~", "~~Citizens' Council~~")
- Mobile ("~~The Alabamian~~", "~~The States Rights Advocate~~")
- New Orleans ("~~The Citizens' Council~~", "~~Citizens' Council of New Orleans Bulletin~~")
- Norfolk ("~~The Virginian~~")
- St. Louis ("~~The White Sentinel~~", "~~White American News Service~~")
- Savannah ("~~The Orangeburg Citizens Council~~")

By Bulet dated 12/13/56 captioned "Citizens Councils, Internal Security - X," the Bureau discontinued inquiries regarding organizations of this type. Of course, we still have an interest in any information obtained from volunteers or the public press indicating that these organizations contemplate a change in their current policy and as a result advocate acts of violence or the commission of acts which may constitute a violation of any statute over which the Bureau has jurisdiction. In order to be alert to any such change of policy by these organizations it is believed that we should continue to subscribe to the above publications. These publications may furnish us with material which may be useful in evaluating future problems we may have concerning citizens councils.

RECOMMENDATION:

If you agree, we will continue to subscribe to these publications on a confidential basis and will renew our subscriptions thereto upon their expiration.

105-34237

- cc - Mr. Boardman
- cc - Mr. Belmont
- cc - [Redacted]
- cc - [Redacted]

INDEXED - 4

RECORDED - 4

JAN 8 1957

JGK:rjb:grt
(5)

X-1721

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-34237-310

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-34237)

DATE: 12/27/56

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-4971)

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES'
RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

ReBulet 12/10/56.

Investigation has been conducted at Redding, California, in accordance with SAC Let 55-66. This investigation developed that there is no WHITE CITIZENS COUNCIL operating in the Redding area.

[redacted] who is familiar with NAACP activities, on 12/6/56 advised that he had originally received information indicating that a WHITE CITIZENS COUNCIL was operating at Redding, California. This source explained that this information was originally obtained from an individual who had written to the Governor of Louisiana for information on the WHITE CITIZENS COUNCIL. The source stated that on re-checking he found that the Governor of Louisiana, [redacted] had referred to the WEST COAST OFFICE OF THE WHITE CITIZENS COUNCIL at Redlands, California. The source stated that he again questioned the location and was told that it was definitely Redlands and not Redding, California.

b2
b7D

The information regarding this WHITE CITIZENS COUNCIL at Redlands has been furnished to the Los Angeles Office and a copy of reBulet is being forwarded Los Angeles with a copy of this letter.

- 2 - Bureau (105-34237)(REG)
 - 1 - Los Angeles (Encl.-1)(REG)
 - 1 - SF 105-4971
- GEC:hko:S-11
(4)

105-34237-311

Z JAN 8 1957

RECORDED - 26

EX-127

[Handwritten signature]
INT. SEC.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/9/01 BY SP3BJS/it

*ect to SAC
1/14/57
Jester:dy*

SAC, Los Angeles

January 16, 1957

RECORDED - 14

Director, FBI (105-34237) - 311

EX-127

CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES'
RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

ReBulet to Atlanta dated December 13, 1956,
a copy of which is enclosed for your information, and
San Francisco letter dated December 27, 1956.

Do not conduct any inquiries concerning
alleged white citizens council at Redlands, California.
In the event you receive any information concerning
this or similar citizens council organizations in
the future handle such information in strict accordance
reBulet.

Enclosure

cc SAC, San Francisco (105-4971)

MAILED 3
JAN 16 1957
COMM-FBI

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

JGK:dlj *dlj*

(5)

67 JAN 22 1957

7 of 10
DMK
AK

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: January 10, 1957

FROM : SAC, NEW ORLEANS

SUBJECT: ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCIL OF MISSISSIPPI INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated December 13, 1956, concerning inquiries being made in connection with Citizens Council matters. Since no additional information concerning the activities of captioned group has been received since the submission of the report of SA LAURENCE J. FRANK, JR., dated October 31, 1956, this case is being considered RUC'd by the New Orleans Division.

In the future information obtained through the public press and that volunteered to this office will be furnished the Bureau in a monthly summary memorandum.

- 2 - Bureau (105-34237)(RM)
 - 2 - Memphis (105-121)(RM)
 - 1 - New Orleans (105-492)
- LJF:cjk
(5)

RECORDED-5

105-34237-312

EX-107

14 JAN 14 1957

Oliver
1/14/57

[Handwritten initials]

6 JAN 20 1957

(3-9-54)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **MEMPHIS**

REPORT MADE AT MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE	DATE WHEN MADE 1-12-57	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 12-26-56; 1-2-57	REPORT MADE BY GEORGE A. EVERETT FJ
TITLE ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - X

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

1957 Executive Committee listed. Educational fund of the Citizens Councils, Inc. chartered 12-17-56 with Secretary of State, Jackson, Miss., to handle finances of ACCM. Incorporators are 1956 Executive Committee members.

AGENCY RAB-6,6-2,ONE,05L
 REQ. REC'D _____
 DATE FORW. 1-28-57
 HOW FORW. RIS
 BY JGK-af

- C -
(5)

DETAILS: The Mid-South edition of the Memphis, Tennessee Commercial Appeal, a daily newspaper, published December 26, 1956, carried an article datelined December 24, (1956) from Jackson, Mississippi by KENNETH TOLER listing officers and Executive Committee for 1957 for the Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi. This article is quoted as follows:

Robert B. Patterson

"Executive committeemen who will direct state level policies of the Mississippi Association of Citizens Councils were announced Monday by R. B. PATTERSON of Greenwood, executive secretary.

"Other officers for 1957 include BOB PARISH, president of The Bank of Greenwood, treasurer; ELLETT LAWRENCE, printing company official of Greenwood, finance chairman and W. J. SIMMONS of Jackson, editor of the monthly publication and administrator.

Officers of the Mississippi Association of Citizens Councils
 "65 Councils Formed"

"Mr. PATTERSON also said membership in the organization has reached 85,000 and that councils have been formed in 65 of the 82 counties.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE <i>COPR</i>	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT See Next Page		105-34237-313	RECORDED - 23
<i>[Signature]</i>		JAN 14 1957	INDEXED - 12 EX-121
		SEE REVEREND	ADD. DISCUSSION

PROPERTY OF FBI--This report is loaned to you by the FBI, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

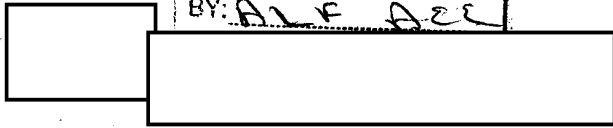
1-16-56
67 JAN 29 1957

83 7VA 50 1021

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Jan 17 1 09 PM '57
INTERNAL SECURITY SECT.
FLI

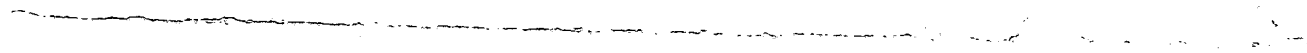
Photo

CC TO: SBA
REQ. REC'D 9/2/69
JAN 8 1969
ANS.
BY: ALF AEE



b6
b7C

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u

[Faint, illegible handwritten text]

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- 5- Bureau (105-34237) RM
- 1- New Orleans (105-492) RM
- 1- ONI, Charleston, S. C. RM
- 1- G-2, Fort McPherson, Ga. RM
- 1- OSI, Maxwell Field, Ala. RM
- 2- Memphis(105-121)

Members of Citizens Councils

"Named in the statewide executive committee by local councils in the six congressional districts are:

"First District - JOHN B. CUNNINGHAM, planter-merchant of Brooksville, N.E. DACUS, pharmaceutical distributor of Tupelo, WILL E. WARD, attorney of Starkville, SHELBY WOODWARD, chancery clerk of Winston County at Louisville.

"Second - W.H. ANDERSON, attorney-editor and secretary of the Democratic State Executive Committee of Ripley, BEN JACK HILBUN, state representative and automobile dealer of Oxford, JOHN TABOR, auto parts dealer of Winona, Z.M. VEAZEY, JR., planter of Coldwater.

"Planter is Named

"Third - A.E. BRITT, planter-ginner of Indianola, WILBURN HOOKER, state representative and planter-insurance man of Lexington, FRED JONES, Sunflower County supervisor, planter and 1956 Stevenson-Kefauver presidential elector of Inverness, PETE F. WILLIAMS, SR., merchant-planter of Clarksdale.

"Fourth - Circuit Judge TOM P. BRADY of Brookhaven, NICK ROBERTS, merchant of Yazoo City, CLAY TUCKER, attorney of Woodville, ELLIS W. WRIGHT, funeral home owner of Jackson.

"Fifth - R. C. BRADSHAW of the state health department at Pearl, H.H. HARPOLE of the state Public Service Commission staff at Philadelphia, W. H. JOHNSON, JR., state representative and attorney of Decatur, MARION SIMPSON, sheriff of Madison County at Canton.

"Sixth - WARD HURT, mayor and manufacturer of Lumberton, DEWEY MYERS, oil company operator of Prentiss, ROBERT OSWALT, city attorney of Pascagoula and J. E. STOCKSTILL, attorney of Picayune."

On January 2, 1957, ROBERT B. PATTERSON, Executive Secretary, Greenwood, Mississippi, contacted reporting Agent and voluntarily advised that on December 17, 1956 a Charter of Incorporation was filed December 17, 1956 with the Secretary of State for the State of Mississippi, Jackson, establishing the educational fund of the Citizens Councils, Inc. PATTERSON stated that the purpose of this corporation

which has no capital stock is to handle all finances of the ACCM so that it can claim tax exemption on the same basis that the NAACP claims tax exemption. PATTERSON stated that the incorporators are all members of the 1956 Executive Committee, together with officers of the ACCM.

PATTERSON provided reporting Agent with a photostatic copy of the Charter of Incorporation and the resolution of aims and purposes to the charter. PATTERSON then stated that the resolution did not state the aims and purposes of the new corporation but merely was a resolution whereby the incorporators resolved to incorporate the association under the title of Educational Funds of the Citizens Councils, Inc.

PATTERSON stated there are now two organizations or titles involved in the work of the Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi since neither title is fully descriptive of the work performed. PATTERSON stated that the new educational fund is merely a financial branch of the ACCM, which remains an unincorporated association.

PATTERSON stated that the Educational Fund of the Citizens Councils, Inc. has recorded its Charter of Incorporation with the Chancery Clerk of Leflore County, Greenwood, Mississippi, on December 26, 1956.

The photostatic copy of the Charter of Incorporation is quoted as follows:

"THE CHARTER OF INCORPORATION
OF
EDUCATIONAL FUND OF THE CITIZENS' COUNCILS, INC.

1. The corporate title of said corporation is:

EDUCATIONAL FUND OF THE CITIZENS' COUNCILS, INC.

2. The names and addresses of the incorporators are:

J. B. Cunningham John B. Cunningham	Brookeville, Miss.
Glenn Trusty	Tupelo, Miss.
Will E. Ward	Starkville, Miss.
M. L. Branch	Winona, Miss.
Ben Perry	Grenada, Miss.
Z. M. Veazey, Jr.	Senatobia, Miss.
E. W. Hooker Willbur Hooker	Lexington, Miss.
Fred Jones	Inverness, Miss.
Pete F. Williams, Sr.	Clarksdale, Miss.
Fred A. Anderson, Jr.	Gloster, Miss.
Tom P. Brady	Brookhaven, Miss.

Me#105-121

Ellis W. Wright
J. O. Hollis
Wm. H. Johnson, Jr. ~~W. H. Johnson, Jr.~~
Marion Simpson
Ward Hurt
Dewey Myers
J. E. Stockstill
R. P. Parish
Ellett Lawrence
Robert B. Patterson
W. J. Simmons

incorporator of the Chapter of
Incorporation of
Educational Fund of
Citizens Councils
Inc

Jackson, Miss.
Carthage, Miss.
Decatur, Miss.
Canton, Miss.
Lumberton, Miss.
Prentiss, Miss.
Picayune, Miss.
Greenwood, Miss.
Greenwood, Miss.
Greenwood, Miss.
Jackson, Miss.

3. The domicile of the corporation is Greenwood, Mississippi.
4. The amount of capital stock is: No capital stock.
5. Only certificates of membership in the corporation of no par value shall be issued and the number of memberships shall be unlimited. This corporation shall not be required to make publication of its charter, shall issue no shares of stock, shall divide no dividends or profits among its members, shall make expulsion the only remedy for non-payment of dues, shall vest in each member the right to one vote in the election of all officers, shall make the loss of membership, by death or otherwise, the termination of all interest of such members in the corporate assets. There shall be no individual liabilities against the members for corporate debts, but the entire corporate property shall be liable for the claims of creditors.
6. The period of existence shall be perpetual.
7. The purpose for which the corporation is created are:
 - (a) To encourage the free discussion by the Citizens of the United States of those problems upon the solution of which depends the welfare and prosperity of the United States.
 - (b) To disseminate facts to the citizens of the United States with reference to the serious problems confronting them; and to encourage the citizens of the United States to solve those problems in a peaceful, lawful and orderly manner.
 - (c) To improve the physical, mental and moral condition of mankind by education.
 - (d) The rights and powers that may be exercised by this corporation, in addition to the foregoing, are those conferred by Chapter 4, Title 21, Code of Mississippi of 1942, and amendments thereto.

Me#105-121

8. The number of shares of stock to be subscribed and paid for before the corporation may begin business is: None.

WITNESS THE SIGNATURES of the incorporators on this the _____ day of November, 1956.

J. B. Cunningham

Glenn Trusty

Will E. Ward

M. L. Branch

Ben Perry

Z. M. Veazey, Jr.

E. W. Hooker

Fred Jones

Pete F. Williams, Sr.

Fred A. Anderson, Jr.

Tom P. Brady

Ellis W. Wright

J. O. Hollis

William H. Johnson, Jr.

Marion Simpson

Ward Hurt

Dewey Myers

J. E. Stockstill

R. P. Parish

Ellett Lawrence

Robert B. Patterson

W. J. Simmons

"RESOLUTION

"I, Robert B. Patterson, Secretary of Educational Fund of the Citizens' Councils, an unincorporated Association, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of a resolution unanimously adopted at a regularly called meeting of the members of said Association held November _____, 1956, as the same appears in the Minutes of said meeting, to-wit:

'RESOLVED, that Educational Fund of the Citizens' Councils be incorporated under the laws of the State of Mississippi,

Me#105-121

with the corporate title "Educational Fund of the Citizens' Councils, Inc." and that J. B. Cunningham, Glenn Trusty, Will E. Ward, M. L. Branch, Ben Perry, Z. M. Veazey, Jr., E. W. Hooker, Fred Jones, Pete F. Williams, Sr., Fred A. Anderson, Jr., Tom P. Brady, Ellis W. Wright, J. O. Hollis, Wm. H. Johnson, Jr., Marion Simpson, Ward Hurt, Dewey Myers, J. E. Stockstill, R. P. Parish, Ellett Lawrence, Robert B. Patterson and W. J. Simmons, members of such unincorporated Association, be and they are hereby authorized to make application for a charter as a non-profit, non-share corporation, and to take any and all steps proper to have the association incorporated.'

1956. WITNESS my signature on this the _____ day of November,

Robert B. Patterson,
Secretary"

- C -

Me#105-121

One copy of this report is indicated for the New Orleans office for information inasmuch as it is desirable for the New Orleans Division to be fully cognizant of the activities of this association.

REFERENCE

Bureau letter dated 12-13-56.

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

F B I

Date: JANUARY 7, 1957

Transmit the following message via _____

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL - REGISTERED

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

To: DIRECTOR, FBI

From: SAC, NEW ORLEANS

Re: ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS'
COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Reurlet 12/6/56 in connection with the official newspaper of captioned organization known as "The Citizens' Council."

In view of supplemental instructions received concerning this group, it is requested that the Bureau immediately advise if it is desired that a subscription be continued for this publication, since the present subscription has expired.

In the past, two subscriptions have been obtained through sources of information and one received through a fictitious name and New Orleans Post Office Box.

CHILES.

- 3 - BUREAU (105-34237) (AIRMAIL) (REGISTERED)
- 1 - NEW ORLEANS (105-492)

LJF:sam
(4)

Mr. Belmont

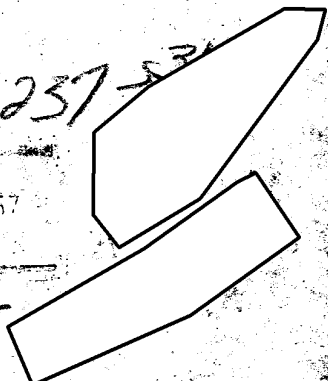
RECORDED

105-34237-53

JAN 9 1957

EX-108

~~INT. SEC.~~



*cert to [unclear]
1/11/57
LJF:alg*

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

cc [redacted]

b6
b7c

GIR 8

SAC, New Orleans (105-492)

January 11, 1957

Director, FBI (105-34237)

ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS'
COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI ~~SECRET~~
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

105-34237-314
Reurairtel January 7, 1957.

You should make arrangements to obtain future issues of "The Citizens' Council" on a confidential and discreet basis.

RECORDED

JAN 11 1957
COMM-FBI

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

JGK:dlj

(4)

JAN 17 1957

[redacted]

[Handwritten signatures and initials]



CITIZENS' COUNCILS of AMERICA

STATES' RIGHTS

RACIAL INTEGRITY

GREENWOOD, MISSISSIPPI
December 13, 1956

Mr. Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Nichols	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Boardman	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Parsons	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Tamm	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Trotter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Nease	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Holloman	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Miss Gandy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Mr. John Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

The people of the South have always had the greatest admiration and respect for our F.B.I. It is disconcerting to hear good citizens now refer to the Bureau as the Federal Bureau of Integration, the Federal Bureau of Intimidation and the Gestapo of the NAACP. The loss of respect for the F.B.I. certainly does this Country serious harm.

We all are aware of the necessity for cooperation and respect from local citizens and law enforcement officers, if the F.B.I. is to be an effective agency.

You know that the people of the South cannot be forced to integrate, against their will. The destruction of the Bill of Rights, which has already started, would have to be completed, and that would be only the beginning.

The people of the South are not going to live in fear of their federal government. Many thousands of them would choose prison or the grave first. Many Southern people fear integration and internal communism much more than they do external Russia.

What must occur for our government to be convinced of Southern determination against integration?

I am not giving this letter to you to pass because I believe you to be a patriotic American whose hands are tied by certain politically inspired elements of our government.

INDEXED - 51 RECORDED 51 105-34237-315

EX-117 Sincerely, 6 JAN 18 1957

Robert B. Patterson
Robert B. Patterson
Secretary
Citizens' Council

*over 26
out 12-28-56
RBP*

RBP:mt

5
DEC 27 1956
37

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. L. V. Boardman

DATE: December 13, 1956

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS - Gen'l
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Nichols	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Boardman	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
W.C. Sullivan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Parsons	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tamm	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Nease	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Winterrowd	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input type="checkbox"/>
Holloman	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input type="checkbox"/>

PURPOSE

Our purpose here is to analyze our policy concerning coverage of citizens councils and determine in the light of the situation today whether we should discontinue all inquiries concerning these councils and limit our coverage to information appearing in the public press and that furnished by volunteers.

BACKGROUND

As a result of the Supreme Court's decision of 5/17/54 concerning segregation in the public schools, citizens councils began forming in July 1954. They rapidly spread throughout 17 states and the District of Columbia. To date we have received information concerning 320 such organizations with an estimated membership of approximately 500,000. In the South the membership of these organizations include some of the more prominent citizens, such as members of the state legislatures, other state officials, lawyers, bankers, clergymen, and doctors. U. S. Senators and Congressmen from the Southern States have lent support to these groups. Generally, citizens councils advocate the use of legal means to prevent integration of public schools. However, the White Citizens' Councils of District of Columbia, headed by John Kasper, has called for extralegal measures. The objective of all the citizens councils is the continuance of segregation.

BUREAU'S PROGRAM

No open investigations of these organizations are conducted except where expressly requested by the Department. We are conducting limited inquiries to determine (1) whether organizations fall within purview of Executive Order 10450, (2) the extent of Klan infiltration into the organizations, and (3) potential for violence. The field is restricted to contacts with established reliable sources only.

Enclosures

- cc - Mr. Boardman
- cc - Mr. Belmont
- cc - Mr. Baumgardner
- cc - [redacted]

FJB:CFW:gft
(5)

12/13/56
SENT DIRECTOR
FOR APPROVAL

RECORDED - 70
EX-127

105-34237-315

11 DEC 31 1956

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils

In every instance where an inquiry is made, the results are furnished to the Department in report form. The Department is advised by cover letter that the information is being submitted in order that the Department may consider whether the organization should be cited under Executive Order 10450. In no instance has the Department cited any of these organizations under Executive Order 10450.

At the request of the Department on 12/10/54 we conducted investigations of two citizens councils; namely, the American States' Rights Association in Alabama and the Association of Citizens Councils of Mississippi, in order that the Department could consider designating them under Executive Order 10450. In the investigation of the Association of Citizens Councils of Mississippi we developed the fact that economic pressure was being brought in certain instances against Negroes. In its review of the completed investigations the Department did not cite either of these two organizations under Executive Order 10450. In connection with the use of economic pressure the Department said such pressure does not constitute activity which would bring an organization within the purview of Executive Order 10450.

CURRENT SITUATION

Through our limited inquiries concerning the citizens councils we have today a clear picture of the extent and activities of these organizations. We have, through dissemination of pertinent information, kept appropriate Government agencies informed concerning developments in this field. We have clearly discharged our responsibilities in this regard.

The activities of the white citizens councils are becoming more and more a political issue. Inasmuch as our investigations have not developed information which would indicate that these citizens councils are subversive in nature or are violating any Federal law, continued inquiry into their activities would subject the Bureau, the Department, and the Administration to attack. We are estopped from replying that we are investigating subversion or a violation of the law under which we have jurisdiction. Therefore it is suggested that we discontinue inquiries concerning citizens councils completely. This will mean we will lose a good deal of intelligence information concerning the activities of these organizations. It is believed, however, that we can keep apprised of any buildup to potential for violence on a broad scale through our close scrutiny of the public press and information volunteered to us. Absolutely no contacts will be made, however, to obtain this data.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils

In view of the Department's interest in John Kasper, leader of the White Citizens' Councils of District of Columbia, we will continue to follow his activities and furnish pertinent information to the Department.

In 23 citizens councils the Ku Klux Klan has been successful in making some penetration. Through our investigation of the Klan we will be able to determine the extent of the activities of the Klan in infiltrating citizens councils. This investigation will be restricted to the Klan and no inquiry will be made regarding the 23 citizens councils.

RECOMMENDATIONS

(1) That the attached ~~letter file copy of~~ letter to Atlanta, copies to other pertinent offices, the original of which is on Plastiplat, be sent. In this regard we are instructing that they immediately discontinue all inquiries concerning citizens councils; that it is the responsibility of the offices to keep abreast of the activities of the citizens councils through information volunteered and through close scrutiny of information appearing in the public press. With respect to the use of confidential informants, the offices are being instructed that no informant is to be given an assignment to gather information concerning the activities of the white citizens councils. If any confidential informant volunteers information which has come to his attention it will be accepted the same as we would take information from private citizens. If the field desires to continue an established reliable confidential informant already furnishing information concerning citizens councils or if the field in the future thinks it necessary to place such an informant in a citizens council, prior Bureau authority must be obtained in either such instance. This will protect the Bureau's interest by allowing us to pass on the use of confidential informants in every instance. The Bureau must be advised by the field on a 30-day basis of the activities of the citizens councils in their respective territories. This will be done by the submission of memoranda suitable for dissemination, the first such memoranda to reach the Bureau beginning 1/15/57.

*We should have stopped
these "fishy" operations
last Feb when Dept
ruled against dealing
the mass & also outfit
subversive - 3 -
K*

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils

(2) The field is being further instructed in the handling of the closing of these cases to submit a closing report containing information already obtained to date. The administrative page of the report shall reference the Bureau letter instructing the closing of these cases to facilitate the administrative handling at the Seat of Government. Where the field has little or no information on hand the case may be closed by the submission of a letter to the Bureau.

(3) That the attached letter to the Attorney General, copies to Rogers, Tompkins, and Olney, be sent, advising that no further inquiries will be made concerning citizens councils in view of the fact that the Department has not designated any citizens councils as coming within purview of Executive Order 10450 on the basis of the numerous reports we have submitted to it.

SEE ADDENDUM PAGE 5

2/20/52
7-4
2/20/52
I agree; henceforth we should not initiate such general investigations unless ordered specifically by Dept or organization involved in extraneous measures.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils

ADDENDUM

On 12/13/56 the offices set forth below were telephonically advised to immediately discontinue all inquiries being made concerning white citizens councils. Each office was advised that these instructions were not to affect any specific violations which were under investigation, such as civil rights, election frauds, contempt of court, et cetera, but the instructions apply to the inquiries previously approved as to white citizens councils and such inquiries concerning the councils, as such, were to be immediately discontinued. Each office was instructed that there was to be no comment concerning these instructions outside the offices. Each was also advised that a letter confirming and amplifying the instructions was being prepared and should reach the field within the next few days.

The offices were contacted as follows:

New Orleans
Birmingham
Atlanta
Memphis
Miami
Mobile
Knoxville
Charlotte
Little Rock
Savannah

A
JS

STW

cc - Boardman
Belmont
Mr. Baumgardner

b6
b7c

105-34237-315X
THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

December 13, 1956

RECORDED - 70

~~105-42886-762~~
DIRECTOR, FBI

EX-177

CITIZENS COUNCILS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

We have been furnishing the Department on a continuing basis reports containing information regarding the activities of citizens councils. As you are aware we have not been conducting investigations regarding citizens councils but have been making limited inquiries in order that the Department might consider whether the activities of any of them fall within the purview of Executive Order 10450. At the request of the Department on December 10, 1956, we initiated continuing investigations concerning the American States' Rights Association in Alabama and the Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi. The investigation concerning the latter-named organization developed information that economic pressure was being exerted against the Negroes in Mississippi by some members of the citizens councils. After completion of our investigations the Department by letter dated February 13, 1956, advised that the economic pressure involved was not considered to be such force as would bring the matter within the purview of Executive Order 10450. In no instance has the Department indicated any of these organizations have violated in any way the provisions of Executive Order 10450. In view of this fact we have discontinued our limited inquiries into the activities of the citizens councils.

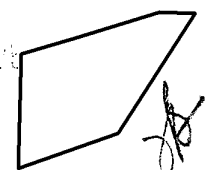
SENT FROM D. ...
TIME
DATE 12-15-56
BY 10WB

We will continue to follow the activities of citizens councils through the public press and through information which is volunteered to us. We will continue to keep the Department advised of any pertinent information regarding the activities of citizens councils which comes to our attention.

Inasmuch as you have indicated a continuing interest in John Kasper, head of the White Citizens' Councils of District of Columbia, we will continue to keep you advised of pertinent information regarding his activities.

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

- 2cc - Mr. William P. Rogers
Deputy Attorney General
- 2cc - Assistant Attorney General
William F. Tompkins
- 2cc - Assistant Attorney General
Warren Olney III



Handwritten initials and signatures, including 'JWB' and 'CFW'.

67 JAN 10 1957
JAN 29 1957

see attached memo to Boardman from Belmont dated same, same caption,
FJB:CFW:gift.
FJB:ojk (13)

12/13/56
SENT DIRECTOR
FOR APPROVAL

Handwritten signature and initials, possibly 'Z... CFW'.

Boardman
Belmont
Baumgardner

b6
b7c

SAC, Atlanta

December 13, 1956

Director, FBI

PERSONAL ATTENTION

CITIZENS COUNCILS - Cont'd
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Although reports have been submitted to the Department on all citizens councils concerning which we have conducted investigations and inquiries to date, the Department has indicated the activities of these organizations do not fall within the purview of Executive Order 10450. In view of this fact, there is no basis upon which to base justification for further inquiry. Therefore, you are instructed to immediately discontinue inquiries concerning all citizens councils upon receipt of this letter. It is your responsibility to also immediately notify auxiliary offices of the discontinuance of the investigation.

In order that the Bureau may continue to carry out its responsibilities of keeping interested Government agencies informed of information of interest to them, you must continue your efforts to keep abreast of developments in order that the Bureau may be apprised of any situation which indicates a potential for violence. In obtaining information, however, absolutely no inquiries are to be made by you. You must secure the desired information through close scrutiny of the public press plus whatever information may be volunteered to you.

Copies sent to NK and SF by SA 12/21/56

2-1
UNRECORDED - FILED IN (21 sub file per 12/21/56)

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 2cc - Baltimore | 2cc - Miami |
| 2cc - Birmingham | 2cc - Mobile |
| 2cc - Charlotte | 2cc - New Orleans |
| 2cc - Dallas | 2cc - Norfolk |
| 2cc - Detroit | 2cc - Oklahoma City |
| 2cc - Houston | 2cc - Richmond |
| 2cc - Knoxville | 2cc - St. Louis |
| 2cc - Little Rock | 2cc - San Antonio |
| 2cc - Louisville | 2cc - Savannah |
| 2cc - Memphis | 2cc - Washington Field |

MAILED 5
DEC 18 1956
COMM - FBI

REC'D - READING ROOM
FBI
UNRECORDED - FILED IN (21 sub file per 12/21/56)

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Miss Gandy _____

NOTE ON YELLOW:

See memo Belmont to Boardman, 12/13/56,
FJB:CFW:gft, same caption.

RECORDED - 70 100 423395-2702

12/13/56
SENT DIRECTOR
FOR APPROVAL

FJB:CEW:hif
(50)

DEC 31 1956

JAN 29 1957

100-154

Letter to SAC, Atlanta
Re: CITIZENS COUNCILS

With respect to the use of confidential informants, I want it clearly understood that no informant is to be given any assignment in connection with obtaining information regarding the activities of citizens councils without prior Bureau authority. If you have a confidential informant already reporting on citizens councils matters you may continue to accept information volunteered by the informant but you must not give him any additional assignments in this field. If you feel it is necessary for some specific reason to continue an informant in a particular citizens council you must immediately advise the Bureau, together with the identity of the informant, his reliability and your assurance that continued operation of the informant will not result in any embarrassment to the Bureau.

Each office receiving copies of this letter must submit to the Bureau a monthly summary of information concerning the activities of citizens councils in your respective territories. The first such letter is to be submitted to reach the Bureau by January 15, 1957, and each succeeding letter must be submitted to reach the Bureau by the fifteenth of each month. This summary, which shall consist of an original and seven copies, must be submitted in memorandum form suitable for dissemination and forwarded to the Bureau by cover letter. These summary memoranda and your cover letter must bear the caption "Citizens Councils, (name of field office)." Each of these summary memoranda must also be dated.

As in the past, information received concerning citizens councils which requires expeditious handling must not be delayed for inclusion in the monthly summary but must be furnished to the Bureau promptly by whatever means of communication is required by the nature of the information.

5-16-55

Letter to SAC, Atlanta
Re: CITIZENS COUNCILS

This matter must receive your personal attention and it is your responsibility, insofar as is possible, to see to it that the Bureau will continue to be in a position to furnish pertinent information concerning potential violence to interested Government agencies.

With respect to the administrative handling of current cases, you should submit a closing report within 30 days from the date of this letter. This report should incorporate any information which has been obtained to date not previously reported. If there is very little information to be reported, you may at your discretion submit a closing letter. On the administrative page of the closing report or in the closing letter make reference to this letter in order that the administrative handling at the Seat of Government may be facilitated.

The fact that we are discontinuing our inquiries concerning citizens councils is not to be discussed or made known in any manner to anyone outside your own office. This includes your confidential informants.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson ✓

DATE: December 26, 1956

FROM : L. B. Nichols ✓

SUBJECT: ROBERT B. PATTERSON
① CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF AMERICA
GREENWOOD, MISSISSIPPI

Tolson _____
 Nichols _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Trotter _____
 Nease _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

44-1179-1179
we have been told that material still in Bureau
of the case is being reviewed in the more

We had originally prepared a letter to Robert B. Patterson, Secretary, Citizens' Councils, wherein we made the flat assertion that the FBI does not formulate policy; that recent investigations conducted by our agents in the South were made at the specific instructions of the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice.

The Director raised the question as to the correctness of this statement, bearing in mind the so-called inquiries into Citizens' Councils in Louisiana. Mr. Jones informs me that a check was made with the Civil Rights Desk of the Investigative Division prior to the time that the letter was sent; that the 10 Louisiana parish cases, including the alleged disenfranchisement of Negroes, the Clinton, Tennessee, and the Hoxie, Arkansas, cases, were investigated at the direction of the Department.

The fact does remain that we have made checks on the Citizens Councils at our own initiative. In this respect, we must now be more cautious in phraseology and I have so informed the Crime Records Section. I have no doubt in my own mind that the Patterson letter was stimulated as a result of the Clinton, Tenn., case wherein the investigation was made at the request of the Department and our reply to the Patterson letter has been recast making reference to the Clinton, Tenn., case.

LBN:hpf
(4)
cc - Mr. Boardman
Mr. Rosen

RECORDED - 5105-34237-316

JAN 18 1957

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN
Crim. Div.

12/28/56
SENT DIRECTOR
FOR APPROVAL

I am approving letter only because of delay in acknowledging. Don't list it as we have no right to assume any in-

RECORDED - 51
INDEXED - 51

December 28, 1956

105 34237-315

Mr. Robert B. Patterson
207 West Market Street
Greenwood, Mississippi

Dear Mr. Patterson:

I wish to acknowledge your communication of December 13, and to assure you that I have carefully noted its contents. As you know, the FBI does not make policy. It is our duty to conduct investigations and secure facts.

No doubt, your letter was prompted by the statements emanating from Clinton, Tennessee, wherein the local District Attorney, in addressing a student assembly reportedly stated that misbehavior on the part of students would be referred to the FBI. The FBI, of course, had no knowledge the District Attorney was to make such a speech and the FBI made no request of the local school authorities to have action of "misbehavior" referred to the FBI.

It is true that we did make certain investigations in the Clinton, Tennessee, case at the direction of the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice. It is, naturally, a source of concern to me to have reports, such as you set forth in your letter, of statements pertaining to the FBI since, without public confidence, our efforts would be severely handicapped.

I sincerely hope that thinking people will recognize that an organization such as the FBI must do its duty, and in doing it you may rest assured that it will adhere to the same high standards which have governed its operations over the years. I do appreciate the assistance we have had, and I sincerely hope that law-abiding people everywhere will recognize the duties which have been assigned to the FBI.

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Trotter _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

cc - Memphis (with copy of incoming) Sincerely yours,
cc - Mr. Boardman
cc - Mr. Rosen

NOTE: Memo Nichols to Tolson 12-29-56 from Edgar Hoover dated 12-26-56, re "ROBERT B. PATTERSON, Citizens' Councils of America, Greenwood, Miss.," LBN:hpf
LBN:hpf:rm (6)

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 44-11173

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 44-11173

SENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL



ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS

OF MISSISSIPPI

STATES' RIGHTS RACIAL INTEGRITY

GREENWOOD, MISSISSIPPI

January 8, 1957

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE AND OFFICERS

- WILL E. WARD
STARKVILLE
- JOHN B. CUNNINGHAM
BROOKSVILLE
- N. E. DACIUS
TUPELO
- SHELBY WOODWARD
LOUISVILLE
- Z. M. VEAZEY, JR.
COLDWATER
- W. H. ANDERSON
RIPLEY
- BEN JACK HILBUN
OXFORD
- JOHN TABOR
WINONA
- A. E. BRITT
INDIANOLA
- WILBURN HOOKER
LEAFINGTON
- FRED JONES
INVERNESS
- PETE WILLIAMS, SR.
CLARKSDALE
- TOM P. BRADY
BROOKHAVEN
- NICK ROBERTS
YAZOO CITY
- CLAY TUCKER
WOODVILLE
- ELLIS W. WRIGHT
JACKSON
- BILL JOHNSON
DECATUR
- R. C. BRADSHAW
PEARL
- H. H. HARPOLE
PHILADELPHIA
- MARION SIMPSON
CANTON
- DEWEY MEYERS
PRENTISS
- WARD HURT
LUMBERTON
- ROBERT OSWALT
PASCAGOULA
- J. E. STOCKSTILL
PICAYUNE
- R. P. PARISH
STATE TREASURER
PRES. BANK OF GREENWOOD
GREENWOOD
- ELLETT LAWRENCE
FINANCE CHAIRMAN
GREENWOOD
- ROBERT B. PATTERSON
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
GREENWOOD
- W. J. SIMMONS
ADMINISTRATOR
805 PLAZA BUILDING
JACKSON

Mr. John Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Here is a letter which is being received in Mississippi. It is obviously a fake, and, of course, I do not know what it's purpose is, other than to create rumors etc.

It was mailed to me in an envelope from Chicago.

Since it is obviously a fake, the best thing to do is to treat it as a fake and ignore it, I suppose.

Sincerely,

Robert B. Patterson
Robert B. Patterson
Secretary
Citizens' Council

RBP:mt

Enclosure

RECORDED-38

INDEXED - 38

EX-117

105-24742-317
10 JAN 16 1957

Handwritten notes:
Invol. 1-15-57
CBF
LOSURE
#38
2 auto made (11 minutes each) 1-14-57
Dedicated to the maintenance of peace, good order and domestic tranquility in our Community and in our State and to the preservation of our State's Rights.

Vertical handwritten notes:
6656-1

THE LIZZIE STOVER COLLEGE FUND

A National Appeal

HONORARY TRUSTEES:
CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN
HON. ADAM CLAYTON POWELL
ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

For Release All Services Jan. 10, 1957

On a side-road near Staunton, Va. stands an old shanty, and thereby hangs a tale. Years ago, an aged resident of Staunton, John T. Wine, told the story of a little girl who went to school with him in that shanty. She was the daughter of a white abolitionist, Simon Stover, who married a negro girl, Elizabeth Juda, who had been adopted by the Link family.

Simon Stover resolved that his daughter should go to school with the white children. But when little Lizzie Stover came into that schoolhouse, she was met with jeers and derision from the white pupils, the same ordeal that the colored children of Clinton are enduring today.

After her parents disappeared, Lizzie Stover went to the Midwest and married a white man. In his stirring book, "Eisenhower, Man and Soldier", Francis Trevelyan Miller describes her fierce resolve, on page 91;

"Ida had two ambitions now -- the first to be a good wife and mother, the second to advance world brotherhood. She was eager to wipe out racial prejudices, to raise the Negro to the status of equal citizenship."

Of all her children, Ida Lizzie Eisenhower found her son David the most receptive to her ideas. David never forgot his mother's humiliation. When he led the American armies to victory over the white supremacists of Germany, and when he forced the white supremacists of the Southern States to their knees, the champion of the colored world must have thought, "I am avenging the insult to my mother."

The purpose of the Lizzie Stover College Fund is to establish a college for all races, colors, and creeds on the site of that old schoolhouse near Staunton, Va. Thus a bastion of democracy will rise on the scene of a little girl's tragedy, a little girl who must have lain awake at night, her pillow wet with tears, never dreaming that she would become the mother of a President who would avenge the wrongs done to her people.

We need your help in this project. Send all donations to the Hon. Adam Clayton Powell, House Office Bldg., Washington, D. C.

*1 auto made
1-14-57
jw*

105-34237-317
ENCLOSURE

ST
4

CIR 8

January 15, 1957

Mr. Robert B. Patterson
207 West Market Street
Greenwood, Mississippi

Dear Mr. Patterson:

RECORDED-36
105-34237-317

Your communication of January 8, 1957, with enclosure, has been received.

I already have had an occasion to see the letter which you furnished; however, your courtesy in bringing the information to my attention is appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

COMM - FBI
JAN 15 1957
MAILED 30

cc - Memphis, with copy of incoming and copy of enclosure
cc - Domestic Intelligence, with copy of incoming

NOTE: Patterson furnished a form letter which states that the mother of President Eisenhower is the daughter of a white abolitionist and a Negro girl. The letter requests contributions be sent to the Lizzie Stover College Fund in care of the Honorable Adam Clayton Powell, House Office Building, Washington, D. C. This form letter was previously made available to the Bureau through WFO by an anonymous source. Copies of the letter were furnished through Liaison to Mr. Sherman Adams and Chief Justice Earl Warren of the Supreme Court. Warren, along with Representative Powell and Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, were listed on the form letter as Honorary Trustees. The Director furnished the Attorney General a copy of the letter by memorandum on 1-10-57, which set forth the information concerning the form letter. A copy of the memorandum was sent to Mr. Rogers, Deputy Attorney General. Patterson has been used as a source of information concerning the Citizens' Councils by Agents of the Memphis Office. On June 6, 1956, he wrote the Director relative to a statement

- Olson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

CBF:cjw
(5)

50 JAN 20 1957

(Note continued next page)

FBI

105-56056-1

Mr. Robert B. Patterson

January 15, 1957

the Director made concerning the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. He was sent an in-absence reply on June 14, 1956. Patterson wrote the Director pointing out that the Bureau had lost respect in the South in connection with integration. The Director sent a reply on December 28, 1956, pointing out that the FBI does not make policy but conducts investigations and secures facts. Patterson was told his letter, no doubt, was prompted by statements emanating from Clinton, Tennessee, where the local District Attorney stated misbehavior on the part of students would be referred to the FBI. It was pointed out that this Bureau had no knowledge that such a speech would be made and had made no such request. He was told FBI made certain investigations in Clinton at the direction of the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice, and it was hoped that thinking people and law-abiding people will recognize the duties assigned to the FBI.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-34237)

DATE: 1/18/57

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (105-4120)

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES' RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X
OO: Los Angeles

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/9/01 BY SP3 BJS/H

Re San Francisco letter to Los Angeles dated 12/14/56, Bureau letter to San Francisco 12/10/56 and San Francisco letter to Bureau dated 12/27/56.

Enclosed for the Bureau are an original and four copies of a blank memorandum suitable for dissemination. One copy of the blank memorandum is enclosed for San Francisco.

1. T-1 is [redacted] who furnished information in November, 1956 and on 12/6/56.

b2
b7D

2. Records of the San Bernardino County Sheriff's Office were reviewed by Sheriff FRANK BLAND on 12/21/56.

3. Records of the Redlands Police Department were reviewed by Acting Chief of Police [redacted] on 12/21/56.

4. Records of the Credit Association of Redlands were reviewed by [redacted] Manager, on 1/7/57.

b6
b7C

5. T-2 is [redacted] who furnished information on 1/7/57.

6. T-3 is [redacted] presently employed by [redacted] who furnished information on 1/7/57.

b6
b7C
b7D

7. T-4 is [redacted] who was contacted on 1/3/57.

b2
b7D

8. T-5 is [redacted] who was contacted on 1/3/57.

9. No further investigation is being conducted by the Los Angeles Office UACB.

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 5) (REGISTERED)
- 1 - San Francisco (Info) (Encl. 1) (REGISTERED) (105-4971)
- 1 - Los Angeles

RECORDED - 11

52001 1357

CGM:nak
(4)

see original
attached
Rm 1704
1-25-57
TCK

[Handwritten signature]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California
January 18, 1957

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATES' RIGHTS MOVEMENTS

T-1, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in November, 1956 that [] had received information that there existed a West Coast headquarters for the White Citizens Councils and that it was located at Redding, California. T-1 advised on December 6, 1956 that [] had received additional information reflecting that the West Coast headquarters of the White Citizens Councils was located at Redlands, California, and not in Redding, California, as was previously reported.

b7D

The files of the San Bernardino County Sheriff's Office reflect no information concerning a White Citizens Council being located at Redlands, California, on December 21, 1956.

The files of the Redlands Police Department, on January 7, 1957, reflected no information concerning the White Citizens Council being located at Redlands, California.

The files of the Credit Association of Redlands, on January 7, 1957, reflected no information concerning a White Citizens Council being located at Redlands, California.

T-2, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 7, 1957 that he had no information concerning a White Citizens Council being located at Redlands, California.

T-3, [] who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 7, 1957 that he had no information concerning the location of the Western headquarters of the White Citizens Council at Redlands, California.

b7D

T-4, who has knowledge of certain phases of Communist Party and Communist Party front group activity in the Redlands, California, area, and who has furnished reliable

COPIES DESTROYED

1 79 APR 27 1972

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080
ON 3/16/77 LEO/59

information in the past, advised on January 7, 1957 that he had no information concerning the location of the White Citizens Council in Redlands, California.

T-5, who has knowledge of certain phases of Communist Party and Communist Party front group activity in Redlands, California, and who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 7, 1957 that he had no information concerning a White Citizens Council being located in Redlands, California.

The files of the Los Angeles Office of the FBI contain no information concerning the location of a White Citizens Council at Redlands, California, or that the Western headquarters of the White Citizens Councils is located at Redlands, California.

This memorandum is loaned to you by the FBI and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : F. J. Baumgardner

DATE: January 17, 1957

FROM :

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

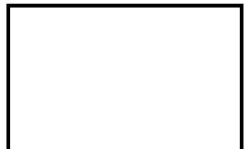
51200

By letter 12/13/56 field offices were instructed to discontinue inquiries concerning citizens councils; however, they were instructed beginning January 13, 1957, to submit a monthly summary in memorandum form suitable for dissemination containing pertinent information received concerning activities of citizens councils within their respective territories.

These summary memoranda are beginning to come in. Some contain only general information concerning the over-all picture and do not contain information concerning any incidents which have arisen. These memoranda will be reviewed carefully and where it is believed the information contained therein will be of interest to the Department or the intelligence agencies of the Armed Forces dissemination will be made; however, those that contain merely an intelligence summary of information not believed to be pertinent will not be disseminated.

RECOMMENDATION:

We will continue to handle these memoranda in the above-described fashion if you approve.



JMK

cc Mr. Baumgardner

CFW:dlj

(3)

*Place in
105-34237
2/26/57*

RECORDED-48

EX-102

105-34237-319

S-CKW

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 1-17-57

FROM : SAC, New Orleans

SUBJECT: *CITIZENS COUNCIL OF DUBACH
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

6 CITIZENS COUNCILS AND STATE RIGHTS

In view of instructions contained in Bulet 12-13-56, entitled "CITIZENS COUNCILS, NEW ORLEANS DIVISION, IS-X," no further investigation is being conducted in this matter and the file is being closed in this office.

- 2 - Bureau (Registered)
 - 1 - New Orleans (105-704)
- WED:eo
(3)

1d

70

105-3479-320
SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED

llw

105-3479-320

RECORDED-89 5 JAN 22 1957
INDEXED-89

~~INDEXED~~

67 JAN 29 1957

60657

*Juls
102*

January 25, 1957

C

Mr. W. J. ~~Simmons~~
Editor
The Citizens' Council
605 Plaza Building
Jackson, Mississippi

*Assoc. of Citizens
Councils of Miss.*

Dear Mr. Simmons:

I appreciated your letter of January 17
and your thoughtfulness in sending me "~~The Citizens' Council~~"
bulletin for January, which I read with interest.

Sincerely,

L. B. Nichols

LBN:jmr
(3)

RECORDED-16

INDEXED-16

105-34231

16 JAN 29 1957

EX-157

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Trotter _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

*filed
mailed
copy
1/27*
64 FEB 4 1957

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: January 28, 1957

WTO
FROM : SAC, New Orleans

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS AND
STATES' RIGHTS MOVEMENTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

ReBulet January 4, 1957, bearing the caption set out above.

This letter instructed that New Orleans review files regarding Civil Rights and Election Law investigations recently conducted in the northern Parishes of Louisiana. It instructed where such investigations developed evidence indicating that Citizens Councils were active in attempting to disenfranchise Negro voters, separate reports under the appropriate Citizens Councils caption should be submitted.

The Bureau's instructions are being followed in this office and reports in the category referred to above under the Citizens Councils title will indicate either by cover letter or on the administrative page that they are submitted in accordance with instructions in refBulet.

- 2 - Bureau (105-34237) (Registered)
1 - New Orleans (105-587)

RFC:sam
(3)

RECORDED - 72/105-34237-31

2 JAN 30 1957

[Handwritten signature]
INT. SEC.

[Handwritten signature]
58 FEB 4 1957

cc

b6
b7c

SAC, Baltimore (100-20067)

60652

January 29, 1957

Director, FBI (105-56188)

Changed to 105-34237

Citizens Councils and State Rights movements

CITIZENS COUNCILS
BALTIMORE FIELD OFFICE
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Reurlet dated January 15, 1957.

Advise identity of confidential informant mentioned in summary of information re captioned matter. In future identify all informants utilized in such summaries in cover letter transmitting same.

3/3
1/10

lm

RECORDED - 51

EX-127

105-34237

323

11 JAN 30 1957

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

JGK:dlj *dlj*

37 (4)

MAILED 4
JAN 29 1957
50 FEB 4 1957
FBI

Handwritten signatures and initials

The attached letter from Arnold Forster, General Counsel, Anti-Defamation League, New York, New York, submits 16 exhibits concerning the activities of certain White Citizens Councils and states these are submitted in accordance with the request of AAG Olney. He sets forth a description of the specific items. He also states the true role of the White Citizens Councils in denying others their rights under the Constitution of the US has been recognized and proclaimed by many impartial observers. States feels sure Bureau's investigations will disclose the full facts with respect to all these organizations and their activities.

ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE

of B'nai B'rith

515 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 22, N. Y., PLaza 1-1800

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Nichols	✓
Mr. Boardman	✓
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Parsons	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Tamm	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Mr. Nease	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Mr. Holloman	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

NATIONAL COMMISSION

HENRY EDWARD SCHULTZ
Chairman

MEIER STEINBRINK
Honorary Chairman

BARNEY BALABAN
A. G. BALLENGER
A. K. COHEN

FRANK R. S. KAPLAN
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MAURICE N. DANNENBAUM
SAMUEL DAROFF
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HERMAN FINEBERG
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EDWARD GOLDBERGER
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MRS. ISRAEL GOLDMAN
ABE GOLDSTEIN

BENJAMIN GREENBERG
LESTER GUTTERMAN
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JOHN HORWITZ

IRVING R. KAUFMAN
HAROLD LACHMAN
MRS. ARTHUR G. LAUFMAN
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DAVID H. LITTER
LOUIS MATUSOFF
EDWARD MILLER
PHILIP MITCHEL

ALAN R. MORSE
STANLEY MOSK
NORMAN NEUHOUSE
MRS. LOUIS L. PERLMAN

DAVID A. ROSE
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MORRIS L. STRAUCH

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MRS. ALBERT WOLDMAN
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NATHAN C. BELTH
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OSCAR COHEN
Program

ARNOLD FORSTER
Civil Rights

ALEXANDER F. MILLER
Community Service

J. HAROLD SAKS
Administration

LESTER J. WALDMAN
Executive Assistant

BY HAND

January 18, 1957

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/20/89 BY SP16 PJA/mk
#254,356

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In accordance with the request of Assistant Attorney General Warren W. Olney, III, we are submitting herewith information in our possession concerning the activities of certain White Citizens Councils, even though we are sure that most, if not all of this material is already in the hands of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and that the Bureau has much additional information on the matter.

Set out below is a description of the specific items contained in the folder of exhibits we are delivering herewith:

1. In a story, "Alabama Talks Race Violence," out of Linden, Alabama, datelined December 7, 1954, the Associated Press reported:

"A warning that 'blood will be spilled on the campus' if Negroes try to enter white schools in Alabama was voiced Monday night at an organizational meeting of the Marengo County White Citizens Council.

"And another speaker, State Senator Walter Givhan, charged that 'the whole U. S. Army is not big enough to force that (integration) upon us.'

"More than 400 white persons from this predominantly Negro populated South Alabama county attended the WCC session.

"Atty. McClain Pitts of Selma said 'We intend to maintain segregation and do so without violence.

"But I know the first time a Negro tries to enter Parrish High School at Selma, or any other white school, blood will be spilled on the campus," he warned."

*copy already made
with copies of folder
mailed per # 120
1/12/57
of file # 107*

CLOSURE

BULKY RAMP

*SNIP 324
2/1/59*

EXP. PROC

JAN 22 1957

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover
January 18, 1957
Page 2.

2. Under the dateline of May 9, 1955, the United Press reported that the Rev. G. W. Lee of Belzoni, Mississippi died after his car crashed into a home in the Negro district. Witnesses reported hearing what sounded like a shot before the crash. Parts of metal and powder burns were discovered on the clergyman's face. Lee had led a drive for the registration of more Negro voters in opposition to the White Citizens Councils. Exhibit 1

According to authoritative sources, independent of the newspaper reports, a member of the Belzoni Citizens Council admitted that "there were a few people in Belzoni's Citizens Council who would have no compunction at all about killing Lee." He further stated that Lee was "too far down on the list" and if they were going to kill someone, it probably would have been someone higher up.

3. On October 21, 1955, the New York Daily News reported that Rev. J. A. Delaine, a Methodist Minister who played a leading role in the fight against segregated schools, was the victim of a shooting and threats of dynamiting. His house and church were actually burned. He attributed all of these acts of violence to the White Citizens Councils. Exhibit 2

4. In the November 27, 1955 issue of the New York Herald Tribune, the United Press reported on the critical wounding of Gus Courts, a member of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People in Belzoni, Mississippi. Exhibit 3 In a subsequent report which appeared in the November 30th issue of the New York Times, Courts was quoted as saying that he did not know who shot him but that Citizens Councils members had threatened him numerous times. Exhibit 4

5. On February 6, 1956, rioters drove Autherine Lucy, a Negro student, from the campus of the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa, Ala. Spearheading the rioters had been a student by the name of Leonard Wilson of Selma, Alabama. On March 12, 1956, Wilson, described as a White Citizens Council leader by the Associated Press in a dispatch appearing in the New York Herald Tribune of March 13, 1956, was expelled from the University of Alabama "for participation in mob action against Autherine Lucy." Exhibit 5

According to press dispatches, tension in Tuscaloosa was at a high pitch for the next week or ten days. It is significant that at this time a Citizens Council unit was established in Tuscaloosa, Alabama and Leonard Wilson chaired the first rally of that group on February 17th. Exhibit 6

John Kasper of Washington, who will be dealt with more fully below, at a meeting in Washington, D. C. in introducing Asa Carter of the North Alabama White Citizens Councils stated: "His men prevented the entrance of Autherine Lucy to Alabama University and broke up the Birmingham (Alabama) Interracial Council." Exhibit 7

6. That individual citizens councils are not adverse to the utilization of violence is attested to by the attached handbill distributed at a meeting of the White Citizens Council in Montgomery, Alabama, February 10, 1956. The handbill reads in part as follows:

"When in the course of human events it becomes necessary to abolish the Negro race, proper methods should be used. Among these are guns, bows and arrows, slingshots and knives.

"We hold these truths to be self-evident that all whites are created equal with certain rights; among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of dead niggers." [Exhibit 8]

7. In December 1955, the Citizens Council in North Alabama had been formed under the leadership of Asa (Ace) Carter, an erstwhile radio commentator over a Birmingham, Alabama radio station. Several months previously the station saw fit to release Carter because of appeals to racial prejudice in some of his news broadcasts.

In February 1956, the first issue of Carter's North Alabama Citizens Council publication "The Southerner" appeared. This issue impliedly urged that Southerners use violent means to oppose desegregation. In addition there was clear evidence of the movement's anti-Semitism which is also expressed in a membership clause which makes the "belief in the divinity of Jesus Christ" a prerequisite for membership in the North Alabama Citizens Council. It is also worthy of comment that in this first edition there is a strong attack on the integration of armed forces at Ft. McClellan, Alabama. Such allegations as the following are contained in this article:

"...negro troops were flooded into military bases of the South; Southern white men were in many cases placed under Negroes of superior rank; white girls working in PX's and cafeterias were forced to serve them."

The allegation is further made that:

"Ft. McClellan was designated as a permanent headquarters for WAC training" and that "strangely, into this camp for white women, was shipped over three thousand negro soldiers." [Exhibit 9]

8. The March 1956, Vol. 1, No. 2 issue of this same publication, "The Southerner," contained the same type of material noted in the first issue. However, it is significant to note that an unsigned article appeared on Page 4 which contains an open incitement to action. The article states in part:

"Our solution must be to keep the Council movement in the hands of the people...to prevent politicians and their front men from heading up our movement...to force an

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover
January 18, 1957
Page 4.

accounting now...to serve notice that we are not playing for peace in our time...that we will positively evade the issue no longer...that we will fight it out for our children rather than pass the fight to them."

The article concludes with the following paragraph:

"We are weary of their (politicians) 'leadership,' disgusted with their cowardice. We intend to fight."

[Exhibit 10]

9. That the "fight" called for by this incitement meant violence is demonstrated by the following incident:

According to an Associated Press report in the Herald Tribune of April 12, 1956, 150 men attacked Negro singer Nat King Cole when he performed at the Municipal Auditorium in Birmingham, Alabama on April 10th. The incident occurred three days after a group of White Citizens Councils launched a campaign against "Negro music." While Asa Carter, in his capacity as Executive Secretary of the North Alabama White Citizens Council, denied that his organization had anything to do with the attack, it subsequently became known that a number of leaders and members of his group had been active participants in the riot.

In connection with the riot, [redacted] of Birmingham, Associate Editor with Carter of "The Southerner," was sentenced by Judge Ralph E. Parker to 180 days for conspiracy to commit a breach of peace and disorderly conduct. [redacted] and [redacted] both members of the Anniston, Alabama Citizens Council, were sentenced to 180 days and \$100 and costs on charges of conspiracy to commit assault and battery and related charges. [redacted] in addition, was fined \$25 and costs for carrying a concealed weapon. [Exhibit 11]

10. Frederick John Kasper, a peddler of hate literature, announced the formation of the District of Columbia White Citizens Councils (subsequently known as the Seaboard White Citizens Councils) as a unit of Ace Carter's North Alabama White Citizens Council. Significantly, in explaining the aims of his organization, Kasper stressed the fact that Jews are not eligible for membership and pointed out that "the nation was founded by white Christians and we do know that Jews are leaders in integration movements."

Approximately one month after the formation of the Seaboard Citizens Councils, this organization, with John Kasper as Executive Secretary, undertook a widespread mailing, directed primarily to molders of public opinion, of a scurrilous pamphlet entitled "Virginians On Guard." The frontispiece of this publication contains such exhortations as "Hang Supreme Court Swine, Destroy Reds (All Muscovite Savages) Rooseveltian

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover
January 18, 1957
Page 5.

Dupes, and Death to Usurers." The pamphlet also contains a montage of newspaper clippings and photographs reporting on the crosses burned at the homes of Senator Lehman, Chief Justice Warren and Justice Frankfurter in Washington. [Exhibit 12]

11. On August 24th, John Kasper interrupted a meeting of the Charlottesville-Albermarle County Chapter of the Bi-Racial Virginia Council on Human Relations. Kasper appeared uninvited at the meeting and disrupted their proceedings and declared from the floor "We in the Citizens Councils have declared war on you people... We're going to run you out of town." While the meeting was in progress, at the Westminster Presbyterian Church a cross was burned outside. It should be noted that several days prior to this incident, Kasper and several colleagues had been active in the Charlottesville area attempting to organize a White Citizens Council group. [Exhibit 13]

12. As the result of the Federal Court order issued last Spring, 12 Negro students were scheduled to begin classes with 700 white children at the Clinton, Tennessee High School on August 27, 1956. Informed observers in Clinton reported that the integration decision had been accepted by the 4000 townspeople with no overt opposition. All of the city officials, including the Mayor, Superintendent of Schools, Principal of the Clinton High School and the Chief of Police had determined to abide by the decision.

However, on August 25th, John Kasper arrived in Clinton by automobile and began, the following day, to circulate literature. The observers reported that as soon as Kasper began to get some publicity outside of Clinton, outsiders, many of whom were described as troublemakers looking for excitement, poured into the community. At this point, Kasper began to attract large crowds and to stir up the populace. On August 26th Kasper was arrested by the Clinton authorities on charges of "inciting a riot". He was subsequently acquitted by a local jury. The situation was further aggravated by the appearance of Asa Carter, Kasper's associate, on the scene. The New York Herald Tribune in its issue of September 2nd reported that with Kasper in jail "crowds flocked to hear a pinch-hitter Citizens Council leader, Asa Carter of Birmingham, Alabama.

"Later a huge crowd, most of them teenagers who started whooping it up in a spirit of fun, grew sullen and converged on the courthouse square. The crowd attacked at least five cars carrying Negroes. One of the occupants suffered injury. The rioters smashed the fenders of their cars, stripped off chrome and broke windows."

According to eyewitnesses at the various meetings, both Kasper and Carter in their speeches resorted to anti-Semitism.

13. On September 12th, Kasper on a speaking tour in Birmingham, Alabama, while on bail, stated during the course of an interview that he favored "every type of resistance" if necessary to avoid integration. [Exhibit 14]

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover
January 18, 1957
Page 6.

At approximately the same time that the Clinton, Tennessee riots were developing, a similar situation occurred in Sturgis, Kentucky which, too, was attempting to integrate its Negro students into the Sturgis High School.

14. After a meeting at which Millard Grubbs, chairman of the Citizens Council of Kentucky, was a leading participant, a crowd of 200 gathered in front of the school building in Sturgis ready to forcibly prevent the entry of Negro students. Mrs. Francele Armstrong, Editor and Publisher of the Henderson Gleaner and Journal, said she was among those threatened and said "The temper of those people is just vile, I am still shaking." [Exhibit 15]

The true role of the White Citizens Councils in denying others their rights under the Constitution of the United States has been recognized and proclaimed by many impartial observers.

Hodding Carter, a Pulitzer prize-winning editor of the Greenville Democrat-Times, in an article entitled "A Wave of Terror Threatens the South," which appeared in the March 1955 issue of Look Magazine, charged that the Councils threatened to become a modern-day Ku Klux Klan in that they were spreading throughout the South not only anti-Negro bias, but anti-Semitic and anti-Catholic propaganda as well. Carter maintained that the Councils were achieving their objective by exerting economic and social pressure on recalcitrant Negroes and whites. Carter felt that the greatest danger posed by the Citizens Councils was the possibility that "the extremist fringe," the "viciously uncontrollable" and the "hoodlum element" would take control of the organization and lead it to "widespread organized and racially motivated terrorism."

By November of 1955, the Citizens Councils movement in the South had developed to the point where James Desmond, veteran reporter for the New York Daily News, found that what he called the new Klan "has created a climate of fear that has straitjacketed the South's white community in a kind of thought control enforced by financial sanctions and has undone most of the improvements in race relations made over the last thirty years." Desmond found, too, that in the opinion of "forward looking Southerners," it (The Citizens Councils movement) has created an explosive situation in which a single incident could spark an interracial conflict frightful beyond all American experience." Desmond's on-the-scene investigation revealed that "increasing violence is reported in many sections although official statistics are sadly deficient. Suspicion and fear between the races are reaching new heights. And white opponents of the new movement are being silenced by implicit threat and overt use of economic sanctions."

On December 15, 1955, speaking before the Division of Home Missions of the National Council of Churches of Christ in the U.S.A., the Rev. Dr. Harold E. Fey, Executive Editor of the leading Protestant weekly, The Christian Century, declared that the Citizens Councils "are moving in the direction taken by Nazism in Germany which first defied, nullified and overthrew the authority of the courts and then went on to displace other functions of government.

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover
January 18, 1957
Page 7.

By intimidation and violence they are now beginning that process in Mississippi."

A number of White Citizens Councils have been found to be distributing anti-Semitic materials. Shortly after the formation of the first Citizens Councils, Robert B. Patterson, the founder and top officer of the Citizens Councils movement in Indianola, Miss., submitted to followers and prospective members a list of recommended reading. That list contained a great deal of blatantly anti-Semitic material. In fact, Patterson admitted that the organizations and individuals putting out the literature he recommended were long-standing promoters of anti-Semitism. This practice by White Citizens Councils of distributing anti-Semitic material has continued despite assertions by Patterson that his organization would eschew the circulation of such material. Exhibit 16 It is noteworthy that as recently as February 15, 1956, the Birmingham Post Herald warned editorially: "We are concerned by hate-filled inflammatory literature enclosed by one Council for distribution along with its membership application blanks."

The Citizens Councils also engaged in the distribution of anti-Catholic propaganda. According to a story which appeared in the New Orleans Times-Picayune of August 30, 1956, the Citizens Council of New Orleans attacked Archbishop Joseph F. Rummel. While professing reluctance to engage in controversies with "any religious organization," a statement issued by the Citizens Council of New Orleans charged that Archbishop Rummel's intention to integrate parochial schools in New Orleans is an attempt "to condition the minds of Catholic parents in a truly communist fashion." This same attack charges that "this ... scheme for the integration of Catholic schools is calculated to operate not only upon the basis of surreptitious infiltration but upon the well-known Communist theory of 'divide and conquer'."

It should be noted that our examination of the activities of White Citizens Council movement has demonstrated that there are many different Councils which are under different leadership. Hence, it may well be that there are some of these Councils which do not engage in actions such as those described. We are sure that the Bureau's investigations will disclose the full facts with respect to all these organizations and their activities.

Respectfully submitted,



Arnold Forster
General Counsel

AF:gh
Encs.

Boardman
Belmont

cc [redacted]

January 24, 1957

RECORDED - 1

INDEXED - 1

Mr. Arnold Forster
General Counsel
Anti-Defamation League of
B'nai B'rith
515 Madison Avenue
New York 22, New York

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/20/89 BY SP6-Bj/rjs
#259,356

Dear Mr. Forster:

Your letter dated January 18, 1957,
together with its enclosures, has been received.

The interest and courtesy which prompted
the submission of information you believe to be
of interest to the FBI are indeed appreciated.

The question of whether or not a violation
of Federal law within the investigative jurisdiction
of this Bureau is involved is one to be decided
by the appropriate legal division of the Department
of Justice. Accordingly copies of your letter and
its attachments have been furnished to Assistant
Attorney General Warren Olney III of the Criminal
Division and Assistant Attorney General William F.
Tompkins, Internal Security Division.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

NOTE ON YELLOW:

Forster has been associated with ADL since 1940. Several
items in Bufiles raise a question re Forster. He has nevertheless
furnished considerable data to FBI re Bureau cases and has
been helpful in defending the Bureau position on civil rights
matters. See memo Belmont to Boardman, 1/23/57, CFW:dj,
captioned "Citizens Councils, Internal Security - X."

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

CFW:dj

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: January 23, 1957

FROM : A.H. Belmont

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Tolson	_____
Nichols	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mason	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Nease	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

By memorandum 12/13/56 Assistant Attorney General Warren Olney III advised letter had been received from Henry Schultz, chairman, Anti-Defamation League (ADL) to effect that ADL has evidence of "illegal and subversive activities" on part of certain citizens councils. According to Olney's memorandum Schultz was advised by letter that evidence indicative of possible violations of laws should be presented to the Bureau for appropriate investigation and action by the Department.

We have now received a letter dated 1/18/57 from Arnold Forster, general counsel, ADL, containing statements made by individuals connected with citizens councils and data relating to activities of certain councils. With the letter Forster furnished 16 exhibits which document the information set forth in his letter. These exhibits consist of newspaper clippings, leaflets and publications containing information regarding incidents such as those pertaining to [redacted] (Negro girl who attempted to enter the University of Alabama), and Gus Courts (Negro in Belzoni, Mississippi, who was shot), and statements made by John Kasper, executive secretary, White Citizens' Councils of District of Columbia.

Material furnished by Forster contains no information not previously in possession of the Bureau. All pertinent information in this material has been submitted to the Department previously.

By memorandum to the Attorney General dated 12/13/56 Department was advised that limited inquiries concerning all citizens councils had been discontinued inasmuch as the Department had failed to indicate their activities placed them within purview of Executive Order 10450. Information as furnished by Forster is being furnished to Assistant Attorneys General Olney and Tompkins. In the transmittal memorandum we are pointing out that no action is being taken with reference to this material in the absence of a specific request by the Department.

Enclosures *sent 1-24-57*

cc Mr. Boardman
 cc Mr. Belmont
 cc [redacted]

RECORDED - 1
 INDEXED - 1

105-34237-300

6 JAN 31 1957

EX-117

CFW:dlj *dy* (4)

[Handwritten box with number 5]

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils

RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) There is attached for your approval a letter to Forster acknowledging his letter.

(2) There is also attached for your approval a letter to Olney, copy to Tompkins, transmitting Photostats of Forster's letter and enclosures thereto, and copies of our reply to Forster.

1973
chr *Jed* *mm* *MS* *MS* *MS* *MS*

Boardman
Belmont
[Redacted]

Assistant Attorney General
Warren Olney III

January 24, 1957

RECORDED - 1

Director, FBI

CITIZENS COUNCILS
INTERNAL SECURITY -- X

Reference is made to your memorandum dated December 13, 1956, captioned "White Citizens Councils," your reference WO:mar 146-1-3215, in which you advised that a letter had been received by the Attorney General from Mr. Henry Edward Schultz, chairman of the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, New York City, concerning "illegal and subversive activities" on the part of certain citizens councils. Your memorandum revealed a reply had been sent Mr. Schultz advising him that information indicative of possible violations of laws of the United States should be presented in detail to the Bureau.

The Bureau is in receipt of a letter dated January 18, 1957, with enclosures, from Mr. Arnold Forster, general counsel, Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, concerning activities of various citizens councils. An examination of this material reveals it is along the same lines as information previously received by the Bureau regarding citizens councils which was furnished to the Department as it was received. There is being furnished you herewith a Photostat of Mr. Forster's letter together with one Photostat each of the enclosures thereto with the exception of enclosures numbered 9, 10, and 12 which, because they are lengthy publications and inasmuch as they have been furnished the Department previously, are not being reproduced for transmittal with this letter. Enclosures numbered 9 and 10 are copies of the February and March 1956 issues of "The Southerner," publication of the Alabama Citizens' Council. Enclosure numbered 12 is a copy of a pamphlet entitled "Virginians on Guard!" printed and distributed by John Kasper and other members of the White Citizens' Councils of District of Columbia. There is also being furnished you herewith a copy of our reply to Mr. Forster.

YELLOW: See memo Belmont to Boardman, same caption, 1/23/57, CFW:dlj.

CFW:gft
(7)

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51 FEB 4 1957

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

Assistant Attorney General Warren Olney III

By memorandum to the Attorney General dated December 13, 1956, the Department was advised the Bureau had discontinued limited inquiries into the activities of the citizens councils. No action is being taken with regard to the data furnished by Mr. Forster in the absence of a specific request from the Department.

Enclosures - 2

cc Assistant Attorney General (w/Enclosures - 2)
William F. Tompkins

186
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1957

TO:

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Director | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mr. Nease, 5744 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Tolson, 5744 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Miss Gandy, 5633 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Boardman, 5736 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mr. Holloman, 5633 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Belmont, 1742 | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Mohr, 5517 | <input type="checkbox"/> Records Branch |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Parsons, 7621 | <input type="checkbox"/> Pers. Records, 6631 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Rosen, 5706 | <input type="checkbox"/> Reading Room, 5531 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Tamm, 5256 | <input type="checkbox"/> Mail Room, 5533 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Trotter, 4130 IB | <input type="checkbox"/> Teletype, 5644 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Sizoo, 1742 | <input type="checkbox"/> Code Room, 4642 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical, B-110 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Nichols, 5640 | <input type="checkbox"/> Supply Room, B-216 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. McGuire, 5642 | <input type="checkbox"/> Tour Room, 5625 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Wick, 5634 | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. DeLoach, 5636 | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Morgan, 5625 | <input type="checkbox"/> Miss Lurz |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Mrs. Faber |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Jones, 4236 | <input type="checkbox"/> Miss McCord |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Leonard, 6222 IB | <input type="checkbox"/> Miss Rogers |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Waikart, 7204 | <input type="checkbox"/> Miss Loper |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Eames, 7206 | <input type="checkbox"/> Miss Price |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. Wherry, 5537 | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> See Me | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> For Your Info | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> For appropriate
action | <input type="checkbox"/> Note & Return |

b6
b7c

L. B. Nichols
Room 5640, Ext. 691

TELEPHONE 234456

THE CITIZENS' COUNCIL
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE

CITIZENS' COUNCILS of AMERICA



W. J. SIMMONS, EDITOR

STATES' RIGHTS

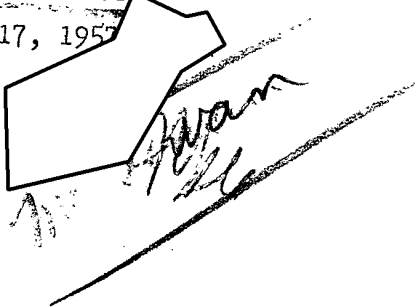
RACIAL INTEGRITY

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

January 17, 1957

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Nichols



Mr. Louis B. Nichols
Federal Bureau Of Investigation
Room 5640, Department of Justice
9th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Nichols:

Thanks for your letter of December 31st. I will by all means get in touch with you the next time I am in Washington.

A copy of the January issue of the Citizens' Council is enclosed. I thought you might find of interest the feature article on the National Urban League and the lead editorial on Page 2.

With very best wishes, I am

Yours sincerely,

Bill Simmons
W. J. Simmons

ENCLOSURE
WJS:sd
Enclosure

*Ref to Simmons
25-57,
Jan 18*

RECORDED - 24
INDEXED - 24

105-34237-327

FEB 5 1957

EX - 120

66 FEB 11 1957

Nichols

ENCLOSURE

105-34237-327

"I Am The American's Bill Of Rights!"

I am the first ten Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America. I was created specifically for the purpose of protecting the people from their government. My purpose is to assure that the people will never become the creatures of the government or be subjected to tyranny.

Read me, study me, teach me to your children and see that I am never destroyed. Defend me with your fortunes and your very lives if necessary. Your Republic cannot survive without me. Here is your Bill of Rights.

AMENDMENT I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

AMENDMENT II. A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

AMENDMENT III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

AMENDMENT IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

AMENDMENT V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

AMENDMENT VI. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against

him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

AMENDMENT VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States than according to the rules of the common law.

AMENDMENT VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

AMENDMENT IX. The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

AMENDMENT X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.



THE CITIZENS' COUNCIL

Dedicated to the maintenance of peace, good order and domestic tranquility in our Community and in our State and to the preservation of our States' Rights.

Vol. 2, No. 4

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF AMERICA — JANUARY, 1957

Jackson, Mississippi

Likes To Say -

National Urban League Is "State Department" For Integration Drive

Judicial Tyranny



For Integration Drive

A description of the National Urban League was given by the magazine Business Week in an article in its October 9, 1954 issue. The National Urban League must have liked the article. It is reported to have bought and distributed reprints.

According to Business Week, "The League itself likes to say that in Negro affairs the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People is the War Department and the Urban League is the State Department." The article goes on to say, "Where NAACP relies on direct action to advance the Negro . . . the League's tactics are study and persuasion." In more concrete phrases, the NAACP carries on the fight, while the Urban League carries on the propaganda. However, sometimes there seems to be an overlapping of actions.

The two principal areas in which the Urban League operates are integration of the Caucasian and Negro races in (1) housing and (2) employment.

61 LOCAL BRANCHES

How effectively the League is equipped to fulfill its functions is indicated by a few statistics: The League was founded in 1910. At the present time 61 local branches operate in 31 states. A southern field division is reported to be located at 250 Auburn Avenue N.E., Atlanta, Georgia; and a western field office at 5514 Hollywood Boulevard, Hollywood, California. As of one year ago, a total of 424 persons were employed throughout the country by the National Urban League. An important portion of the League's work has been in administering a large number of fellowships for the training of young Negroes and whites in social work administration and labor-management relations.

Principal sources of funds for the National Urban League and its affiliates are through Community Chests, foundations, corporations, unions and individuals. As is the case with the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, contributions to the Urban League have been ruled deductible for income tax purposes.

Total expenditures by the Urban League were reported to be in excess of \$2,000,000 in 1954, and \$2,500,000 in 1955.

SOUTHERN INVASION

Strong efforts have been made in a number of cities in the South to remove the Urban League from Community Chest participation, with notable success in New Orleans, La., and Jacksonville, Fla.

The direction in which the vast resources available to the Urban League may be expended is indicated by examining just a small portion of the public record of some of its leaders.

Some of the key leaders of the National Urban League are reported to have cooperated often with the Communists, and have long been active in many Communist fronts. A number

Pass Your Copy On After Reading It!

Your help is needed in making your publication reach as wide an audience as possible.

When you have finished reading this issue, pass it along to others. Help spread the word.

Write for extra copies. Mail them to your friends. Be an active supporter.

Ask others to subscribe. The bigger our reading audience, the stronger will be our fight against compulsory integration.

Your cooperation and support will be greatly appreciated.

THE EDITOR

of them have supported practically every type of Communist front activities—fronts that have defended Reds in trouble with the law, fronts that have backed up Soviet foreign policy, fronts to agitate the Negro, etc.

SUSPICIOUS SUPPORT

Left-wing money has been used for years to help the National Urban League in its business. According to testimony before the Fish Committee of the House of Representatives in November 1930, the National Urban League received contributions from the American Fund for Public Service. This fund, also known as the Garland Fund, was cited by the House Committee on Un-American Activities in 1944 as follows, "Established in 1922 . . . it was a major source for the financing of Communist party enterprises." According to a report prepared for the House Com-

mittee in 1943, the National Urban League received \$5,000 in 1941 and 1942 from the Robert Marshall Civil Liberties Trust, a part of the Robert Marshall Foundation. This Foundation was cited in 1944 by the House Committee on Un-American Activities as, "One of the principal sources for the money with which to finance the Communist party's fronts."

The Ford Fund for the Republic in its report on May 31, 1956, lists a \$50,000 grant to the National Urban League to promote the integration of Negroes in such industries as tobacco, textiles, steel, electrical equipment, chemicals, petroleum and auto and farm machinery; The Fund for the Republic is currently being investigated by the House Committee on Un-American Activities.

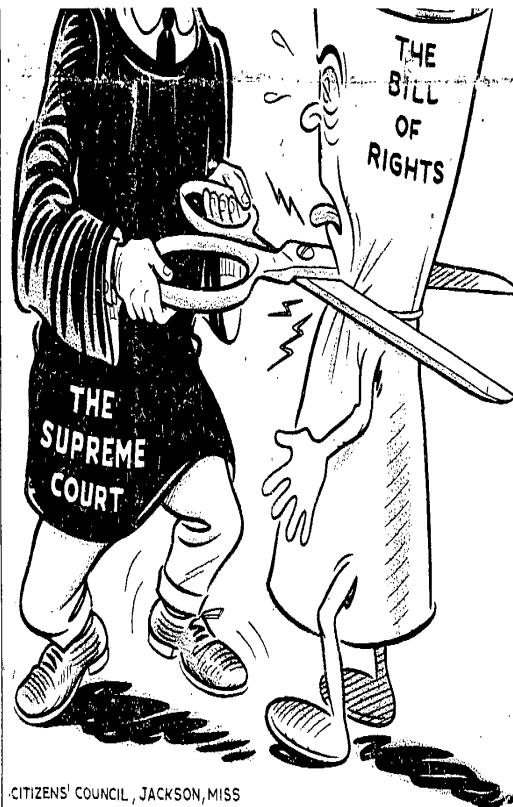
DEFENDED RAPISTS

Back in 1936 the National Urban League, with the Communists, sponsored the Scottsboro Defense Committee, cited as a Communist front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, as well as committees in California and Massachusetts. This organization, it will be recalled, was set up to defend nine Negroes convicted of raping two white girls. It was later reported by investigators that during the many years of agitation around this case the Communist Party raised millions of dollars, which were never accounted for. The official pamphlet of the Committee, SCOTTSBORO: THE SHAME OF AMERICA, lists the National Urban League as a sponsor.

COOPERATES WITH REDS

Since 1936 the Urban League has often cooperated with the Communists. According to the DAILY WORKER of March 23, 1953, the Urban League and the NAACP have supported the National Negro Labor Council in its agitation for hiring Negroes in the South to do jobs that

(Continued on Page 3)



Let Us Face It!

(An Editorial)

The lead article in this issue concerns an organization which is quite well known in the North and considerably less so in the South—the National Urban League. It would appear that the reason for this is that the Urban League concentrates on mixing the white and colored races in the two fields of employment and residential housing. The South has not yet been sufficiently "softened up" for this phase of the assault on racial integrity to be mounted.

One cannot help but wonder if the full impact of the facts contained in the Urban League article will be grasped in their total significance. Here is an organization employing over 400 persons and spending over \$2,000,000 a year which is specializing in only two areas of the far-flung socio-racial struggle in which we find ourselves.

Is there anyone, after reading carefully the Urban League article, who can longer be in doubt as to exactly how the opposition has made such startling gains?

One of the most appalling aspects of the study is the manner in which completely unsuspecting individuals and groups, such as represented by Community Chests, have been induced to finance their own liquidation.

Do you perhaps wonder why the opposition has been continually on the aggressive, and your side has been on the defensive for years? Then ask yourself, "Is there anything remotely comparable to the National Urban League's resources working to further your interests?"

When the Citizens' Councils are in position to operate on a budget of \$2,000,000 a year and field a force of 400 or 500 employees, skilled in the many-sided undertaking of influencing public opinion, on that day you will see the tide begin to turn.

Let us face it! We have been out-financed for years.

The remedy? Contribute to The Educational Fund of the Citizens' Councils, Box 886, Greenwood, Mississippi.

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W. J. SIMMONS.....Editor

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Some Notes On "Violence"

With tensions mounting from mass assaults on bus seating arrangements at Montgomery, Birmingham, Mobile and Tallahassee, and with a threat building up at Baton Rouge, public attention is becoming increasingly focussed on the question of violence.

It will have been noted by many that few opportunities have been overlooked by the integrationists to place collective blame upon any and all persons who do not accept orders from the Supreme Court and the NAACP with docility. It is also noted that in South Africa, where strict segregation is "the law of the land" blacks who resist violently are never referred to in the integrationist press as "hoodlum elements" or "ruffians" or "trouble-makers." But let a white Southerner stand up, no matter how politely, for race preference, and he is immediately so labelled.

A number of Southerners who have had the experience as this writer has many times, of being "interviewed" by mixie-crat propagandists masquerading as newspaper reporters, will recall that the line of questioning invariably centers around the theme of violence. As a matter of fact, their preoccupation with this subject strikes one as curiously morbid.

The purpose, of course, is simply to place the person being "interviewed" on the defensive, so that he expends his time explaining what he is not doing, rather than explaining what he is doing. Some results wondrously unrelated to reality can result from these "interviews".

Let us settle this business about "violence" once and for all.

First, nobody likes violence. Second, people turn to violence in social matters only when they become frustrated and desperate.

In Montgomery we read of statements by boycott leaders that the next stage after the buses will be mass assaults upon recreation facilities and schools. Now what on this good earth would be more calculated to inflame tensions and induce a feeling of desperation in the white populace than such statements?

When the ingredients for an explosive situation are mixed, an explosion is always possible. What is the best way to prevent this from happening? To prevent the situation from occurring where the ingredients are forced to mix. This is exactly what the Citizens' Councils have been trying to do. If the Citizens' Councils have made any substantial contribution to continued good order, and many observers agree that it has been con-

Have You Done Your Part? Reporters Abet Mixing At Clinton, Tennessee

By LEO ELY

CLINTON, TENNESSEE — A comprehensive survey of the Clinton townspeople has brought out that no one admits looking forward to integration with any degree of relish.

Days upon end I have been asking questions without discrimination as to those interviewed. With very few exceptions, there is a noticeable reticence in most everyone approached to release information to anyone connected with a news media.

A direct question - "Why?" - to any reluctant interviewee will usually get one of a couple of answers:

"We've had such a dirty deal out of the press in the past that there is no use to tell them anything. They'll turn it around to suit themselves, anyway."

And, of course, there are those who say something like I heard from John Donald, a thirty-two year old carpenter and bass singer in a popular gospel quartet, "I guess I'd better not say anything. A fellow doesn't know when he's in violation of Judge Taylor's injunction and when he isn't."

One-Sided Reporting

When you tell these people you are only trying to get an objective story, they come back with, "Yes, that's what some others said but show me where you printed more than one side of the story."

Consequently, a second conclusion to be reached is that the community—almost as a whole—feels that the majority of the press has done an unfair and negligent job in reporting the Clinton situation since it became a "situation."

As a local attorney stated, "The reporting services purposely slanted their news in disfavor of the majority of the populace and in sympathy with the cause for integration."

I think a few examples will bear that contention out. One has only to compare accounts given by two or more "supposedly" on-the-spot reporters to some of the incidents which have happened here to sustain what has been said.

Conflicting Versions

Firstly, concerning the most recent violence in Clinton - the street brawl in which a white Baptist minister was involved with one of the townspeople, news services conflicted in their accounts of what happened.

None of the reports coming back to this community by way of news media seem to coincide with what



Wrongs Must Be Righted

Judicial tyranny has taken a giant stride forward in Tennessee. States rights have taken a giant stride backward in Tennessee. It is a moot question as to which is fraught with the deeper significance for the future of our country—(1) the ruthless violation of individual citizens' rights, or (2) the abject and complete abdication of its governmental responsibilities and prerogatives by the state government of the "sovereign (?) State of Tennessee.

Six searing questions have been propounded by a prominent attorney in Washington under the pen-name of "Publius" in a letter to the Washington Evening Star, reprinted in U. S. News & World Report.

Read carefully the Bill of Rights, which represents the distilled essence of the fierce independence and love of freedom your forefathers bequeathed you. Then read carefully the six questions asked by "Publius":

1. Where is the statute constitutionally passed by Congress, which defines the crime of which they (the sixteen hostages arrested at

to prevent the situation from occurring where the ingredients are forced to mix. This is exactly what the Citizens' Councils have been trying to do. If the Citizens' Councils have made any substantial contribution to continued good order, and many observers agree that it has been considerable, that contribution rests in preventing those situations from developing where violent reactions may breed.

Did the Citizens' Councils bring about the present intolerable conditions in Birmingham, Montgomery, Mobile and Tallahassee? Of course not! Did the NAACP? The Urban League? The Southern Regional Council? The Ford Fund for the Republic? Dozens of Communist front organizations? The United States Supreme Court? The question has only to be asked for the answer to be obvious.

The responsibility for any violence lies squarely upon those who would compel an entire people to violate their finest instincts.

Refuting The Big Lie

In view of the utter nonsense being perpetrated by paid propagandists in the name of "science", which of course reached its highest folly in the guided flight of the United States Supreme Court into the outer reaches of "modern psychology and sociology", it is interesting to take a look at the findings of an eminent sociologist which differ radically from those of the NAACP employees now used as a substitute for law by the aforesaid Supreme Court.

Pitirim Sorokin, Chairman of the Department of Sociology at Harvard University (not usually considered by the "liberals" a center of "bigotry", but which after this may be on shaky ground), writing in *Contemporary Sociological Theories*, said:

"References to environment are not convincing because if, in the present and past in America the environment of the negro has been less favorable, in Africa they had as many chances in the long course of history to create complex forms of culture as the white race had elsewhere and yet nothing has been created. Further, none of the environmentalists has shown that in this long course of race history the geographical environment of the negro has been less favorable than that of the white race.

"Finally, in several of the mentioned experimental studies, the economic, occupational, and social status of the white and the negro has been taken into consideration; and attempts have been made to study the white and the negro in the same status and environment (studies of Arlitt, Hirsch and others), but the result has been the same. The negro has been 'inferior' when compared with the white in the majority of the studied mental functions. Finally, the environment of either the Russian peasantry before the annihilation of serfdom or of the medieval serfs, or of the Roman and the Greek slaves was probably not any better, if indeed it was not worse than the environment of the American negro before 1861 or at the present moment.

"Yet these slaves and serfs of the white race, in spite of their environment, yielded a considerable number of geniuses of the first degree, not to mention the eminent people of a smaller caliber. Meanwhile, excepting, perhaps, a few heavyweight champions and eminent singers, the American negroes have not up to this time produced a single genius of great caliber. These considerations and facts seem to point at the factor of heredity, without which all these phenomena cannot be accounted for."

Furthermore, in a new volume entitled *Fads and Foibles in Modern Sociology and Related Sciences*, which was ably reviewed by Raymond Moley in *Newsweek*, and in the leading article entitled *Testomania* in the Fall, 1955 copy of the *Harvard Educational Review*, Sorokin has literally crushed as unscientific the methods used by the Supreme Court's "modern scientific authorities".

of the fierce independence and love of freedom your forefathers bequeathed you. Then read carefully the six questions asked by "Publius":

1. Where is the statute constitutionally passed by Congress, which defines the crime of which they (the sixteen hostages arrested at Clinton, Tennessee) stand accused?
2. Where is the statute constitutionally passed by Congress, which gives any court jurisdiction over anyone and everyone who thinks he might disagree with his decrees?
3. Where is the presentment or indictment by a grand jury accusing these men of violating what law?
4. What are the limits of this power? If a judge, without law, can sentence one man to thirty days in jail, can he also hang him? (Emphasis added)
5. By what authority of law does he enforce the Fourteenth Amendment against private parties who are not parties to the suit before his court?
6. If the courts can create such jurisdiction and powers for themselves, what other powers may they assume? (Emphasis added)

Is it possible to portray more graphically the dangerous reefs on which we have allowed ourselves to drift?

These grievous wrongs must be righted. You could be next, you know. Your Citizens' Council is doing its best to protect your freedom against heavy odds. Its success depends upon the support you give it.

Significant Testimony

As the months pass and more information comes to light, the flight of the United States Supreme Court from law to "modern sociology" on Black Monday begins to look more and more like a complete project of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP).

Now we learn from a new publication, *A Pictorial History of the Negro in America* by Langston Hughes and Milton Meltzer, that Justice Felix Frankfurter of the U. S. Supreme Court served as a member of the legal redress committee of the NAACP.

It is interesting to note that the work of a Negro like Langston Hughes is being promoted by special offers to subscribers of *Crisis*, official publication of the NAACP.

The testimony of Walter S. Steele before the Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, contains the following statement:

"Langston Hughes, a notorious Negro with some 82 Communist affiliations, has been particularly active in Negro Communist activities. He was originally active in the (Communist) Workers' Cultural Federation in 1930, the New Theater League, and the Southern New Theater School. He has contributed to the Communist publications *New Masses*, *Soviet Russia Today*, *Labor Defender*, *Champion* and *The Anvil*. He was active in Spanish Red ranks during the Communist revolution in that country, and he is a member of its Red Army reserve, the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, a section of the International Brigade. He has been prominent in Communist front, the American Peace Mobilization, Conference on Pan-American Democracy, League of Struggle for Negro Rights, League of American Writers, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Book Union, and the American Student Union. One of his poems, a favorite with Communists, is called *Put Just One More 'S' in U. S. A. (Soviet)*."

"Too many people don't care what happens, just so long as it doesn't happen to them."—(William Howard Taft)

"Those who surrender essential liberty to obtain a little temporary safety deserve neither liberty nor safety."—(Benjamin Franklin)

news services conducted in their accounts of what happened.

None of the reports coming back to this community by way of news media seem to coincide with what admitted witnesses to the altercation related immediately after. They are still adamant in their version of the incident.

Many interviewed witnesses agree that Rev. Paul Turner was (1) surrounded by a number of other people while the fighting was actually going on; (2) that he was putting up a terrific battle; (3) the fighting had pretty well subsided by the time the police arrived on the scene; and (4) no one was seen to be in direct physical contact with the preacher except Clyde Cook, the man who was arrested on the scene.

All witnesses who say they actually saw the fight start relate versions somewhat alike. They say Cook was either struck or pushed off balance by the preacher.

Altogether some 20 persons who admitted they had seen some phase of the incident were interviewed. Most of those who did not see the altercation start - when asked who they sympathized with - intimated that they did not think anyone had a right to attack the preacher.

Had It Coming To Him?

Of those who said they saw the beginning of the fracas, when asked the same question, were quick to state they believed the "preacher got what was coming to him."

WALL WITHIN THE ORBIT

By GRACE FOX PERRY
Vantage Press, Inc.
120 West 31st Street
New York 1, New York

Those good citizens, North and South, who are now experiencing the beginnings of the New Reconstruction will find of great interest Mrs. Perry's new novel *Wall Within The Orbit*.

Dealing with the Old Reconstruction, Mrs. Perry outlines with accuracy and feeling the chaos and utter despair confronting the grandparents of most of us during the period immediately following the War for Southern Independence.

The dramatic story of the struggles of a prominent South Carolina family to maintain some semblance of decency and personal integrity in a topsy-turvy world is an absorbing one.

How they met and solved their personal problems will be of more than academic interest to those who may be faced with conditions of equal import in the not too distant future.

Mrs. Perry is a housewife and writer of Ridgeland, South Carolina. She has served as associate editor of a county newspaper, and in recent years she has contributed feature articles to

(Continued on Page 4)

National Urban League Is "State Department" For Integration Drive

(Continued from Page 1)

only whites had done before. The same kind of agitation was reported by the same organization in Cleveland, Ohio, according to the report of the Cleveland organization to the November, 1952 convention of the National Negro Labor Council. Ben Davis, leading Negro Communist, in his report to the Communist Party's National Committee meeting of June 23-24, 1956, stated that the Communists helped organize the National Negro Labor Council, which he termed "a left center." The New York State Communist Party has said that the "advances" of the Negroes came, "out of the bitter struggles conducted by the Negro people in their organizations, notably the National Negro Labor Council, the NAACP, and the National Urban League."

COMMUNIST VIEWPOINT

A Communist viewpoint on the role of the Urban League may be found in the book *The Negro and the Democratic Front* by James W. Ford. Ford was the Negro Communist candidate for Vice-President of the United States in 1936. He writes: "In like manner, certain progressive steps can be noted in the Workers' Councils of the Urban League, under the directorship of Mr. Lester B. Granger. The Workers' Councils of the National Urban League, with branches in more than 32 industrial centers throughout the country, numbering many thousands of members, have as their basic program: To acquaint Negro workers with the economic nature of their problems, with the essential unity of white and Negro workers' interests, and with the history, technique and necessity of collective workers' action; and to establish understanding and intelligent cooperation among workers of both races, within and without the ranks of organized labor."

The Executive Director of the National Urban League is Lester Granger. According to Congressional Committee reports, some of the organizations that Granger has supported are

GREATER NEW YORK, EMERGENCY CONFERENCE ON INALIENABLE RIGHTS—panel speaker. GUIDE: Among a "maze of organizations" which were "spawned for the alleged purpose of defending civil liberties in general but actually intended to protect Communist subversions from any penalties under the law." (Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities.)

NATIONAL NEGRO CONGRESS—endorser, official call. GUIDE: "From the record of its activities and the composition of its governing bodies, there can be little doubt that it has served as what James W. Ford, Communist Vice Presidential candidate, elected to the Executive Committee in 1937, predicted: 'An important sector of the democratic front, sponsored and supported by the Communist Party.'" (Attorney General Francis Biddle.)

PRESTES DEFENSE COMMITTEE—signer of cable to Brazilian Government. GUIDE: A "Communist organization . . . defending Luiz Carlos Prestes, leading Brazilian Communist and former member of the executive committee of the Communist International." (Special Committee on Un-American Activities.)

Dr. Ira DeA Reid is listed in the 1956 Progress Report of the National Urban League as a trustee. According to Congressional Committee reports, Dr. Reid has supported, among others, the following organizations:

AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR PROTECTION OF FOREIGN BORN—speaker at dinner. GUIDE: "One of the oldest auxiliaries of the Communist Party in the United States." (Special Committee on Un-American Activities.) "Among the Communist-front organizations for racial agitation" which also serve as "money-collecting media" and "as special political organizing centers" for the racial minority they pretend to champion. "Works closely with the

(California Committee on Un-American Activities.)

HARRY BRIDGES DEFENSE COMMITTEE. Member, Southern Division. GUIDE: Cited as typical of Communist-front organizations which defend, honor or support known Communists and Communist organizations. (California Committee on Un-American Activities.)

NATIONAL NEGRO CONGRESS—endorser. GUIDE: Described above.

NEW MASSES—contributing editor. GUIDE: "Nationally circulated weekly journal of the Communist Party . . . whose ownership was vested in the American Fund for Public Service" (Garland Fund) (Special Committee on Un-American Activities.) "Until its recent merger with Mainstream, the New Masses has been the weekly journalistic voice of the Communist Party. Its first appearance was as a monthly. As the Masses, it was suppressed by the United States Government for its subversive policies." Mainstream was launched by the Communist Party in January 1947, dealing with the field of literature and creative arts. (California Committee on Un-American Activities.)

DAILY WORKER—reporter. GUIDE: "The chief journalistic mouthpiece of the Communist Party . . . founded in response to direct instructions from the Communist International in Moscow . . . The first issue of the Daily Worker appeared on January 13, 1924 . . . No other paper or publication of any kind in all American history has ever been loaded with such a volume of subversive, seditious and treasonable utterance as has this organ of the American Communists." (Special Committee on Un-American Activities.)

Other trustees of the National Urban League who have supported, according to Congressional Committee reports, a number of Communist front

Shades Of Hitlerism! Guardsman Fired For Membership In Council

A member of the Kentucky National Guard has been discharged for public support of a Citizens Council.

Allan M. Trout, Louisville (Ky.) Courier-Journal staff writer, has commented on the discharge in a recent article. Excerpts from Trout's article follow:

"The letter of the law probably was met when the Kentucky National Guard discharged Robert L. Rowley, 21, Morganfield, for public support of the Union County Citizens Council in his private capacity as a citizen.

Nevertheless, the case has disturbed a lot of citizens who try to square it with commonly accepted basic rights of free assembly, free speech, free choice of mind and the like.

"Rowley, a young farmer, joined the Kentucky National Guard Jan. 25, 1954, for a term of three years.

"The Guard was ordered to active duty at Sturgis last September. Its mission was to preserve law and order as local authorities tried, in the face of white opposition, to integrate the two races in the previously all-white schools at Sturgis."

The Union County Citizens Council was incorporated during the course of the trouble. Its publicly announced purpose was to oppose by peaceful methods racial integration in the public schools.

Rowley was a specialist third class in Company C, 240th Tank Battalion. As such, he was on active duty one week at Sturgis.

"Adj. Gen. J. J. B. Williams, in field command of the guard, says that, so far as he knows, Rowley rendered satisfactory service in all respects the week he was on active duty.

"Williams says he did not issue orders forbidding guardsmen from joining the Citizens Council, or from attending meetings of the council, after they returned home from active duty.

"Williams also says the Citizens

Council was not certified to him by the Attorney General of Kentucky, or the Attorney General of the United States, as illegal, subversive or otherwise unfit for membership by National Guardsmen in their private capacities as citizens.

"Rowley reverted to civilian life after his week of active duty. A few days later, he attended a meeting of the council at Morganfield and offered to donate the pay he had received for the active duty at Sturgis.

"He was discharged from the National Guard Sept. 30 for the stated reason of "incompatible occupation." He had tried to re-enlist at Madisonville, but his application was rejected. The Selective Service Board, meanwhile, has changed his draft classification from 1-D to 1-A.

"Williams says that the stated reason of "incompatible occupation" is a fiction, insofar as it infers the occupation of farming is incompatible with the military. He says the stated reason is a mere detail incident to an honorable discharge.

"The real reason, Williams says, is that Rowley's avowed sympathy with the Citizens Council placed a grave question against his loyalty to the National Guard when and if it is called out to quell integration disturbances.

"Williams adds, however, that Rowley's action placed no question against his loyalty were the guard called out on any other mission such as to suppress riots or to preserve order after catastrophes of nature.

"Williams concedes that Rowley has the legal right to do what he pleases with his money, except to gamble it or mutilate it.

"He concedes that Rowley, as a citizen, has the right to join the Citizens Council and to participate in its activities in a lawful manner.

"But he denies that Rowley can exercise these two rights and, at the same time, belong to the Kentucky National Guard."

This Raises A Question

(An Editorial)

A Kentucky National Guardsman has been discharged for public support of a Citizens' Council.

According to news dispatches, Adjutant General J. J. B. Williams states

The Executive Director of the National Urban League is Lester Granger. According to Congressional Committee reports, some of the organizations that Granger has supported are the following:

AMERICAN YOUTH CONGRESS—speaker and sponsor, New York State Model Youth Legislature, January 28-30, 1938. (Descriptions of the organizations in the remainder of this study are to be found in Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications, hereinafter referred to as GUIDE, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, May 14, 1951).

GUIDE: It (AYC) originated in 1934 and . . . has been controlled by Communists and manipulated by them to influence the thought of American youth. (Attorney General Francis Biddle.) Launched during August of 1934 and for about seven years . . . one of the most influential front organizations ever established by the American Communist Party. (California Committee on Un-American Activities.) The purpose of the Young Communist League in controlling and building this American Youth Congress is the same as in its other youth groups, namely, to build up a united front, to push the objectives of and produce cadres for the Communist Party among persons to whom they would be unable to make a direct approach. (Massachusetts House Committee on Un-American Activities.)

FRONTIER FILMS—advisory board. GUIDE: Cited as a Communist front which "has faithfully followed the Communist Party line in its productions" and whose personnel is "closely interlocked" with the Film and Photo League, as a "Communist front for revolutionary films." (California Committee on Un-American Activities.)

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE—sent greetings to Conference. GUIDE: Legal arm of the Communist Party. (Attorney General Francis Biddle.) "It is, essentially, the legal defense arm of the Communist Party of the United States." It is the American section of M.O.P.R., or Red International of Labor Defense, often referred to as the Red International Aid. Its international Congresses meet in Moscow. (Special Committee on Un-American Activities.) "The International Labor Defense . . . was part of an international network of organizations for the defense of Communist law breakers. (Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities.) One of the more potent and obvious Communist-front organizations. (California Committee on Un-American Activities.)

front organizations for racial agitation" which also serve as "money-collecting media" and "as special political organizing centers for the racial minority they pretend to champion." "Works closely with the International Labor Defense, legal arm of the Communist Party, in defense of foreign-born Communists and sympathizers." (California Committee on Un-American Activities.)

UNITED STATES CONGRESS AGAINST WAR—arrangements committee. GUIDE: "Convened in St. Nicholas Arena, New York City, on September 29, 1933. . . it was completely under the control of the Communist Party. Earl Browder was a leading figure in all its deliberations. In his report to the Communist International, Browder stated: 'The Congress from the beginning was led by our Party quite openly.'" (Special Committee on Un-American Activities.)

CITIZENS COMMITTEE TO FREE EARL BROWDER—signer of petition. GUIDE: When Earl Browder (then general secretary, Communist Party) was in Atlanta Penitentiary serving a sentence involving his fraudulent passport, the Communist Party's front which agitated for his release was known as the Citizens' Committee to Free Earl Browder . . . Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, one of the few outstanding women leaders of the Communist Party in this country, headed it. (Special Committee on Un-American Activities.)

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HUMAN WELFARE—speaker second conference April 14-16, 1940. GUIDE: Cited as a Communist-front organization "which seeks to attract southern liberals on the basis of its seeming interest in the problems of the South" although its "professed interest in southern welfare is simply an expedient for larger aims serving the Soviet Union and its subservient Communist Party in the United States." (Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities.)

According to testimony before the House Committee on Un-American Activities in 1947, Earl Browder described Southern Conference For Human Welfare as "one of the transmission belts of the Communist Party."

Another trustee listed by the National Urban League is Loren Miller. According to Congressional Committee reports, some of the organizations supported by Miller are as follows:

BOOK UNION—advisory council. GUIDE: "Distributors of Communist literature." (Special Committee on Un-American Activities.) A "Communist 'Book-of-the-month' club."

Other trustees of the National Urban League who have supported, according to Congressional Committee reports, a number of Communist front enterprises are: Frank S. Horne, Reynolds Hobson, Beulah T. Whitby and Charles S. Zimmerman.

Until recently Reverend John Paul Jones was listed as a Vice President of the National Urban League. Congressional Committee reports list an impressive number of Communist front enterprises supported by Jones. Among them are:

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF SPANISH DEMOCRACY; signer of a statement defending the Communist Party printed in the Daily Worker; **CONSUMERS NATIONAL FEDERATION**; **COORDINATING COMMITTEE TO LIFT THE (SPANISH) EMBARGO**; **GREATER NEW YORK EMERGENCY CONFERENCE ON INALIENABLE RIGHTS**; **INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE**; **LEAGUE FOR MUTUAL AID**; **NATIONAL FEDERATION FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES**; and **PEOPLES INSTITUTE OF APPLIED RELIGION**.

Irving Mollison was listed as a Vice President of the National Urban League along with Jones. Congressional Committee reports list Mollison as an endorser of the **NATIONAL NEGRO CONGRESS**.

In 1950 Lloyd K. Garrison was listed as President of the National Urban League. Lloyd K. Garrison is listed in a Congressional Committee report as a member of the National Committee of the **INTERNATIONAL JURIDICAL ASSOCIATION**. GUIDE: Cited as a "Communist created and controlled" organization closely associated with the International Labor Defense and specializing "in the defense of individual Communists or of the Communist Party itself." It has followed the Communist Party line without deviation. (California Committee on Un-American Activities.)

Also in 1950 Earl B. Dickerson was a member of the executive board of the National Urban League. Earl B. Dickerson is listed in Congressional Committee reports as supporting a number of Communist front enterprises. An interesting item in testimony before the House Committee on Un-American Activities in 1947 relates that according to Communist reports, police raided the meeting of the labor division of the **NATIONAL NEGRO CONGRESS** (described above) at its 10th annual convention in Detroit in 1946; arresting 37 of its members. Listed among those it claims were taken to jail were Earl B. Dickerson and Ira Reid.

(An Editorial)

A Kentucky National Guardsman has been discharged for public support of a Citizens' Council.

According to news dispatches, Adjutant General J. J. B. Williams states that the real reason for the discharge of Robert L. Rowley of Morganfield is that Rowley's avowed sympathy with the Citizens' Councils placed a grave question against his loyalty to the National Guard when and if it is called out to quell integration disturbances.

If this does not mean Kentucky National Guardsmen are expected to fire on their own flesh and blood if necessary to accomplish integration by the sword, then what does it mean?

He Prefers Respect - Negro Educator Flays Race "Coddling" Trend

EDITOR'S NOTE: The letter published below appeared in the Jackson, Miss., State Times of Dec. 10, 1956. Clennon King is a history professor at the well-known Mississippi Negro college, Alcorn A&M. It is stressed that these are the personal views of the writer, not necessarily those of the college.

"UNFORTUNATE CRISIS"

State Times,

Now that the prospect for peace over Suez "has considerably improved", I am sad that Afro-Americans have been no more a factor than we have in the unfortunate crisis. Apparently, widely touted Negro diplomat Ralph Bunche was of minimum assistance, despite the fact of his nominally No. 2 spot in the UN and his old hand in the Mid-East game. Anyway, America seems to have depended almost wholly upon the star role of Swedish blond Dag Hammarskjold. Truly this critical situation separated the men from the boys.

I am no hater of that widely lambasted Supreme Court, but I do think a proud, self-respecting Afro-American population, in its own right, with unapologetic African ties, can mean infinitely more to the American bid for uncontested world leadership than a coddled race of white imitations.

India's Nehru says he was favorably impressed by the U. S. Court's May '54 decision, it was a token of "toleration", but I wonder what his reaction would be to a Negro ambassador from America to India?

America sends ambassadors to 79 foreign countries. Only 28 of these are to purely white countries—including Canada, New Zealand, South Africa and Australia. Twenty are to Latin America (a predominately mulatto race; 24 to Asia; and seven to

Africa. Of this vast host only the ambassador to Liberia is Negro. What is the objection to colored American ambassadors to colored nations? The colored nations themselves! Not even Ethiopia prefers a Negro ambassador.

Sympathy or tolerance is one thing and respect is another. Certainly respect is always to be preferred. Policies dominated by sympathy tend to give rise to unrealistic solutions. America needs no minority population which is object of anyone's pity. She requires a colored population which is so cohesive, proud and strong that, like the Anglo-Saxon population, Afro-Americans can effectively influence policies of the older mother country.

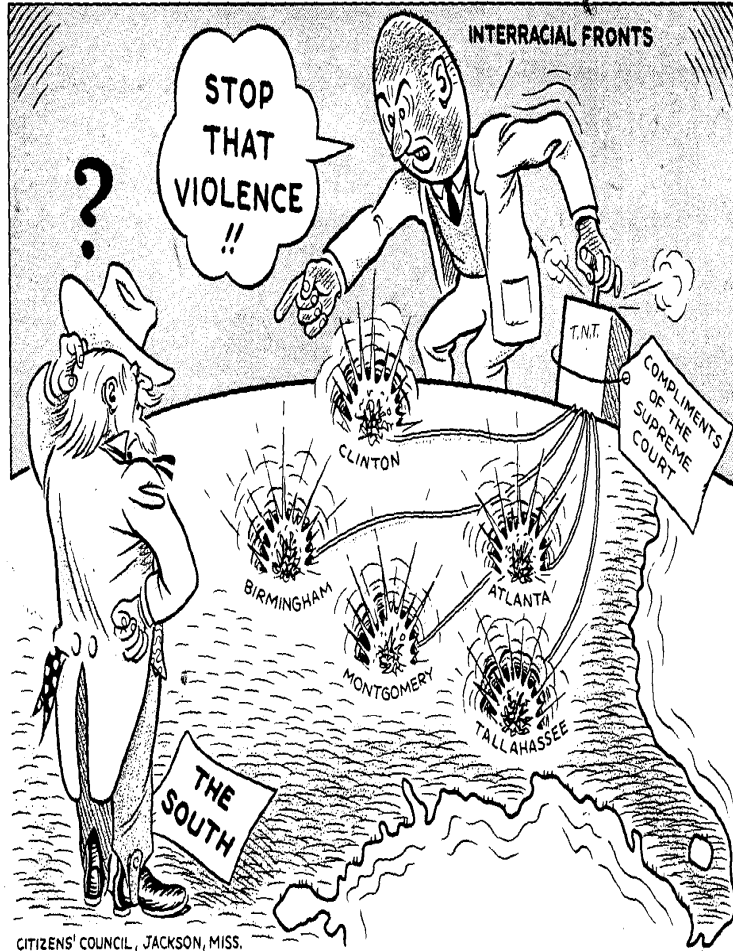
Foolishly we try to forget it, but, like all other Americans, we have a mother land too. The man who feels no deep awareness of his background is like a building suspended in air.

Much is said about Egypt being Arabic, but Egypt is an African nation. For America's benefit, Afro-Americans should have been so unified they could have influenced Egypt's policy in the recent crisis. U. S. Jews, only a minor fraction compared with American Negroes, are able to greatly influence Israel's policy.

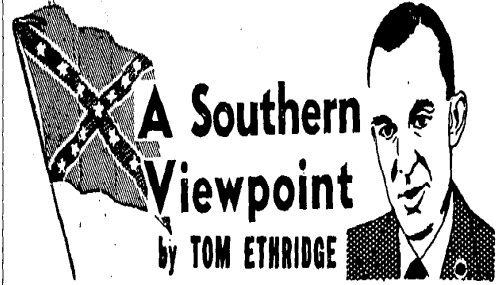
They may sympathize with us, but Egypt, Ethiopia nor anyone else really respects copy-cats or mere integrationists. Such an abject people have no mind of their own nor any unique contribution to make. History has never extolled anything save independence, progress and peace. War may be "hell" but ignominy is worse. Any race or nation whose ambition is to be swallowed up by another will soon be forgotten.

Truly yours,
Clennon King
Lorman, Miss.

Who Dunit



CITIZENS' COUNCIL, JACKSON, MISS.



COLORING THE NEWS

Some of these news stories out of Clinton, Tennessee, definitely have pro-Negro bias. In fact, no few of these reports have seemed more in the nature of anti-segregation editorials than objective news coverage.

For one thing, persons opposed to race-mixing are usually branded as "segregationists", although those attempting to overthrow long established customs are not habitually described as "integrationists".

BIAS IS OBVIOUS

Whenever embittered whites are quoted, any grammatical lapse in their speech is mercilessly recorded verbatim—including such phrases as "them niggers," "we seen," "ain't gonna," etc. Oddly enough, these "segregationists" never seem to speak in a normal manner. They usually "snarl," "yell," "scream," "snap" and "howl". Reportorial bias against them is often clear. Also clear is the effort to transfer such bias to the minds of readers.

On the other hand the little Negro pupils, when quoted, invariably speak perfect English. Aside from their headline value as instigators of Clinton's unrest, these children also are newsworthy because they seem incapable of those grammatical imperfections common to their race. Indeed, their perfect mastery of our language, as indicated in sympathetic news reports, suggests that these colored children should be teaching English instead of studying it.

PREJUDICIAL PHRASES

Whenever Clinton citizens congregate on their own streets, they are apt to be described as a "mob", although wire services do not permit the use of such a word in connection with those who demonstrate in other disputes. Another opprobrious term, without quotation marks, is "troublemakers." This word is hardly suited to impartial news writing, since it instinctively prejudices many readers against persons thus described.

Who in this great audience has ever read a wire dispatch referring to union strikers, as "troublemakers"? Who has ever seen these unfavorable terms in a news story concerning NAACP agitators? Or for that matter...

the real culprits at Clinton have not been arrested. We refer to the group of Negro "troublemakers" who insist on forcing themselves where they do not belong, where they have no proper place and where they are not wanted. Despite this rash of slanted news stories picturing them as martyrs, the fact remains that these little colored upstarts are resorting to anti-social methods in compelling white children to mix with them at the point of pistols, bayonets and court orders.

The most glaring attempt to bestow martyrdom upon an unworthy brow has been press glorification of that headline-hungry preacher who presumed to "escort" the real Clinton troublemakers to school. While violence against him was unfortunate, this meddlesome minister had no more business in such a role than he would have in escorting non-striking workers across a union picket line. It seems safe to dismiss his misguided act as a convenient means of gaining the public spotlight. Our guess is that he would have been sorely disappointed if matters had not turned out as they did.

COPY NEEDS EDITING

Southern newspapers, in keeping with public responsibilities, should not hesitate to use their blue pencils when handling editorialized and prejudicial "news" stories from Clinton and other areas of racial friction. Editorials belong on the editorial page, identified as such, and not on the front page in the guise of impartial reporting.

It is not difficult to account for much of the pro-Negro bias which is becoming all too common in American journalism. Many reports on racial happenings are written by budding young crusaders pathetically anxious to demonstrate their own "liberalism." To them objective writing seems far less sacred than the cause which they cherish.

A CERTAIN CASH VALUE

Having no other mass outlet for their anti-Southern prejudices, some reporters color press dispatches in a subtle effort to project their personal philosophy. Nor is this unethical technique lacking in content.

Negro Editor Tells His People - "You Can't Eat Integration"

Editor Davis Lee in his Newark, N. J., Telegram (A Negro Newspaper)

This integration-segregation issue has stirred up bitterness, hatred, prejudices, and has destroyed long-standing friendships. But, strange as it may seem, fifty per cent of the Negroes are not concerned about it either way.

The liberals, who are frothing at the mouth and shedding crocodile tears over the plight of the poor Negro in the South, will gladly give him integration, but won't give him a job or provide his family with clothing or bread.

The Southerners don't want to have integration, but they will gladly give him a job and help clothe and feed his family.

movement, yet Southern Negroes are working at jobs that Northern Negroes can not get, because the unions will not accept them as members. There are more Negro carpenters, bricklayers, and building contractors in North and South Carolina than there are in the 33 integrated states.

Negroes can't eat integration. They need jobs. They need the opportunity to develop their talents. . . . The South is the only section of the nation that offers such opportunities. If these liberals and agitators are the

Negro's friends and Southern whites are his enemies, then someone needs to protect him from his friends.

A GRIM CHALLENGE

Against a court gone sociologist and an attorney general who would sacrifice local peace and good will in the name of forced mixing and political expediency, there can and must be firm resistance—unrelenting, massive resistance by all legal means.—(South Magazine).

Movement Is Growing - Councils In Mississippi

bread.

The Southerners don't want to have integration, but they will gladly give him a job and help clothe and feed his family.

The liberals will open their schools to Negro children, but they won't hire many Negroes as teachers. The South won't admit Negro children to its schools, but they will give the Negro his own school manned by teachers of his own race. And all of this is given to him without cost.

There are forms of segregation that are degrading and humiliating, but to have one's own school and teachers is not one of them. Giving the Negro his own school and teachers is more in keeping with that concept of freedom, justice, and equal opportunity that the founding fathers had in mind than is an integrated system of education.

In no section of the country does the Negro enjoy the educational, employment, and economic opportunities which he enjoys in the South.

The labor unions are pouring thousands of dollars into this integration

A Noble Example

According to reports the Atlanta Public Schools Teachers Association has voted unanimously to withdraw from the American Federation of Teachers rather than accept an ultimatum to desegregate.

Roger H. Derthick, association president and a brother of Lawrence G. Derthick of Chattanooga, Tenn., who was recently appointed U. S. Commissioner of education, said the vote at a recent mass meeting of the teachers local was unanimous.

Derthick said the teachers adopted the resolution "because the federation during recent years had changed its constitution to declare any local charter void which permitted segregation of any race."

Movement Is Growing -

Councils In Mississippi Nominate New Leaders

Completing a series of six meetings in December by Congressional Districts, officers of the local Citizens' Councils elected four representatives from each District to serve during the year 1957 on the State Executive Committee of the Mississippi Association of Citizens' Councils.

The Executive Committee directs the policies of the State Association, and collects and disburses funds of the Mississippi Citizens' Councils at the state level.

Chosen at the District meetings were:

DISTRICT I

John B. Cunningham, Brooksville-planter, merchant
N. E. Dacus, Tupelo - pharmaceutical distributor
Will E. Ward, Starkville - attorney
Shelby Woodward, Louisville - Chancery Clerk

DISTRICT II

W. H. Anderson, Ripley - attorney, editor
Ben Jack Hilbun, Oxford - auto dealer
John Tabor, Winona - auto parts dealer
Z. M. Veazey, Jr., Coldwater - planter

DISTRICT III

A. E. Britt, Indianola - planter, ginner
Wilburn Hooker, Lexington - planter, insurance
Fred Jones, Inverness - planter

Pete F. Williams, Sr., Clarksdale-merchant, planter

DISTRICT IV

Judge Tom P. Brady, Brookhaven - Circuit Judge
Nick Roberts, Yazoo City - merchant
Clay Tucker, Woodville - attorney
Ellis W. Wright, Jackson - funeral director

DISTRICT V

R. C. Bradshaw, Pearl - State Health Department
H. H. Harpole, Philadelphia - Public Service Commission
W. H. Johnson, Jr., Decatur - attorney
Marion Simpson, Canton - Sheriff

DISTRICT VI

Ward Hurt, Lumberton - manufacturer, Mayor
Dewey Myers, Prentiss - cold storage, oil operator
Robert Oswald, Pascagoula - City Attorney
J. E. Stockstill, Picayune - attorney

Other officers are:

Ellett Lawrence, Greenwood - Finance Chairman
Bob Parrish, President Bank of Greenwood - Treasurer
R. B. Patterson, Greenwood - Executive Secretary
W. J. Simmons, Jackson - Editor,

THE CITIZENS' COUNCIL

The Mississippi Citizens' Councils are organized in 65 counties, and have a combined membership of 85,000.

Financial and progress reports were made to each meeting.

strikers, as "troublemakers"? Who has ever seen these unfavorable terms in a news story concerning NAACP agitators? Or for that matter, has the word "troublemakers" ever been applied in news stories to known Reds whose witness stand hysteria and Fifth Amendment antics so often disrupt and defy lawful investigations of Communism?

REAL TROUBLEMAKERS

On the subject of "troublemakers",

reporters color press dispatches in a subtle effort to project their personal philosophy. Nor is this unethical technique lacking in certain material compensations. Oftentimes it has a definite cash value to those who practice it.

For example, it qualifies them for special awards, bonuses, citations, sinecures and fellowships so freely bestowed upon Negrophile journalists by other Negrophile journalists in this Century of The Colored Man.

A Fair Question -

Does Uncle Sam Show Favoritism To Negro?

WASHINGTON — A presidential committee has recently reported that Negroes comprise 23.4 per cent of the federal employees in five major cities, including this one.

Chairman Maxwell Abbell of President Eisenhower's Committee on Government Employment Policy, which compiled the figures said the survey turned up two findings which he termed of particular significance.

"The first is that Negroes are employed by the federal government well above their ratio to the total population," Abbell said. "The second is that Negroes are by no means confined either to the menial jobs of the government or to the lower grades in the (civil service) Classification Act."

The ratio of Negroes to the total U. S. population is about 11 per cent.

Besides the capital, cities covered by the survey were Chicago, St. Louis, Los Angeles and Mobile, Ala.

The committee found that 43 per cent of the Negroes employed in the five cities held "Classification Act" or "white collar" jobs and 31 per cent held "wage board" or "blue collar" jobs paid on a per-day basis. The 26 per cent listed in "other" jobs included postal employees.

The survey showed that of all Negro federal workers in the five cities, 5 per cent were in supervisory jobs and had administrative direction over other employees.

The "white collar" civil service jobs are graded by number from 1 through 15, with 15 carrying the highest salary. Fifteen per cent of the Negroes employed in the five cities were found to be distributed from grades 5 through 15, as compared with 67 per cent of the whites in the same cities. Eighty-five per cent of the Negroes and 33 per cent of the white in the same cities were in grades 1 through 4.

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605 Plaza Building, Jackson, Mississippi

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State.....

WALL WITHIN—

(Continued From Page 2)

the News and Courier of Charleston, South Carolina, the Morning News, of Savannah, Georgia, the South Carolina Magazine and various church periodicals. She has previously written a book on local history, entitled Moving Finger of Jasper, published in 1947.

Mrs. Perry says that almost every incident in Wall Within The Orbit is based on actual happenings. Her grandfather was a Confederate Army officer and later a captain of a Red Shirt company under Wade Hampton in 1876.

DIRECTOR, FBI

January 22, 1957

SAC, LOUISVILLE (44-220)

LUTHER MELTON
CHIEF OF POLICE
SHIVELY, KENTUCKY;

[redacted] VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Lee Miller

Transmitted herewith to the Bureau are two photostatic copies of a mimeographed letter dated January 19, 1957, on the letterhead of the Citizens Councils of Kentucky, Inc., addressed to [redacted] Commonwealth Attorney, Louisville, Kentucky, from MILLARD D. GRUBBS, Chairman of the Citizens Councils of Kentucky, Inc. It will be noted that copies of this letter are designated for three local judges, the County Probation Officer, the subject, a newspaper reporter mentioned in the letter, the United States Attorney, and two press services.

The letter vaguely alleges "unwarranted evasion" of the victim's civil rights based upon an arrest of [redacted] on January 16. The letter refers to the Fourth and Sixth Amendments to the Constitution.

MILLARD D. GRUBBS is a Louisville segregationist who has long been active as an anti-Negro, anti-semitic agitator. GRUBBS has most recently come to the attention of this Bureau in connection with the case entitled "CITIZENS COUNCILS OF KENTUCKY, INC., INTERNAL SECURITY - X," Bufile 105-50230.

[redacted] is also identified in the above mentioned matter in report of Special Agent [redacted] entitled "CITIZENS COUNCILS OF KENTUCKY, INTERNAL SECURITY - X," dated January 9, 1957, at Louisville, Kentucky.

- 4 - Bureau (2-105-50230)
- 3 - Louisville (1-44-220) AIR MAIL (Encls.) (2)
 - (1-105-177)
 - (1-105-211)

GWH/JEK
(7)

105-34237-27-V
NOT RECORDED
133 FEB 4 1957

2 ENCLOSURE
with file
64 FEB 11 1957

ORIGINAL FILED IN 44-0-1

LS. 44-220

[redacted] first came to the attention of this office on November 14, 1956, when the Louisville Police Department reported that he was contacting students at Louisville Male High School stating that he was interested in getting white boys who were willing to agitate against integration in schools. [redacted] was identified by Louisville Police as being from Detroit. [redacted] has carried on a campaign for admission to Louisville schools in which he filed a suit against the Louisville Board of Education demanding that he be admitted. He was admitted on January 7, 1957, according to news reports.

The letter by GRUBBS complaining of violation of [redacted] civil rights is based on an incident described by the Courier-Journal, Louisville, Kentucky, a newspaper of general circulation, on January 17, 1957. This story reports that [redacted] was arrested by the Shively Chief of Police on January 17, 1957, after trying to oust the police chief from a meeting [redacted] was conducting. According to this story about thirty youths, including a sixteen year-old girl, were attending a meeting being held by [redacted] in the Commercial Club of St. Helens, 4105 Dixie Highway. MELTON went to the club after receiving a report of the meeting because state law forbids the meeting of minors in establishments licensed for alcoholic beverages, the Commercial Club of St. Helens having such a license. [redacted] according to the story, challenged the right of Shively Police Chief, LUTHER MELTON, to enter the meeting and demanded that he leave. After an exchange of remarks in which [redacted] was reported as having said "Go ahead, lock me up," [redacted] was arrested. Later twelve of the youths at the meeting returned to the meeting hall to drink beer and whiskey. [redacted] is reportedly seventeen years old and the ages of the other youths arrested ranged from sixteen to twenty. The newspaper story also reported that MILLARD GRUBBS rented the club for [redacted]

[redacted] and the other juveniles arrested were handled by Juvenile Court.

Two of the youths originally arrested in the [redacted] affair were arrested on January 19, 1957, in connection with a car theft, according to a story in the Courier-Journal, on January 20, 1957. These two reportedly escaped after having been arrested by [redacted] in connection with the previously described meeting.

LS. 44-220

All newspaper clippings concerning the activities of [redacted] have been furnished to the Bureau on a current basis in connection with the matter entitled "CITIZENS COUNCILS, INTERNAL SECURITY - X," Bufile 105-34237.

In connection with the arrest of [redacted] a letter was found in his possession from JOHN KASPER, Executive Secretary of the Seaboard White Citizens Councils, Washington, D. C., inviting [redacted] to Tennessee and offering to come back to Kentucky with to "fight to victory along with MR. GRUBBS." This letter has been obtained upon Bureau instructions in connection with another matter. The original and copies of instant letter were furnished to the Bureau and interested offices.

Unless advised to the contrary, no inquiry or investigation is being conducted in connection with any possible violation of the civil rights of [redacted] based upon the vague, general allegations in the mimeographed circular letter of GRUBBS. The letter is obviously in the nature of propaganda material and from past knowledge of GRUBBS' activities, although copies of the letter are designated to only a few officials, copies will be circulated as propaganda material by GRUBBS.

1/30/57

AIRTEL
AIR MAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, LOUISVILLE (44-220)
RE: LUTHER MELTON
CHIEF OF POLICE
SHIVELY, KENTUCKY;
[redacted] - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Remylet dated January 22, 1957 and my airtel dated January 24, 1957.

Referenced letter and airtel referred to allegations by MILLARD DEE GRUBBS, Chairman, Citizens Councils of Kentucky, Inc., that the civil rights of [redacted] had been violated in connection with [redacted] arrest at a meeting being held by [redacted] on January 16, 1957 and the Grand Jury investigation being conducted by the Jefferson County Grand Jury based upon GRUBBS' allegations.

Transmitted herewith are four photostatic copies of a mimeographed letter from MILLARD D. GRUBBS as Chairman of the Citizens Councils of Kentucky, Inc., dated January 26, 1957, addressed to the Foreman and Members of the Jefferson County Grand Jury. This letter contains further allegations by GRUBBS concerning the arrest of [redacted] and more details of GRUBBS' version of this arrest.

Additional copies of this letter and of the photostats of the above letter are being furnished to the Bureau in order that copies may be placed in Bureau File 105-50230 (Citizens Council of Kentucky, IS-X) and Bureau File 105-34237 (Citizens Councils, IS-X).

4-Bureau (1-105-50230) (Enclosures 4)
(1-105-34237) (AIR MAIL)
3-Louisville (1-44-220)
(1-105-177)
(1-105-211)

GWH/fsm

105-50230-1-4
NOT RECORDED
141 FEB 21 1957

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

67 FEB 26 1957

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 44-11404-7

LS 44-220

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b7C

The Courier-Journal, a newspaper of general circulation, Louisville, Kentucky, on January 29, 1957 reported that the Jefferson County Grand Jury had filed its final report on January 28, 1957. According to the story the report said that the jurors had made a complete investigation into the arrest of [redacted] "Foe of Integration," on a breach-of-peace charge January 18 in Shively as requested by MILLARD DRE GRUBBS, who alleged [redacted] civil rights had been violated. The jury, according to the story, made no recommendation in this matter.

No investigation is being conducted in this matter. RUC.

FAISST

END

LETTER OF NOTICE

FILED 5 11 26 PM '57

RECEIVED 5 11 26 PM '57

CITIZENS COUNCILS OF KENTUCKY, INC.
1427 South Sixth Street
Louisville 8, Kentucky

January 26, 1957

Tel. ME.7-7321

Foreman, and Members of Jefferson County Grand Jury
Criminal Court Building
Louisville, Kentucky

Gentlemen and Ladies:

Stern action by the Grand Jury is needed to prevent the individual crimes of the Courier Journal and the Louisville Times and their puppets, in the frame-up against [redacted] from becoming public guilt.

Thoughtful citizens have been stunned by the violence of the attack and denial of this boys civil rights. Every since it became known that this honor student did not favor forced integration-did not toe the red line of race mongrelization, Louisville's propaganda sheets have stalked him with false and savage headlines to associate his name with boys with record which the child did not know. This is a vital part of the plot to discredit and ruin the child.

These subversive dastards have never informed the public of the true facts in the matter. Here are a few of the damaging facts which they have never published. [redacted] was almost a total stranger in the city. He had been publicized by these same people until the curiosity of the student was rampant. They wanted [redacted] to tell them about integration of schools he had attended. The school authorities had forbidden the [redacted] child to mention the matter while in school or on its grounds. Under such a situation, [redacted] undertook to hold a get acquainted party at St. Henlen's Club in Shively. Hardly had the doors to this private meeting opened when two police women disguised as girls entered. James Pope Jr, of the Louisville Times had previously sneaked in. They were recognized and politely invited to leave, which they hesitatingly did.

About an hour later, the heavy set two hundred pound Shively Police Chief barged in with a loud demand of, "what's going on here? According to his own statement in the press, nothing was going on except the [redacted] lad was speaking on the Constitution and President Lincoln. Did it disturb this framing mob to hear a child speak of the Constitution of the United States and of President Abraham Lincoln? [redacted] invited this burly cop to be seated and remain and see what was going on. Apparently this was not in the plans, for the top man of Shively rushed from guest to guest demanding to know their names and where they lived. This gross official misbehavior so frightened the kids that many began to leave the party, while police were swarming all over the place. At this point James Pope Jr, of the Louisville Times conveniently returned to this private party. Young [redacted] his nerves frayed and his patience exhausted again told Pope that he was an uninvited person and to leave. But Chief Melton, by highanded action had now taken complete charge of this private party and vetoed [redacted] order to Pope, with these words "oh, no, I want him here," which [redacted] the host under arrest charged with breach of peace for reading the Constitution and referring to President Lincoln or for trying to defend his rights against Melton's unlawful search and seizure. With young [redacted]

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JAN 28 1957
FBI - LOUISVILLE

ENCLOSURE

and on his way to the Childrens Center on West Chestnut Street, the doors were left invitingly unlocked for new comers. In about an hour these people returned to the building to find a new group which they called a drinking party in session. Although [redacted] was now in the Childrens Center and had no connection with the drinking party the Louisville Times and Courier Journal as the main sponsors of the plot to ruin [redacted] gleefully associated his name with the new group who had assembled long after he had been taken away. Who arranged the drinking party? Why didn't the Chief of Police lock the doors to the building when he knew the one who had given the party had been taken away and would not be back that night? Was the building left open to complete the frame up against Segregationist [redacted] Where did the whiskey, if any was found, come from? Did Mr. Pope provide it? Where were the police women all this time? Why were they out there in the first place? Did the Chief of Police and his men, and the disguised police women and the reporter try to crash this party to hear the lad [redacted] talk on the Constitution? "None are so blind as those who don't want to see."

A few days later one of the chaps that had been planted on [redacted] is alleged to have been caught with a stolen automobile. Here's the way the boy [redacted] was libelled in that matter. Here's the way the Louisville Times criminally and falsely associated [redacted] with the theft; [redacted] Party Trio Accused In Car Theft."

Is it necessary to argue futher that this is positive proof of the plot against [redacted]

The scandal which clusters around this effort to destroy this boy has thickened as shown by the following facts. The charges against the boys in the Shively Police Court had been set for Saturday January 27, 9:00 a.m. On or about January 22, 1957 Charles Boone, Judge of Shively Police Court had indicated that the charges against these youths in his court would be dismissed or postponed when they were called for trial, because of an investigation of these arrests, by the Jefferson County Grand Jury. In a conversation with one of his neighbors he had made such statements. [redacted] and some of the defendants had been informed of what Judge Boone had said in this regard. They were lulled to sleep by this information and therefore made no preparation for defense in the Shively Court. They had been advised that the Chief of Police invading the private party, was without legal sanction or warrant of law and that they could not be convicted under such cirmstances. Young [redacted] realized that it was an attempt to smear him by the conviction of those whom they had planned to come to his party. Consequently he undertook to intervene in the trial of the cases by offering the motion which follows:

"The intervenor, [redacted] moves the court to set aside the judgements herein because;

1. The defendants were arrested on premises in possession of this intervenor and such arrests were in violation of his privacy and the rights secured to him by the Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
2. The intevenor believes the arrest and conviction of these defendants was and is a part of a conspiracy to frame and ruin him.

3. These defendants had been informed that the trial judge, in a conversation with one of his neighbors, that the cases would be dismissed or postponed to await the outcome of the investigation of the matter by the Grand Jury.

4. The defendants appeared at the trial unprepared to defend themselves. They were deprived of a trial by jury.

The [redacted] child had was astounded when he found out that Judge Boone was going to put the defendants on trial. He left the courtroom to obtain advice in the matter and while he was gone Boone hurried the defendants to conviction and when young [redacted] tendered the motion above quoted Boone overruled the motion and with bitter feeling ordered him from the courtroom. In a report to the press the boy [redacted] gave these facts to the city desk of the Courier-Journal on Saturday at noon on January 27, 1957. These vital facts and circumstances were not mentioned by these supporter of race mongrelization.

This organization hopes that this Grand Jury will subpoena the children who were invited to [redacted] "get acquainted party" and were intimidated into leaving by Chief of Police Menton and his men and let them testify as to whether or not the Chief of Police was "ordered out" we also believe the Grand Jury should inquire into the facts and circumstances connected with the report put out by Judge Boone that he intended to postpone or dismiss the case, and then changed his mind quickly and misled [redacted] and some of the defendants.

Respectfully,

CITIZENS COUNCILS OF KY. INC.,

Chairman
Millard D. Grubbs, Chairman

MDG:bb

Copies to;

Honorable [redacted]
Honorable [redacted]
Honorable [redacted]
Agent in Charge of FBI
Shively Police Judge
Shively Police Chief
Courier Journal
James Pope Jr,
Associated Press
United Press
Honorable [redacted] Asst. County Attorney

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

January 24, 1957

The attached December 24, 1956, issue of the Augusta Courier, Augusta, Ga., was sent to the Director from Association of Citizens Councils of Miss., 207 West Market St., Greenwood, Miss. Attention was directed to page 4, which contains an article critical of the FBI. The FBI is also mentioned on pages 1, 3 and 4 in the article "Strictly Personal" by Roy V. Harris.

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Nichols ✓
Mr. Boardman ✓
Mr. Belmont ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Parsons ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tamm ✓
Mr. Trotter ✓
Mr. Jones ✓
Mr. Nease ✓
Tele. Room ✓
Mr. Holloman ✓
Miss Holmes ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

Attachment
hbb

ENCLOSURE

INDEXED - 14

EX-171

FEB 5 1957

67 FEB 3 1957

105-34237-328

Handwritten signatures and initials:
Baughman
McMurry P4

RECEIVED - DIRECTOR

ENCLOSURE

105-34337-328

ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS

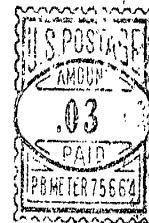
OF MISSISSIPPI

STATES' RIGHTS

RACIAL INTEGRITY

207 WEST MARKET ST.

GREENWOOD, MISSISSIPPI



Direct Mail
1-21-57



Mr. John Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau Of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

*Dedicated to the maintenance of peace, good order and domestic tranquility in our Community and in our State
and to the preservation of our State's Rights.*



THE AUGUSTA COURIER

Be Not Content With The Appearance of Things, But Look For The True Meaning

Vol. 2

THE AUGUSTA COURIER, DECEMBER 24, 1956, AUGUSTA, GA.

No 490

Griffin Calls On South For Million \$\$ To Fight Commies, Desegregation

Inefficient Teachers And Crip - Course - Hunting Pupils In High Schools Are Destroying Nation's Educational System

Pleasure Loving Americans Heading For Moronic Mental Level At Rapid Rate

Week after week more evidence piles up that the roadblock to an effective system of education lies principally in the high schools and partly in the elementary schools.

The President of Beckman Instruments company and President of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, Dr. Arnold O. Beckman, writing in the U. S. News & World Report in its issue of November 30, 1956, said:

"Our educational system appears to have failed in another serious way, name

STRICTLY PERSONAL

By ROY V. HARRIS

The early settlers of this country came here to escape tyranny. Never in the world's history have we witnessed such tyranny as we are witnessing in this country today.

Clinton, Tennessee is a most flagrant example of judicial tyranny.

Conditions as they exist in Clinton, Tennessee today are caused by the power-drunk judiciary—judges who have forgotten the American tradition, judges who have relegated to themselves the power of tyrants.

The people of Clinton, Tennessee who have been dragged into the federal courts have violated no law passed by the Congress.

In Clinton, Tennessee, a judge by the name of Taylor has made his own law. It is what we call "Taylor-made" law.

It is an edict of a tyrant. The law that he has made has not had the approval of Congress nor any of the elected representatives of the people.

Legislative Bodies Would Be Requested For Appropriations To Carry On Fight

Governor Marvin Griffin joins The Augusta Courier in calling for a million-dollar advertising fund to be used by the Southern States to present the case for the Southern way of life and constitutional government to the people of America.

In a statement given the Courier last week the Governor said:

"The hour is now—not tomorrow, not at some vague date in the future."

Would Meet Arguments

Americans Heading For Moronic Mental Level At Rapid Rate

Week after week more evidence piles up that the roadblock to an effective system of education lies principally in the high schools and partly in the elementary schools.

The President of Beckman Instruments company and President of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, Dr. Arnold O. Beckman, writing in the U. S. News & World Report in its issue of November 30, 1956, said:

"Our educational system appears to have failed in another serious way, namely, by permitting progressive deterioration in the rigor of its mental training and disciplines."

Marked Decline

And he further says:

"Our elementary and high schools appear to suffer from which might be described as pernicious softening of the curriculum. Over the past two or three decades there has been a marked decline in the number of students required to take subjects such as mathematics, physics and chemistry, which demand and develop clear thinking and analytical reasoning."

He called attention to the fact that at the beginning of the century one out of every five high school students studied physics while today only one out of every twenty-five are studying the subject.

Not Meeting Need

In his article he calls attention to the fact that there is today a big demand for engineers and scientists and yet we are not turning out engineers and scientists.

In 1950, 52,732 students were granted engineering degrees in the United States while in 1954 only 22,236 degrees of this kind were issued.

In 1950, 61,000 students were granted degrees in the natural sciences while in 1954 only 31,168 received such degrees.

Not Getting Training

This situation is believed to be due to the fact that in the elementary and high schools the students are not getting the training which enables them to pursue the courses leading to engineering and science degrees.

The same thing is holding true in the languages and history and many of the other fundamental courses.

They simply do not get the training in high school that enables them to pursue these courses with success.

Consequently, college students are being graduated from music schools, business schools, teachers' schools and such other kinds of colleges.

Want Crip Courses

They hunt the crip courses. They follow the line of least resistance.

(Continued on Page 2)

CLINTON TRIBUNAL

By ROY V. HARRIS

The early settlers of this country came here to escape tyranny. Never in the world's history have we witnessed such tyranny as we are witnessing in this country today.

Clinton, Tennessee is a most flagrant example of judicial tyranny.

Conditions as they exist in Clinton, Tennessee today are caused by the power-drunk judiciary—judges who have forgotten the American tradition, judges who have relegated to themselves the power of tyrants.

The people of Clinton, Tennessee who have been dragged into the federal courts have violated no law passed by the Congress.

In Clinton, Tennessee, a judge by the name of Taylor has made his own law. It is what we call "Taylor-made" law.

It is an edict of a tyrant. The law that he has made has not had the approval of Congress nor any of the elected representatives of the people.

Yet, this judge has made his own law. The FBI has swooped down into Clinton at the request of the judge and hauled the people of Clinton into court. This judge is now going to sit and try these people himself.

This judge is the lawmaker. He is the prosecutor. He is the judge and he is the jury. What chance do the poor devils of Tennessee have under such tyranny?

Here's what the judge said in his order:

1. That certain named persons and others whose names are not known "are hindering, obstructing and interfering with the carrying out" of a court's order to mix the races in Clinton High School.

2. That persons unknown have requested and urged the principal and members of the school board not to mix the races.

3. That these persons have formed picket lines in front of the high school and caused large crowds to form near the entrance causing the Negroes to be afraid to go to the school.

4. That anonymous letters had been written to the parents of the Negro students.

In his opinion there was a concerted movement at Clinton, Tennessee among the white people to intimidate the parents of the Negro pupils so as to prevent race mixing.

And then he enjoined the whole world and prohibited the whole world from interfering in any way with race mixing at the Clinton High School.

Now, the judge's prosecutor claims that a lot of people have violated this world-wide injunction of his.

They charge these people:

1. Of carrying on a deliberate and persistent campaign against the school officials.

2. Organizing Citizens Councils to prevent integration.

3. Of making threats against persons who cooperated with school officials in their efforts to mix the races.

4. Of congregating in the immediate vicinity of the school building.

5. Encouraging violence on the part of white students against Negro students.

6. Assaulting Negro students on their way to and from school.

Now the assaults and threats with which these people are accused are usually handled in police courts of some kind—never by the FBI and federal judges.

In this case the federal judge has made him some law and he has brought in the FBI and is dragging the people into court to be persecuted by him.

Now, if this fool judge can get by with this action in Clinton, Ten-

(Continued on page 3)

Would Be Requested For Appropriations To Carry On Fight

Governor Marvin Griffin joins The Augusta Courier in calling for a million-dollar advertising fund to be used by the Southern States to present the case for the Southern way of life and constitutional government to the people of America.

In a statement given the Courier last week the Governor said:

"The hour is now—not tomorrow, not at some vague date in the future."

Would Meet Arguments

The proposal is that the legislatures of the various states make an appropriation to some commission representing that state and then that all of the commissions collaborate, coordinate and unify their efforts towards overcoming the propaganda with which the people of the nation have been fed for twenty years.

This propaganda has been to the effect that segregation is unconstitutional, un-American and un-Christian.

These arguments should be met and the Southern side of the picture should be presented to the people.

Plan Is Endorsed

Governor Griffin has already endorsed the movement. He is a member of the Georgia Commission on Education and the Georgia Commission, several months ago, endorsed the movement and pledged its full cooperation.

The Governor's statement calling for action now is as follows:

In view of the unbearable situation caused in many states of the nation as a result of the United States Supreme Court's decision outlawing segregation in the schools and other fields I believe the time has come for the people of the Southern States to bind themselves together in close unity to wage a concerted fight for states' rights.

The hour is now—not tomorrow, not at some vague date in the future.

Would Unite South

In my opinion the proposed movement to unite the Southern States in a powerful movement to include a nationwide publicity campaign is an excellent idea.

It is suggested that a million dollars a year be raised to conduct an educational campaign throughout the nation to inform the people outside the south about the true story of the Southern way of life and the necessity of restoring constitutional government in America.

At its last meeting the Georgia Commission on Education endorsed such a movement and promised its full cooperation.

Misinformation about the South and Southern people and about the relations

(Continued on Page 3)

Merry Christmas And A Happy New Year

THE AUGUSTA COURIER

He who spares no class of men is angry at no person,
but the vices of all.

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Our Godlike Federal Judges

(From the Richmond (Va.) News-Leader)

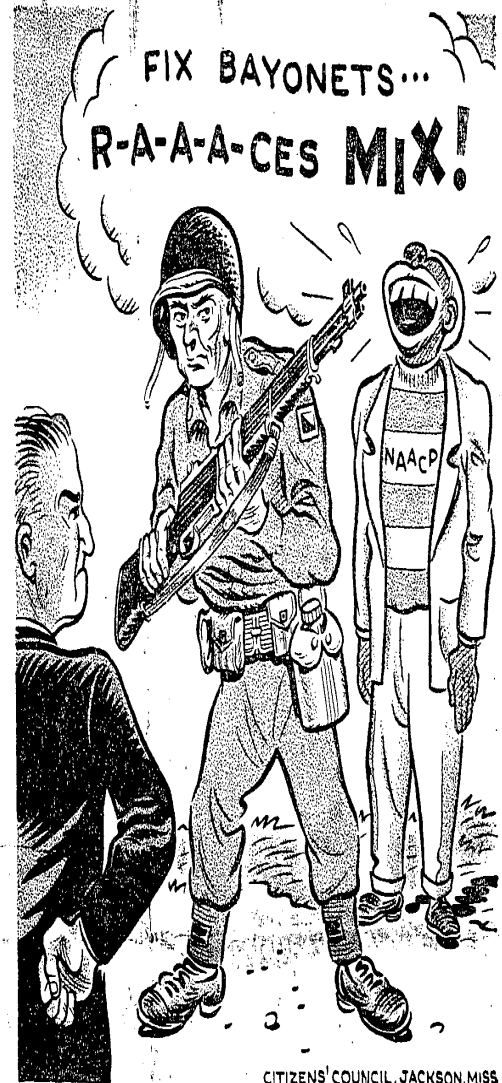
Out in Clinton, Tenn., we see by the papers, 16 citizens have been arrested and brought before a Federal judge at Knoxville on charges, of all things, of contempt of court. Their offense is that they have "interfered with integration" of the Clinton High School. Several of these terrible people are said to have punched a Baptist minister in the nose; others are accused of "pushing a teacher inside the school." One of the defendants, therefore, was hauled to Knoxville in handcuffs, and placed under \$12,000 bond.

There was a time when simple assault was a misdemeanor, punishable under State law; that it should become, in Clinton, a criminal contempt of a Federal court suggests that some of our godlike Federal judges have arrogated unto themselves powers not of this world.

What goes on here? Are we to comprehend that any citizen who speaks out against integration of the public schools—urges resistance to decrees not based in law, advocates the ouster of politicians and judges responsible for these things, and otherwise exercises his rights as a free man—is to be brought, in handcuffs, before their reverences on the Federal bench? Is it proposed, now that the Tenth Amendment has been repealed by judicial fiat, also to repeal the First? What constitutes contempt of their lordships?

Let us follow these proceedings with the closest attention. What is gradually evolving is a situation in which the white man who resists integration is a criminal, while the Negro who may provoke incidents is merely an innocent citizen pursuing his constitutional rights. We may recall that the courts first twisted the Constitution to tell the South, "You must not segregate." Now the violence to the Constitution continues with a broader decree: "You must integrate." And in the process, our legislating judges seem to be writing not merely new civil law, but creating new criminal law as well. Which part of the Constitution shall be undermine today?

THE DRILL SERGEANT



CITIZENS' COUNCIL, JACKSON, MISS

Pleasure Loving Americans Heading For Moronic Mental Level At Rapid Rate

(Continued from Page 1)

And in a good many cases they are not equipped to follow any other kind of a course. One famous teacher of mathematics in one of the leading Universities has stated that he couldn't teach mathematics in either a high school or an elementary school because he couldn't meet the standards required. He knew his math, but he hadn't studied up on the methods.

Teachers Are Ignorant
This testing service found that most of the mathematics teachers in the elementary and high schools were barely able to keep ahead of their pupils and most of those who were teaching mathematics had had a long-standing hatred of the subject.

Turning Out Simpletons
Every year we are turning out more graduates in our high schools, but we are turning them out less equipped. "The softening of the curriculum" has resulted in a softening of the brains in our educational system. We are mass producing graduates and

not based in law, advocates the ouster of politicians and judges responsible for these things, and otherwise exercises his rights as a free man—is to be brought, in handcuffs, before their reverences on the Federal bench? Is it proposed, now that the Tenth Amendment has been repealed by judicial fiat, also to repeal the First? What constitutes contempt of their lordships?

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The Judge's Grave Responsibility

(From the Chattanooga (Tenn.) News-Free Press)

The arrest of a number of individuals, in Clinton on charges of contempt of court in connection with Federal Judge Robert L. Taylor's order that Clinton High School be integrated raises questions far more serious even than the serious question of forced integration.

There is no question that a minister was beaten after he had escorted Negro students to school. Those who attacked him violated state law and should be indicted and tried in a state court for their crime. It is alleged that those who attacked him also violated the court's order forbidding interference with integration, although the attack on the minister was not made as he escorted the Negroes but a short time later.

But there are other individuals who have been arrested for contempt of court on charges that are much less clear. Shall an individual who only exercises his right of freedom of speech in raising his voice in protest and disagreement—and who has not taken any part in physical violence—be subjected to fine or imprisonment?

If mobsters are permitted to attack a minister because they disagree with him and are not prosecuted, freedom is gone. But if a court can imprison or fine individuals simply for dissent, freedom is destroyed by that course.

The surest road to tyranny is paved with crushed freedom of speech.

The question of the legality of the Federal court's injunction and the scope of its application is a difficult one that should engage the ablest of constitutional lawyers. But there should be no question about freedom of speech.

Freedom of speech should not extend to falsely shouting "fire" in a theater; nor to yelling "Let's get 'em" in a crowd that is emotionally on edge. But a man's right to disagree and to criticize—even in strong terms—must not be denied.

Judge Taylor, who issued the Clinton injunction and who will try without jury those arrested for alleged violation of it, holds the grave responsibility of drawing the fine line that protects freedom of speech while also protecting freedom by upholding order.

Teachers Leaving Americans Heading For Moronic Mental Level At Rapid Rate

(Continued from Page 1)

And in a good many cases they are not equipped to follow any other kind of a course.

A recent survey by the Educational Testing Service of Princeton, New Jersey, shows that the teaching of mathematics in the high schools of the country is in a deplorable state.

Teachers Are Ignorant

This testing service found that most of the mathematics teachers in the elementary and high schools were barely able to keep ahead of their pupils and most of those who were teaching mathematics had had a long-standing hatred of the subject.

They found high school teaching of mathematics so bad that sixty-two percent of the colleges surveyed reported a necessity to repeat high school mathematics in college.

The mathematics situation was so bad in the high schools until the Naval Academy at Annapolis recently abolished trigonometry as an entrance requirement and is now teaching it themselves.

Teachers Not Prepared

One of the greatest troubles is the fact that the teachers are not prepared to teach these subjects.

Most of them come out of teachers' colleges where they have studied a lot of methods of teaching, but very little of the substance required.

Years ago, Dr. Robert A. Millikan at the University of Chicago had quite a controversy.

Millikan was a famous teacher of physics and he insisted that his teachers of physics know something about physics. He was disgusted with teachers who came to him brimming full of methods of teaching physics, yet at the same time, knew no physics.

System But No Brains

Dr. Wallace Sterling, of Stanford University, a long time ago took offense at the idea that teachers were more concerned about the methods of teaching than they were with teaching itself.

Under the present requirement for teachers many of the leading scientists in America couldn't qualify to teach in their field at all because they have not been to some teachers' college and studied up on all of the methods which are insisted

upon by the licensing agencies.

One famous teacher of mathematics in one of the leading Universities has stated that he couldn't teach mathematics in either a high school or an elementary school because he couldn't meet the standards required. He knew his math, but he hadn't studied up on the methods.

Turning Out Simpletons

Every year we are turning out more graduates in our high schools, but we are turning them out less equipped.

"The softening of the curriculum" has resulted in a softening of the brains in our educational system.

We are mass producing graduates and it is even doubted that most of them have the little bit of learning which is supposed to be a dangerous thing.

High school graduates, when they apply for a job, are unfitted for most anything and the average high school graduate hasn't the training required to fill any decent kind of a job.

Quality Is Demanded

It is time that the softening process be remedied, it is time that we stop bragging about numbers.

The time has now come when we must have some quality in our education and the youth of our state must be trained in the elementary and high schools in the basic essentials necessary to turning out scholars and teachers in the future.

The present day of neurotics and people so confused in their minds until they don't know which way they are going is caused by the light doses of education which we are dispensing.

Time To Stop Playing

Everybody today is insisting on their children being administered a sugar-coated pill and given courses of education that are light, easy and fantastic.

Something that is light on the pupil and doesn't interfere with the parents in the least.

So far, we have not been able to perform this kind of miracle.

The time has now come when we must put our schools back into the teaching business.

We might forget a little psychology, sociology and methods while we learn our subject matter.

NOTICE

READ THIS COPY OF THE COURIER. THEN MAIL IT TO SOMEONE. GET US MORE SUBSCRIBERS. LET'S TAKE THE WORD TO THE PEOPLE.

The Augusta Courier

1300 Southern Finance Building

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

Georgia's Industrial Advancement Tops The Southeast

State Will Score Another Record Making Gain For The Year Of 1956

It would have taxed the imagination of an optimistic person to have tried to visualize ten years ago, Georgia's commanding position in industrial development in the Southeast today.

Standing at the top of the Southeastern states in industrial progress, Georgia is in fourth place in the entire nation, in manufacturing progress.

This is the shank of the year 1956. When the record for that year is closed, information now in the Georgia Department of Commerce, will reveal that industrial development in the State during 1956 exceeded that of 1955.

The record as it stands now, shows that during the post-war years, more large manufacturing plants came to Georgia than any other state in the Southeast, and the fourth largest number in the entire nation.

Georgia gained 117 firms employing 100 or more workers in the seven-year period 1947-1954, according to the United States Government in its latest study of the national industrial scene.

Exceeded By 4 States

The increase of 117 big plants in Georgia, was exceeded nationally only by California's increase of 476; Texas 201, and Ohio 119.

(The federal census of industries in Georgia does not include the year 1955.

(The Georgia Department of Commerce reports that Georgia got 287 new industries in 1955.

(The report of that department shows that 129 new industries located in Georgia, as of June 1956; it is known now that the 1956 annual report of that department, will reveal that the number of industries for that year will exceed the total of 287 for 1955.

(The federal census does not include industry employing less than 100 persons; therefore, its report is based largely on big manufacturing concerns.)

This is the picture in the seven-state Southeastern region:

Georgia 117; North Carolina 114; Tex-

STRICTLY PERSONAL

(Continued from Page 1)

nessee, some other judge can do the same thing in your community.

The people of Clinton, Tennessee are in the same fix as the people of Hungary today.

In Hungary the Communist tanks and guns are shooting protesting people to death. They are taking others as prisoners and carrying them to Russia to be slave laborers.

The people of Clinton, Tennessee have faced the tanks and the guns and the bayonets of the National Guard of that state.

The people of Tennessee are now being rounded up and taken into Judge Taylor's court by the federal gestapo, formerly known as the FBI.

The peculiar thing about the situation is that a few days ago the President of the United States condemned the tyranny in Hungary. At the same time he said nothing about the tyranny at Clinton.

The President called upon the individuals in the free world to reaffirm by word and deed faith in the cause of freedom everywhere so that the honored dead in Hungary's ill-fated revolution "shall not have died in vain."

The President, in his statement, said that the tyranny in Hungary repudiates every article in the declaration of human rights.

Among the things which the President said about the action in Hungary, he enumerated:

1. "It denies the principle that no one shall be subjected to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment."
2. "It denies that no person shall be arbitrarily arrested, detained or exiled."
3. "It denies the right to fair and public hearings by an independent and impartial tribunal."
4. "It denies the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion."
5. "It denies the right to freedom of opinion and expression."
6. "It denies the right to freedom of peaceful assembly."
7. "It denies that the will of the people shall be the basis of the authority of government."

And, I ask you if all of these statements do not apply to the poor people at Clinton, Tennessee?

Under the "Taylor-made" law under which they are operating now they have been denied the freedom of speech, the freedom of assembly, the freedom against arbitrary arrest, denies them the right to trial by an impartial tribunal and denies them the right to have the will of the people as a basis for this "Taylor-made" law.

But this "Taylor-made" law was made by Taylor:

It was not made by the people or the people's representatives.

It was made by a tyrant whose appointment is for life and who should be retired by impeachment.

The President's heart bleeds for the people of far away Hungary who are the victims of the tyranny of the Communists.

But he has no sympathy for the white people of Clinton, Tennessee.

While the tyranny of Clinton, Tennessee was being...

Christmas Is Time To Take Stock Of All Our Blessings

ATLANTA, Ga.,—With more than 200 children from local orphanages as special guests, Gov. Marvin Griffin the other night turned on the current to light the beautiful Christmas display at the Executive Mansion symbolizing the beginning of the holiday season. Then he said:

"To all the children and grown folks in Georgia, I bring you a sincere message of good cheer. As customary every year, we are tonight turning on the beautiful lights at the Governor's Mansion symbolizing the celebration of the greatest of all holidays which has been observed for nearly 2,000 years.

"This is the happiest time of the year when Old Father Christmas in all his bluff and hearty honesty, sweeps over the land and wraps his children under his mantle of joy, good will and jollity attendant upon the Yuletide.

"'Tis a season of relaxation for the renewal of old friendships and for strengthening the ties of the new. 'Tis a season when squeals of delight from rollicking children ring throughout the household in anticipation of the chuckles and grins of a benevolent Santa Claus.

"And 'tis a season when hearts beat faster as we join in the general celebration of the anniversary of the birth of the Christ Child and look back upon the glad-some moments enjoyed during the year which is quietly passing away in the face of the sound of the chimes ringing out the new.

"To all of us the approach of Christmas brings back memories that cover the years of the past. Hanging up the first stocking, looking on the Christmas tree with its gaudy decorations, squaring up to the bountiful table to enjoy the myriads of good things to eat that the holiday brings. The toys on the floor, the romping of brothers and sisters and friends and neighbors.

"Yes, memories of the oranges, the apples, the nuts, the striped candy, the cookies, the luscious pies, the thickly frosted cakes, the brown roast turkey and rich dressings, the trimmings of vegetables and baked ham with gravy oozing in all the dishes.

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(The federal census does not include industry employing less than 100 persons; therefore, its report is based largely on big manufacturing concerns.)

This is the picture in the seven-state Southeastern region:

Georgia, 117; North Carolina, 114; Tennessee, 82; Florida, 74; South Carolina, 72; Alabama, 57, and Mississippi, 54.

An analysis by the United States Department of Commerce of Bureau of Census' Surveys of manufacturers for 1947 and 1954, shows that the nation as a whole gained 2,448 large-class plants. The number of such plants in Georgia went from 473 to 590, decisively out-stripping the gain in 44 other states.

Nation-Wide Record

Nation-wide, the gains during that period were:

Alabama had 57 newcomers; Arizona, 20; Arkansas, 37; California, 476; Colorado, 16; Connecticut, 42; Delaware, 5; District of Columbia, 4; Florida, 74; Georgia, 117; Idaho, 20; Illinois, 30; Indiana, 30; Iowa, 33.

Kansas added 37; Kentucky, 22; Louisiana, 13; Maine, 7; Maryland, 57; Massachusetts, 31; Michigan, 106; Minnesota, 17; Mississippi, 54; Missouri, 34; Montana, 10; Nebraska, 11; Nevada, 8; New Jersey, 94; New Mexico, 5.

New York, 56; North Carolina, 114; Ohio, 119; Oklahoma, 42; Oregon, 49; Pennsylvania, 58; South Carolina, 72; South Dakota, 4; Tennessee, 82; Texas, 201; Utah, 6; Virginia, 87; Washington, 37; West Virginia, 6; and Wisconsin, 49.

Georgia's 590 Plants

New Hampshire lost eight big plants during the seven-year period, Rhode Island lost 49 plants, Vermont lost 4, and Wyoming lost 1.

North Dakota did not reveal a gain or lose in industrial plants.

Georgia had 590 plants in the large-class category in operation at the time of the 1954 census.

The national gain of 2,448 one-hundred-or-more employee plants between 1947 and 1954, there were 569 established in the Southeast.

That was the largest number to locate in any single region in the nation. The total, in the region, went from 2,673 immediately following the war to 3,242, which moved the Southeast up from fourth place to third in the entire country in total number of large plants.

Compared to the Southeast's 569 large plants added, the New England region added 19; Middle Atlantic section, 208; East

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The President's heart bleeds for the people of far away Hungary, who are the victims of the tyranny of the Communists.

But he has no sympathy for the white people of Clinton, Tennessee.

While the tyranny of Clinton, Tennessee was going on, the President of the United States has been playing golf amid some of the prettiest Indian Summer weather we have ever seen on a fabulous golf course, amid luxurious surroundings not more than two miles from where I sit. He has entertained dignitaries from all over the world. He has had a good time and enjoyed himself. He has rested and improved his health.

Amid these luxurious and happy surroundings his heart has bled for the people of Hungary, but it is like stone where the people of Clinton, Tennessee are concerned.

Men have always refused to bow to tyrants exactly as the people of Hungary have revolted and the people of Clinton, Tennessee have revolted.

It is one of the characteristics of the white race and one of the characteristics which race mixing would destroy. The people of Clinton, Tennessee will never bow to the tyrants. They may submit for the time being to stay out of jail, but eventually they will win their fight.

Eventually there won't be a Negro left in the Clinton High Schools.

Some time soon the people of Clinton, Tennessee will learn to use the same tactics employed by the majority of the communities in the United States outside of the South.

They simply won't let a Negro live in their community.

They refuse to give them jobs. They refuse to have anything to do with them. They refuse to do business with them. Soon the Negro moves on.

This will soon happen in Clinton, Tennessee.

Clinton, Tennessee means more to the people of the United States than the tyranny which has existed upon until this time.

Unthinking people think the FBI is in there fighting for law and order. The truth is the law violators are the Justices of the Supreme Court and the Federal Judge at Clinton.

It is the Judges and the gestapo, formerly known as the FBI, that are flaunting and violating the law.

Now, what does all this mean to you?

If the Judges and Justices can, without an Act of Congress, without any legislative authority, without permission from the people, suddenly decide as they did in the segregation cases that modern-day socialistic writers on psychology and sociology are right and the Constitution of the United States is wrong and make their own law on this subject, then they can usurp the same power to write the law on any subject they see fit.

Suppose the Justices suddenly decide that the sale, possession and manufacture and drinking of liquor in New York City is immoral, un-American, un-Christian and contrary to the teachings of the psychologists and the sociologists.

(Continued on Page 4)

North Central, 334; West North Central, 136; West South Central, 293; Mountain land, Kentucky, Virginia, West Virginia region, 79; Pacific, 562; and the remainder and the District of Columbia, 169.

of the sound of the chimes ringing out the new.

"To all of us the approach of Christmas brings back memories that cover the years of the past. Hanging up the first stocking, looking on the Christmas tree with its gaudy decorations, squaring up to the bountiful table to enjoy the myriads of good things to eat that the holiday brings. The toys on the floor, the romping of brothers and sisters and friends and neighbors.

"Yes, memories of the oranges, the apples, the nuts, the striped candy, the cookies, the luscious pies, the thickly frosted cakes, the brown roast turkey and rich dressings, the trimmings of vegetables and baked ham with gravy oozing in all the dishes.

"And one down the years through school days, teen ages, young manhood and into business and the professions until the present day when the Christmas spirit imbues the bosom and friendliness and good will toward mankind still kindle at the sight of the Christmas lights.

"Wrapped around this good old State of Georgia and this peaceful County of Fulton are kind thoughts that haunt the mind and will be ever made dearer by memory's ripening touch.

"It is a time when we take stock of the many blessings we have received during the year and when we look ahead to the coming of another year with hope and anticipation of even better things to come.

"Let us all join hands; and with good will toward mankind flowing from our hearts, celebrate this glad season in a spirit of joy and a spirit of reverence for the Babe born in Bethlehem who gave his life that the peoples of the world could receive the everlasting glories of the Christmas religion."

Legislative Bodies Would Be Requested For Appropriations To Carry On Fight

(Continued from Page 1)

between the two great races in the South has been spread and circulated for many years in newspapers and magazines published in Northern states.

Time Is Here

The time has come for us to present to the nation the TRUE picture of the South and its customs.

It is a big job, it will cost money, but I am sure that the tragic events that are foreshadowed as a result of the Supreme Court's decision would justify every possible sacrifice by Southern people.

The time for action has come and I urge the people of other Southern states to give the matter careful thought and to rally to this cause when it is presented to them.

The Augusta Courier and many other newspapers are ready to lead the way.

GOP Politicians Are Turning FBI Into Political Gestapo

Brownell Forcing Contempt Of White Southerners For Federal Agents

Herbert Brownell, Tom Dewey's Attorney General, and the race mixers have turned the FBI into nothing but a political gestapo.

This is quite a comedown for the FBI which has been considered by the American people to be an impartial organization for the protection of the people themselves.

Every day it is being changed into more of a gestapo.

J. Edgar Hoover for many years fought a valiant fight to keep his bureau of investigation out of such channels.

And now he has succumbed and is attempting to set up a secret police force as dangerous to the rights and liberties of the American people as that of Hitler's gestapo or Stalin's NKVD.

FBI Been Degraded

The most recent instance is the use of the FBI to control the protests of the decent white people of Clinton, Tennessee.

The FBI has been degraded in the eyes of the American people. From now on, the FBI will be considered the enemies of the people of the South. From now on the FBI will have the contempt of the decent white people of the South.

From now on confidence in the FBI is gone.

From now on any member of the Federal Bureau of Investigation is an enemy of the decent, liberty-loving white people of the South.

Brownell's Habit

But this isn't the first time Herbert Brownell has perverted the FBI.

It was only a few months ago that practically every Congressman from Georgia denounced the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its efforts to create trouble in Cobb County, Georgia.

Some official of the NAACP complained that there weren't enough Negroes on the juries in Cobb County. So, a whole swarm of FBI agents swooped down on the City of Marietta and started investigating the officials of the State of Georgia.

Too Hot For FBI Boys

They should have been run out of the state for invading the sovereignty of the State of Georgia and its officials. Yet, after all of the publicity and after all of

STRICTLY PERSONAL

(Continued from Page 3)

Suppose, after reaching this decision, they write a decree forbidding the whole people of New York State to either drink, sell, manufacture or possess alcoholic beverages. Suppose then they shout for the gestapo, heretofore known as the FBI, and start rounding everybody up who does not abide by their edict.

Suppose they put everybody who buys or sells a drink in New York in jail for contempt of court.

Now, this sounds ridiculous. But in the light of what they are doing at Clinton, Tennessee, it isn't as ridiculous as you think it is.

Now, let us suppose again.

Suppose these leftwing judges and leftwing courts suddenly decide that the capitalistic system is wrong and that it is immoral, un-Christian, un-American and un-Constitutional for one man to own an office building or an apartment building while millions of others own nothing but their shirttails.

Now, suppose the judiciary gets into the hands of that kind of a bunch of tyrants and they suddenly decide to outlaw the owners of private property.

And suppose they decide that it is time to issue an edict forbidding the people of a whole state or a whole nation to own private property. Suppose that time comes and the people ignore the order and then the gestapo moves in and starts preferring charges for the violation of the edict.

Suppose you are brought up before that kind of a leftwing judge and sent to jail because you haven't given away your property.

Now, this supposition may sound far-fetched and unrealistic but it is no more so than what these judicial tyrants have already done.

You may answer me by saying that the Constitution guarantees the right of ownership of private property, that the people of this country have always had private property, that the people of this country have always believed that we had the right to own private property and that the courts have invariably held for a hundred and fifty years that we are entitled to own private property.

Well, up until May, 1954, the same thing could have been said about segregation. The Constitution authorized it, the founders of the government practiced it, the members of the Congress practiced it, and every court in the land has upheld segregation for one hundred and fifty years, including the Supreme Court of the United States.

Suddenly, the judges read a book on sociology and psychology and decided that for one hundred and fifty years the courts, the Congress and the people had been wrong, and, consequently, by an edict, ordered race mixing.

Now, if they can do it in one instance, they can do it again.

Now, you just let one of these wildcat leftwingers get elected President and stack the courts and anything can happen.

Now, that's what the Communists hope to do. You may laugh at me and say that it can't happen here.

But I remind you that right here in Georgia, when I started ten years ago trying to tell the people what the leftwingers in the President's office and these stacked courts were trying to do, most of the people of Georgia

Highway Patrol At Top Strength In Safety Drive

ATLANTA, Ga.—As the State Highway Patrol swung into action for the year-end holiday season in the most highly concentrated state-wide traffic enforcement campaign in its 20-year history, the Department of Public Safety released consolidated statistics showing Georgia's over-all traffic death picture for the first eleven months.

With November showing a decrease of 34 deaths, or a minus 28 per cent, over a year ago (87 against 121), the 11-month total came to 995 compared with 971 fatalities in the corresponding period last year. This was an increase of 24 deaths, or a plus two per cent.

While Georgia's traffic deaths so far this year are still ahead of 1955 by two per cent, there has been a marked improvement in the over-all picture since July 1 when an increased budget enabled the Safety Department to hire 50 additional troopers and expand its operations all along the line, the records show.

For example, in the first six months deaths totaled 548 as compared with 467 the previous year, an increase of 81, or a plus 17 per cent, while sizable decreases were being recorded in four of the five succeeding months. In the five-month period from July through November the total was 448 against 504, a decrease of 56 fatalities, or a minus eleven per cent when compared with a year ago.

As a result of this improvement since mid-year, Georgia's death rate (the number of persons killed to each 100-million miles of travel) has come down from 7.5 to 7.2. There were 959,672,844 more miles traveled on Georgia's roads, and 25,775 more vehicles registered in the state, according to the latest available figures.

"We are proud of the work our troopers are doing," said Col. W. C. Dominy, Safety Department director. "Now faced with the toughest assignment of all—that of patrolling the roads during the Christmas and year-end holiday season—we again appeal to all motorists for complete cooperation in maintaining safety on the roads."

The State Patrol will be operating at top strength for the remainder of the year, Col. Dominy said. No leaves or week-end passes are being granted to troopers, and all personnel and equipment at the 34 patrol posts and at headquarters will be available for active duty. From 5 p. m.

From now on any member of the Federal Bureau of Investigation is an enemy of the decent, liberty-loving white people of the South.

Brownell's Habit

But this isn't the first time Herbert Brownell has perverted the FBI.

It was only a few months ago that practically every Congressman from Georgia denounced the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its efforts to create trouble in Cobb County, Georgia.

Some official of the NAACP complained that there weren't enough Negroes on the juries in Cobb County. So, a whole swarm of FBI agents swooped down on the City of Marietta and started investigating the officials of the State of Georgia.

Too Hot For FBI Boys

They should have been run out of the state for invading the sovereignty of the State of Georgia and its officials. Yet, after all of the publicity and after all of the hurly-burly mess they created, the FBI labored and the mountain gave birth to a mouse.

The resentment of the people of Georgia and Georgia's delegation in the Congress was so bitter and so vitriolic until the FBI couldn't stand the pressure.

So, instead of criticizing the officials of Cobb County as they were supposed to do they succumbed to public opinion and like the Arabs quietly folded their tents and stole away in the night.

FBI Working For GOP

Recently, they have been dabbling in Louisiana worse than they dabbled at Marietta, Georgia.

Senator W. M. Rainach of Summerfield, Louisiana, accused the Department of Justice of using the FBI in an attempt to build a "black Republican party in the South".

Senator Rainach is Secretary of the Citizens Councils of Louisiana and in an effort to break up the Citizens Councils, an Army of FBI people have been combing Louisiana trying to intimidate Council members.

Rainach said that he and State Representative John S. Garrett of Haynesville had been questioned by FBI agents concerning a meeting of the Citizens Councils in Grant Parish in Louisiana. These FBI agents questioned other members of the council trying to determine what took place at a Citizens Council meeting.

Would Purge Voting Rolls

Senator Rainach and his Citizens Council group have been waging a campaign to purge the voting rolls in Louisiana of persons who are on the rolls illegally.

As a result of their campaign and the purging of these rolls it has been discovered that large blocks of ignorant, unqualified Negroes are on the voting list.

When these facts were brought to the attention of the officials of these counties a lot of these illegal voters have been removed from the rolls.

This caused consternation in Washing-

always believed that we had the right to own private property and that the courts have invariably held for a hundred and fifty years that we are entitled to own private property.

Well, up until May, 1954, the same thing could have been said about segregation. The Constitution authorized it, the founders of the government practiced it, the members of the Congress practiced it, and every court in the land has upheld segregation for one hundred and fifty years, including the Supreme Court of the United States.

Suddenly, the judges read a book on sociology and psychology and decided that for one hundred and fifty years the courts, the Congress and the people had been wrong, and, consequently, by an edict, ordered race mixing.

Now, if they can do it in one instance, they can do it again.

Now, you just let one of these wildcat leftwingers get elected President and stack the courts and anything can happen.

Now, that's what the Communists hope to do. You may laugh at me and say that it can't happen here.

But I remind you that right here in Georgia, when I started ten years ago trying to tell the people what the leftwingers in the President's office and these stacked courts were trying to do, most of the people of Georgia said it couldn't happen here.

Now, it hasn't happened in Georgia, yet.

But we are getting mighty close. The Tennessee mountains aren't far away and unless the people are willing in their wrath to rise up and demand that their representatives in Washington do something about it we will be facing the gestapo and the orders of some judicial tyrant right here in Georgia some day.

Some Judge may make some more "Taylor-made" law. He may jerk you up in court and put you in jail for owning a farm or a store or a building.

He may even put you in jail for working hard and saving a little money and having a little bit more than your neighbor.

If they can do it one time, they can do it again.

tion and the FBI swooped down upon the leaders of the Citizens Councils of Louisiana.

Washington Conspiracy

This caused Senator Rainach to say that the investigation of the FBI results from the "vast conspiracy in Washington by high officials of the U. S. Department of Justice to nullify the voice of the South in the national political arena."

Senator Rainach says the immediate object of the FBI investigation is to force him and his assistants in the Citizens Council from purging the voting rolls of the illegal and ignorant voters in Louisiana.

"It is an obvious attempt by certain radical Republicans to build a black Republican party in the South, similar to the one which plundered and ravished the South during the Reconstruction," he said.

Republican Trickery

"These radical Republicans recognize that their only practical means of gaining political control of the South is by manipulation of large blocs of ignorant, unqualified Negro voters whose voting privilege would be entirely dependent on Washington."

Spokesman for the radical group is Warren Olney III, assistant attorney general, said Rainach.

"In his position as head of the criminal division of the Department of Justice," he said, "Olney has diverted agents from their regularly assigned duties and used them to harass anyone that local Negro politicians or their white bosses complain about to Washington."

Olney Makes Threats

"Olney himself has made repeated threats to prosecute all of the segregation leaders in the South on charges of conspiring to deprive Negroes of their right to vote."

He said this procedure would be calculated to further intimidate the opponents of this plot.

Parishes in which the FBI agents have operated, Rainach said, include Bienville, Lincoln, Ouachita, Union, Grant, Jackson and Rapides.

He said the agents have come from Jackson, Miss., New Orleans and in some cases from the Shreveport FBI office.

Raps FBI Tactics

Rainach said that among those who have been questioned are some of the state's foremost citizens and these citizens are objecting strongly to the FBI tactics.

"Instead of aiding those who are violating our laws," he said, "the Justice Department should be assisting those who

As a result of this improvement since mid-year, Georgia's death rate (the number of persons killed to each 100-million miles of travel) has come down from 7.5 to 7.2. There were 959,672,844 more miles traveled on Georgia's roads, and 25,775 more vehicles registered in the state, according to the latest available figures.

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The State Patrol will be operating at top strength for the remainder of the year, Col. Dominy said. No leaves or week-end passes are being granted to troopers, and all personnel and equipment at the 34 patrol posts and at headquarters will be available for active duty. From 5 p. m. Friday, Dec. 21, through part of New Year's Day the Highway Patrol will be working around the clock, he said.

The Clinton Incident

To tolerate and comply with the passage and enforcement of any cruel and unjust law or laws, is to aid and abet the cause of tyranny. This is just exactly what has happened in the small Tennessee town of Clinton, whose depraved school board has seen fit to grovel to the nefarious demands of certain left-wing, communist-inspired officials of a federal government that has become perverted with the influence of communism and communists as such. The loathsome, odious, swine that comprise the Clinton school board, have turned in the names of the decent, respectable people that have tried so hard to defend themselves, their families, and their fellow-citizens against the flagrantly obnoxious federal and judicial tyranny of legally enforced racial mixing.

Now these poor decent people are in the process of having to stand trial, and shall be heavily fined, or sentenced to several years in prison; which is undoubtedly an outrageous attack against the fundamental freedoms of a great people and a great nation, and unless something is done to curb the infamous usurpation of power by the federal government and its judicial branch, the day shall soon come when the people of this nation shall no longer have one shred of freedom left.

George C. Daniel,
Thomson, Ga.

are encouraging law enforcement and spending its time investigating organizations that are trying to destroy the government of our country, such as the Communist party and the NAACP."

So, the FBI now becomes nothing but a gestapo in the hands of ruthless politicians who are bent and determined on staying in office.

SUPREME COURT OUGHT TO BE IMPEACHED—SEE YOUR CONGRESSMAN

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. L. V. Boardman

DATE: February 1, 1957

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Nichols	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Boardman	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mason	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input type="checkbox"/>
Parsons	<input type="checkbox"/>
Rosen	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tamm	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nease	<input type="checkbox"/>
Winterrowd	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input type="checkbox"/>
Holloman	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input type="checkbox"/>

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Walter Winchell's column which appeared in the 1/31/57 issue of "Daily Mirror," a New York newspaper, contains information regarding violent acts and statements attributed to citizens councils and their members. Winchell sums up the situation by declaring the councils are "anti-American and subversive," and urges their being placed on the list of organizations designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450. The Director noted "1. Send copy to AG, Rogers and Tompkins. 2. Do we have verification of all of the above. 3. I think we should prepare an overall memorandum on W. C. C."

There is no incident cited in Winchell's column not previously known to the Bureau. Pertinent facts concerning these items have been sent to the Department. Bufiles have been checked with reference to all of the incidents referred to in Winchell's column. Several minor inconsistencies, such as incorrect dates, were noted. In one place Winchell claims blood was spilled in Alabama when Negroes tried to enter white schools. In another place he claimed the rioters who drove Autherine Lucy from the University of Alabama campus were led by council "crumbs" and in still another place he alleged that council members in Montgomery passed out leaflets which contained statements of extremely derogatory nature concerning the Negroes. Information received by the Bureau concerning these incidents fails to corroborate Winchell's statements.

With regard to Winchell's statements concerning the designation of citizens councils pursuant to Executive Order 10450, in memorandum 1/28/57 from Assistant Attorney General Tompkins the Department advised there have been instances where individual leaders or officers have themselves committed, approved, or advocated the commission of acts of force or violence to maintain segregation but that the results of the Bureau's inquiries do not indicate that the citizens councils as organizations have engaged in such activities as would bring them within the provisions of Executive Order 10450.

Enclosure *sent*

cc - Mr. Boardman
cc - Mr. Belmont
cc -

CFW:gft
(4)

58 FEB 11 1957

2-4-57
~~RECORDED-41~~
INDEXED-41

105-342-37-1300
20 FEB 6 1957

Handwritten box with scribbles

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils

With regard to item 3 in the Director's notations, an over-all memorandum on citizens councils is being prepared and will be sent up separately.

RECOMMENDATION:

There is attached for your approval a letter to the Attorney General, copies to Rogers and Tompkins, with which we are furnishing Photostats of Winchell's column and a blank memorandum containing comments regarding the items in Winchell's column which vary with data obtained by the Bureau.

APB *oto*
cler *Arrow* *Jan* ~~---~~

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: February 4, 1957

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Tolson	_____
Nichols	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mason	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Nease	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

Walter Winchell in his column in 1/31/57 issue of "Daily Mirror," New York newspaper credits citizens councils with statements and acts of violence. He labels councils as "anti-American and subversive" and urges their being designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. The Director noted "1. Send copy to AG, Rogers and Tompkins, 2. Do we have verification of all of the above, 3. I think we should prepare an overall memo on W.C.C."

Items 1 and 2 of the Director's notations were covered in memorandum 2/1/57. A letter dated 2/1/57 was sent to Attorney General, copies to Rogers and Tompkins enclosing Photostat of Winchell's column pointing out certain inconsistencies and advising that pertinent facts concerning items mentioned by Winchell had been previously sent to Department. The following is set forth with respect to the Director's notation number 3.

SYNOPSIS:

Since 5/17/54 decision of Supreme Court regarding segregation in schools 320 citizens councils formed in 17 states and District of Columbia with combined estimated memberships of from 500,000 to 1,000,000. No information received councils advocate illegal methods but individual members have made statements indicating they may resort to violence. Bureau alert to councils from their inception in July, 1954. Only two investigations conducted both at request of Department 12/10/54. Results showed economic pressure was employed against Negroes. Department advised 2/13/56 such pressure not force as intended in Executive Order 10450. Councils spread rapidly during 1955 and it became apparent situation offered potential for violence. It was necessary from intelligence standpoint to obtain comprehensive picture of situation. Field instructed to initiate discreet inquiries limited to public source material and established reliable sources. Pertinent results of all inquiries furnished Department, intelligence agencies of Armed Forces and other interested Government agencies. Due to attentiveness to situation Bureau was in position to advise White House on 1/3/56 of seriousness of problem. White House reaction was immediate. Director

105-34237
cc Mr. Boardman
cc Mr. Belmont
cc

RECORDED - 33

105-34237-330

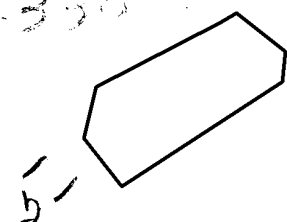
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91-125



Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils
105-34237

was requested to brief Cabinet on racial situation. This briefing made 3/9/56. Prior to briefing Attorney General requested Director discuss on 3/5/56 action by Government in event widespread civil disturbances. Subsequent action by Department and White House coincides with Bureau's suggestions. With approach of 1956 elections allegations received councils in ten Louisiana parishes attempted disfranchisement of Negroes. Department ordered investigations of these alleged election law violations. These were open investigations as contrasted with discreet inquiries Bureau had been making in Louisiana for 18-month period. Election law investigations resulted in public criticism of Bureau including protests by U. S. Senator Allen J. Ellender and U. S. Representatives Overton Brooks and Otto E. Passman, all of Louisiana. Bureau was charged with exceeding investigative jurisdiction and being political pawn of Department. Although criticism did not result from discreet inquiries into councils for purpose of obtaining intelligence data we examined our position with regard to councils. Inasmuch as Department was in possession of all pertinent data on councils and had not indicated they fall within Executive Order 10450 we discontinued inquiries 12/13/56. On that date Department was advised of discontinuance and field instructed to discontinue inquiries but to follow racial situation through public press and data volunteered by informants and individuals. Monthly summaries submitted by field on data received. By memorandum 1/28/57 Department advised while councils do not fall within Executive Order 10450 individual members have committed or advocated violent acts. Department desired inquiries continued in those cases where such information received. Letter 2/4/57 to Tompkins advises no investigations will be conducted in absence of request from Department as to organization involved and basis for investigation. The manner in which Bureau has handled over-all problem is sound. In beginning it was necessary to know aims and methods advocated. This we determined through inquiries. We have alerted White House, Department and intelligence agencies to the seriousness of the situation. Our purposes have been accomplished.

RECOMMENDATION:

That we continue our present policy of (1) keeping abreast of councils through the public press and information volunteered by informants and other individuals; (2) furnishing the Department all pertinent information received with regard to councils; (3) conducting investigations of councils only upon request of the Department when it is specified which councils are to be investigated and the basis for such investigations.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils
105-34237

DETAILS:

BACKGROUND:

The formation of citizens councils began within two months after Supreme Court decision 5/17/54 regarding segregation in public schools. Bureau has received data concerning 320 councils in 17 states and District of Columbia with total membership estimated at from 500,000 to 1,000,000. Councils include in their memberships many prominent persons such as State senators, lawyers and bankers. Also many United States Congressmen from Southern States have either joined or supported these groups.

Stated aims of all councils is to maintain segregation of races; however, methods used to implement objective vary. Some advocate "wait-and-see" policy while others urge use of economic pressure against Negroes. Individual members of some councils have made statements indicating that if legal means fail to halt integration processes other means will be employed and bloodshed will result. In no instance has information been received that councils as organizations advocate other than legal means to achieve their ends.

ACTION BY BUREAU:

We were alert to these councils from their inception in July, 1954. In the beginning there were few councils and small memberships. Infrequent meetings were held where individuals "aired their grievances" but little action was taken.

The Bureau has investigated only two councils. On 12/10/54 the Department suggested investigations be conducted on American States' Rights Association in Alabama and Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi (ACCM) to determine if their activities placed them within purview of Executive Order 10450. Continuing investigation of these two groups were conducted. It was determined in investigation of ACCM that individual members utilized economic pressure against Negroes to prevent them from voting and also to keep them from taking action to integrate races in schools. Reports containing results of investigations were sent to Department on continuing basis. Investigations were discontinued in January, 1956. On 2/13/56 Department advised economic pressure is not force as is intended in Executive Order 10450.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

During 1955 the citizens council movement gained momentum. A large number of these organizations were rapidly formed and eventually 320 such organizations came into existence. The situation whereby Negroes and whites were pitted against each other offered a potential for violence and lawlessness. While councils as organizations announced opposition to illegal methods members of councils made statements clearly indicating the possibility of violence. Therefore it was necessary from an intelligence standpoint to obtain a factual comprehensive picture of the situation.

The field was instructed in June and October of 1955 to advise Bureau of formation of councils and upon receipt of Bureau authority initiate discreet inquiries of each council to determine (1) whether its activities placed it within purview of Executive Order 10450, (2) extent of infiltration by Klan organizations, and (3) potential for violence. Field was instructed to limit inquiries to public source material and contacts with established reliable sources. Results were submitted in reports which were disseminated to the Department for consideration under Executive Order 10450; to Army intelligence inasmuch as the Army has primary jurisdiction in widespread civil disturbances; to Navy and Air Force intelligence for their information; and to other interested Government agencies.

As a result of our looking into these councils and keeping abreast of general racial conditions we were in a position to advise the White House on 1/3/56 of the over-all seriousness of the problem. The reaction at the White House was immediate and the President requested the Director to brief the Cabinet on the entire racial situation. The Director did brief the Cabinet on 3/9/56. Prior to the briefing the Director was requested on 3/5/56 to discuss with the Attorney General what advice should be given the White House on policies to be adopted by the Government in event of widespread civil disturbances. The White House and Department subsequently took action which coincided with the Bureau's suggestions.

With the approach of the 1956 elections allegations were received that citizens councils or their members in ten Louisiana parishes challenged the registrations of Negro voters in an apparent attempt to disenfranchise them. The Department ordered the Bureau to investigate these allegations of violations of election laws by citizens councils or their members. These were open investigations as contrasted with discreet inquiries we had been making on councils in Louisiana for a period of 18 months. As a result of the election

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils
105-34237

law investigations a number of public criticisms were lodged against the Bureau. Among those who protested the Bureau's investigations were U. S. Senator Allen J. Ellender and U. S. Representatives Overton Brooks and Otto E. Passman.* The Bureau was charged with exceeding its investigative jurisdiction and of acting as a pawn for the Department in what was labeled a political move.

Although this criticism resulted from election law investigations which were ordered by the Department, rather than from our discreet inquiries into citizens councils, for the purpose of obtaining intelligence data, our position with regard to the councils was examined. Inasmuch as the Department had been furnished all pertinent data on these organizations and had given no indication that their activities placed them within the purview of Executive Order 10450 we discontinued our inquiries.

CURRENT POLICY:

On 12/13/56 the field was instructed to discontinue making inquiries into councils but to continue to follow their activities through the public press and data volunteered by established sources and other individuals. Field was instructed to submit monthly summary of pertinent information received in order that the Bureau could keep abreast of the racial situation. Also, on 12/13/56 the Department was informed of our discontinuance of inquiries concerning councils.

By memorandum 1/28/57 Department advised "while the results of your inquiries do not indicate that the citizens councils as organizations have engaged in such activities as would bring them within the provisions of Executive Order 10450, there have been instances where individual leaders or officers have themselves committed, approved or advocated the commission of acts of force and violence to maintain segregation. It would appear that your inquiries should continue whenever information of this nature is received."

In memorandum Belmont to Boardman 2/1/57 it was pointed out that Department appeared to be unwilling to ask for investigations but rather is suggesting under a broad rule not subject to specific interpretation that we initiate inquiries on our own responsibility. This would leave the Department out of any controversial issues which might arise from such investigations. The Department was advised by letter to Assistant Attorney General Tompkins dated 2/4/57 we will continue to furnish all pertinent information received concerning the councils but that no investigations will be instituted in the absence of a request from the Department as to the organization involved and the basis for the investigation desired.

* ALL FROM LOUISIANA

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Citizens Councils
105-34237

OBSERVATIONS:

Recently there has been more and more clamor for investigations of the citizens councils. The Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith on 1/18/57 furnished information showing "illegal and subversive" nature of councils. Then Winchell in his column 1/31/57 also cited councils "anti-America and subversive" and urged their being placed on Attorney General's list of organizations. Although Winchell's material is very similar and in places identical with data submitted by Anti-Defamation League it shows a trend of individuals and organizations to urge Federal Government to intervene in connection with general racial situation and specifically with regard to the councils.

The manner in which the Bureau has handled the over-all problems concerning citizens councils is sound. In the beginning when citizens councils were being rapidly organized and their aims and purposes were unknown it was necessary to know what action they planned to take and how they intended to go about it. This we determined through our inquiries. We have stayed on top of the situation and have discharged our responsibilities from an intelligence standpoint by keeping not only the Department and intelligence agencies advised but also in alerting the White House to the difficulties and being able to make helpful suggestions as to what stand the Federal Government should take in this matter. Our purposes have been accomplished. In the future, investigations of councils will be made only upon request from the Department.

STW

cc Mr. Boardman
cc Mr. Belmont
cc [redacted]

b6
b7c

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

February 1, 1957

RECORDED - 14

Director, FBI

CITIZENS COUNCILS - *Send*
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

I thought you would be interested in the Walter Winchell column which appeared in the January 31, 1957, issue of the "Daily Mirror," a New York newspaper, a Photostat of which is enclosed. There is also furnished herewith a memorandum containing comments relative to those items in Mr. Winchell's column which vary from information obtained by the Bureau and previously furnished to the Department. In addition pertinent facts have been sent to the Department with respect to all of the items contained in Mr. Winchell's column.

In connection with Mr. Winchell's comments regarding the designation of citizens councils by you, in a memorandum from Assistant Attorney General William F. Tompkins dated January 28, 1957, the Department advised that while there have been instances where individual leaders or officers have themselves committed, approved or advocated the commission of acts of force or violence to maintain segregation the results of the Bureau's inquiries do not indicate that the citizens councils as organizations have engaged in such activities as would bring them within the purview of Executive Order Number 10450.

Enclosures (2)

cc Mr. William F. Rogers (w/enclosures - 2)
Deputy Attorney General

cc Assistant Attorney General (w/enclosures - 2)
William F. Tompkins

ENCLOSURE
14

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____

See memo Belmont to Boardman, CFW:gft: 2/1/57, captioned as above.

CFW:dlj *dy* FEB 1 11 5

(8)

COMM - FBI
FEB 4 1957
MAILED 20

105 - 34237 - 329

Handwritten signatures and initials:
GPM
Jed
2/1/57
Cher

cc Mr. Boardman
cc Mr. Belmont
cc [redacted]

b6
b7c

February 1, 1957

**CITIZENS COUNCILS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R**

The following comments are being set forth in connection with the Walter Winchell column which appeared in the "Daily Mirror," a New York newspaper, in its issue of January 31, 1957.

On December 6, 1954, McClain Pitts, chairman of the Dallas County, Alabama, Citizens Council, stated at a meeting held in Montgomery, Alabama, "We intend to maintain segregation and to do so without violence if possible, but I know the first time a Negro tries to enter Parrish High School at Selma (Alabama) or any other white school, there is going to be blood spilled on that campus." This appears to be the statement attributed to the Marengo County White Citizen Councils by Winchell. No information was received in connection with the Marengo or Dallas County councils that there has been any bloodshed in connection with the attempts to integrate students in schools.

With regard to the comments in Winchell's column concerning G. W. Lee and Gus Courts of Belzoni, Mississippi, Lee was actually shot on May 7, 1955, and Courts was shot on November 25, 1955. Investigation by the Bureau did not substantiate the allegation that Lee had been shot because he refused to remove his name from the list of registered voters. The actual reason or motive for this shooting was not established. Economic pressure was applied by some members of the local citizens council against numerous Negroes in Humphreys County, Mississippi, among whom were Lee and Courts. Investigation failed to reflect that this economic pressure was applied with the approval of the citizens council organization but rather was action independently taken by certain of its members.

RECORDED - 18 105-34231-2

Original to Attorney General
See memo Belmont to Boardman, 2/1/57, CFW: [redacted], captioned as above.

[redacted] dlj [signature]

(8)

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

CFW

On February 6, 1956, [redacted] Negro, who attempted to enter the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa, Alabama, was expelled from that school. The White Citizens Council of West Alabama at Tuscaloosa was not formed until February 17, 1956, and according to a member of the council no action was taken by that organization to bar [redacted] from the university. [redacted] a student at the University of Alabama who was subsequently expelled because of his activities to keep [redacted] from entering the university, was named chairman of the White Citizens Council of West Alabama.

b6
b7c

On February 10, 1956, a Central Alabama Citizens Council (now known as Montgomery County Citizens Council) rally was held at Montgomery, Alabama, at which leaflets captioned "A Preview of the Declaration of Segregation," containing statements identical with those quoted by Winchell, were allegedly distributed. Investigation failed to determine the source of these leaflets, the extent of their distribution or that they were actually passed out at the rally held on February 10, 1956.

On April 10, 1956, Negro singer, Nat "King" Cole, while entertaining an all-white audience at Birmingham, Alabama, Municipal Auditorium, was attacked. According to eyewitnesses about eight men rushed toward the stage but only three actually mounted the stage and seized Cole. As a result six individuals were arrested and subsequently found guilty on charges of conspiracy to commit assault and battery, assault with intent to murder and related charges. During the questioning of these men by the Birmingham Police Department it was learned that a group of 100 men from various cities in Alabama had been expected to come to the Municipal Auditorium where Cole was singing. These men had planned to attack Cole and overpower members of the orchestra, police or anyone else. It is not known, however, how many men were actually at the Municipal Auditorium for that purpose. The individuals who attacked Cole and were subsequently arrested were members of the Alabama Citizens Council.

0-19 (Rev. 9-7-56)

Walter Winchell Of New York

To Uncle Sam From a Nephew

On December 5, the Feds swooped down into Clinton, Tenn., and arrested sixteen yellow members of the White Citizen Councils. Twenty-four hours before the arrests a mob of bigoted bullies had mauled a white clergyman for escorting some Negro teenagers to public school—after the U. S. Supreme Court ruled the kids had a right to go there. . . Though now on bail, putting these lawbreakers behind bars is long overdue. Now, Mr. Brownell, you ought to put the whole damn organization where it belongs—alongside the name of the KKK on your U. S. Attorney General's subversive list. . . This will mean that no member of the White Citizen Councils can remain on the Federal Government payroll in any capacity whatsoever.



w. w.

Four years ago President Ike directed the Justice Department to list every organization found to be "totalitarian, fascist, communist or subversive." He said ditto about outfits advocating "force or violence" to deny others their rights under the U. S. Constitution. . . Are the White Citizen mobsters eligible for the Government's roster of rotters? Let's look:

On Dec. 7, '54, the Marengo County White Citizen Councils in Alabama warned that blood would be spilled on the campus if Negroes tried to enter white schools. . . Blood was spilled. . . On May 9, '55, Clergyman G. W. Lee of Belzoni, Miss., was shot while driving his car. Rev. Lee died for urging Negro voters to register at election time—despite warnings from the White Citizen Councils. . . In Belzoni, too, Gus Courts became active in interracial work. Citizen Councils trigger men told him to lay off. He refused. On Nov. 27, '55, Gus Courts was critically wounded.

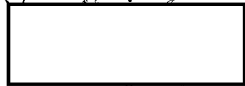
Last Feb., race-rioters led by Council crumbs drove Autherine Lucy from the campus of Alabama University. Four days later the W. C. boys in Montgomery passed out leaflets which read: "When in the course of human events it becomes necessary to abolish the Negro race, proper methods should be used. Among them are guns, bows and arrows, slingshots and knives. We hold these truths to be self-evident: that all whites are created with certain rights; among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of dead niggers."

In March, the leading louse of the White Citizen Councils, Asa Carter, published an unsigned article in his hate rag calling his cruel cowards to action: "Our solutions must be to. . . force an accounting now. . . to serve notice we are not playing for peace in our time. . . that we will fight it out for our children rather than pass the fight to them. . . We intend to fight." . . . On April 10, one hundred and fifty W. C.'ers, including some of Carter's own boys, attacked Nat King Cole in Birmingham, Ala.

In June, 1956, the Seaboard Citizen Councils was formed in Wash., D. C. by the notorious John Kasper, one of the top commissars and troublemakers in the maggoty movement. Kasper mailed out a sheet called "Virginians on Guard" which reads like a page out of Hitler—calling upon Council members to "hang nine Supreme Court Swine, Destroy Reds (All Muscovite Savages), Rooseveltian Dupes, and Death to Userers." The dirty sheet also contains news clips and press photos showing crosses burning (and suggesting more?) before the homes of Chief Justice Warren, ex-Senator Lehman and Justice Frankfurter.

- Tolson
- Nichols
- Boardman
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Parsons
- Rosen
- Tamm
- Trotter
- Nease
- Tele. Room
- Holloman
- Gandy

Handwritten notes and signatures:
 [Illegible signature]
 [Illegible signature]



RECORDED - 14

100-2642-1-
 [Illegible handwritten notes]

- Wash. Post and Times Herald _____
- Wash. News _____
- Wash. Star _____
- N. Y. Herald Tribune _____
- N. Y. Journal-American _____
- N. Y. Mirror _____
- N. Y. Daily News _____
- N. Y. Times _____
- Daily Worker _____
- The Worker _____
- New Leader _____

Date JAN 31 1957

Handwritten notes:
 1/27/57
 [Illegible]
 [Illegible]

Even while out on bail (on appeal from a one-year contempt ~~of~~ Kasper continues his racist operations. Recently he issued a call to all white Southerners to refuse to obey Federal Government orders on segregation. He demanded that local "public officials arrest any Federal judge or FBI agent who interferes"... While the U. S. Attorney's office makes a distinction between KKK outfits and White Citizen Councils, Kasper does not. He regularly announces speaking engagements before both groups.

On August 24, this same John Kasper interrupted a meeting of the Virginia Council on Human Relations to shriek: "We in the Citizens Councils have declared war on you. We are going to run you out of town..." Three weeks later, free on bail for causing a riot, Kasper screamed to a howling mob of his fans that he wanted "every type of resistance" against letting Americans of all races go to school together.

To sum up: Their ugly record shows that the White Citizen Councils have adopted a policy of advocating or approving force or violence to deny others their Constitutional rights. It shows they have issued propaganda inciting Americans to "alter the form of government of the U. S. by unconstitutional means." It shows that they have created a climate of fear in many Southern communities and have promoted group hatred and group violence. In short, it shows they are anti-American and subversive.

The White Citizen Councils brag they have better than a million members... That's more than the Commies or the Nazis started out with in any country... The Council mobs know exactly what they want and precisely down what gutter they are going. Before dictators can seize power, they first must turn group against group, race against race, class against class. It's in the history books that way... But the White Citizen Councils bully boys don't read history—because they can't read. Their subversive tactics come naturally!

Recently Louisiana Congressman Overton Brooks demanded that you, Mr. Brownell, order the FBI to halt its probe of White Citizen Council members in the northern part of his state. He complained that J. Edgar's sleuths were investigating "sheriffs, state legislators, district attorneys and many others." Please, please, Mr. Attorney General, don't stop the FBI experts in the wonderful performance of their sworn duty!!!

Congressman Brooks insists that "his section of the nation" be treated "like the co-equal state that we are." Your answer ought to be that you will—as soon as his state begins to treat its Negroes like the co-equal citizens that they are... And here's how you can make them do it:

The Commies and their fronters, the Silver Shirts and the Kookoo Kluxers, too, are on your subversive list. The White Citizen Councils belong there and the time has come for you to put them there. One of the sixteen arrested Clinton bigots, W. H. Till, local W. C. Council chief, is an Oak Ridge Atomic Plant worker with the Government's highest security rating. If the W. C. boys have more than a million members, it's an odds-on bet that hundreds of other Tills are getting their weekly paychecks from all kinds of Federal Government jobs. Whyinhell should the American taxpayer support ~~these dirty~~ (deleted by the editor)?... You have already ~~shown~~ the way with the Clinton cliff dwellers... What are you waiting for???

1. Send copy to A. G. Rogers & Associates
2. Do we have verification of all of the above
3. I think you should prepare an overall memo on W. C. C. H.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: February 1, 1957

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DESIGNATION OF ORGANIZATIONS
PURSUANT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER NUMBER 10450

Tolson	_____
Nichols	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mason	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Nease	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

On 12/13/56 inquiries relative to citizens councils were discontinued inasmuch as the Department had not indicated any of these organizations violated provisions of Executive Order 10450. The Department was advised of our discontinuance on this date.

A memorandum dated 1/28/57 has been received from the Department concerning the designation of Klan organizations and citizens councils under Executive Order 10450. With reference to the Klan the Department requested that in addition to investigation in the three categories outlined in our memorandum of 12/27/56 investigations also be conducted (a) where there is an actual or alleged affiliation on the part of a Klan group with a designated organization, and (b) where the Klan organization has indicated that it has "... adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force or violence to deny others their rights under the Constitution of the United States... Our previous instructions to the field to investigate Klan organizations only (1. where cited by Attorney General, 2. when there were alleged or actual acts of violence and, 3. when a violation of Federal law occurred) were intended to include types of situations outlined by the Department under (a) and (b) above. In view of Departmental interpretation, we are instructing the field to also conduct investigations under circumstances outlined by the Department under (a) and (b).

With regard to citizens councils the Department advised that while the results of our inquiries do not indicate councils as organizations have engaged in activities which would bring them within purview of Executive Order 10450 there have been instances where leaders or officers of the councils "committed, approved or advocated the commission of acts of force and violence to maintain segregation."

Following examples contained in Bureau reports cited by the Department:

- (1) Attack on Negro singer, Nat "king" Cole, Birmingham, Alabama, 4/10/56 by citizens council members.

Enclosures *sheet 2-4-57*

105-34237

cc Mr. Boardman

cc Mr. Belmont

cc [redacted]

cc Bufile 100-7801 (Klan Organizations)

CFW:dlj

(5)

memorandum to Boardman

PROCESSED

RECORDED

INDEXED

105-34237-33

2-6-57

JNK

FEB 20 1957

5

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-34237-33

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
Re: Designation of Organizations Pursuant
to Executive Order Number 10450
105-34238

(2) Asa Carter, Alabama pro-segregationist, at one council meeting stated "when they try to integrate the school where my kids are going, I will fight the National Guard or anybody else," and Carter at another council meeting recommended that if legal means failed, to use any other means at hand to maintain segregation.

(3) Official of a council in Warrior, Alabama, stated he "hopes segregation can be obtained by peaceful means, but that if necessary, shot and shell will be used to prevent integration of the races at Warrior."

The Department advised in the memorandum "it would appear that your inquiries should continue whenever information of this nature is received."

OBSERVATIONS:

The Department's only plausible objective in suggesting inquiries be conducted where officials have made statements or members have taken action similar to examples set out above would be to determine if such actions or statements are advocated or endorsed by the organization in which case the organization might be designated under Executive Order 10450. Prior to 12/13/56 every citizens council known to the Bureau was subject of inquiries to determine among other things its aims and objectives. Results in all cases have been furnished to Department. In these inquiries it was determined many statements were made by officials such as the examples set forth; however, the Department has not indicated any type of action in those cases.

It appears the Department is unwilling to come right out and ask for investigations of certain citizens councils under Executive Order 10450 but rather is suggesting under a broad rule which is not subject to specific interpretation that we initiate inquiries on our own responsibility. This, of course, would leave the Department out of any controversial investigations.

Results of inquiries and investigations of citizens councils have been furnished the Department and it is the Department's responsibility to make a decision in each case as to whether or not additional investigation is desired. The Department has failed to do this.

Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont

b6
b7C

SAC, Atlanta

February 4, 1957

Director, FBI (100-7801)

GIR I

**KLAN ORGANIZATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - X**

RECORDED - 8105

ReBulet December 27, 1956, setting forth Bureau policy concerning investigations of Klan organizations.

In accordance with a request received from the Department, it is desired that investigations of Klan groups also be considered whenever the following situations are present:

(d) Where the Klan organization is not cited under Executive Order 10450 but there is actual or alleged affiliation or subsidiary relationship with a designated organization.

(e) Where the Klan organization has indicated it has adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force or violence to deny others their rights under the Constitution of the United States. (See Part III, Section 3 of Executive Order 9835 incorporated by reference in Section 12 of Executive Order 10450.)

This adds to previous instructions contained in reBulet, which remain in full force and effect.

MAILED 2
FEB 11 1957
COMM-FBI

2 - Birmingham
Charlotte
Knoxville
Memphis
Miami

2 - Mobile
New Orleans
San Antonio
Savannah

NOTE ON YELLOW:

See memo Belmont to Boardman 2-1-57 captioned, "Designation of Organizations Pursuant to Executive Order 10450," CWF:dlj

JHK:med:mrr
(24)

Necessary manual change being prepared separately.

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-1061-1

Handwritten signatures and initials:
JTB
R
FEB 11 1957
FBI

Mr. Tolson
 Mr. Nichols
 Mr. Boardman
 Mr. Belmont
 Mr. Mohr
 Mr. Parsons
 Mr. Rosen
 Mr. Tamm
 Mr. Trotter
 Mr. Nease
 Tele. Room
 Mr. Holloman
 Miss Gandy

**World
At Large**
By Horace R. Cayton

THE NEW YORK POST has broken a story about the White Citizens Councils of the South. Some of the material is shocking. Take, for example, the first paragraph of one of the series called "Dixie Dynamite":

"Can you imagine a Jew joining an anti-Semitic organization? Or a Catholic joining an anti-Catholic organization? It happens in the South today. Many join the Citizens Councils."



The article goes on to point out that the organizations are primarily aimed at the Negro, but they distribute considerable anti-Semitic literature. In Tennessee, one Council member was arrested while he was passing out such literature in the very Knoxville courtroom where 16 other members were standing preliminary hearing for sparking the Clinton riots. Millard Grubbs' Kentucky Citizens Council passed a resolution, the article states, saying, "The Zionist Atlantic money mob has control of both the Democratic and Republican parties."

HOW DO THE Jews who join these councils feel about being members of organizations that not only are anti-Negro but anti-Semitic and anti-Catholic as well? It is hard to say, but when they occasionally complain, they usually get one of two answers:

"It was a horrible mistake. It won't happen again."
 Or:
 "We don't mean you, Joe. We mean those Northern and foreign Jews."

Why do Jews, a minority which has been persecuted for 2,000 years, feel as they do toward segregation? The problem is indeed complex. In the first place, there are many Jews in the South today who have acted courageously. These have tended to be those who live in the larger cities. There are some instances where Jewish rabbis have refused to compromise.

SOME WHO join the Council do so against their own will: as a group, the Jews, more than any others, have steered clear of the Councils. But there are others, especially in the small towns, who have cooperated with these white citizens' groups. Then there are the dyed-in-the-wool Negro haters among Southern Jews. The Post reports that one of the Mississippi Citizens Council's prized propaganda pieces is a pamphlet entitled "A Jewish View on Segregation." It was written by a Jewish merchant born and bred in upper Mississippi. Sometimes the Jew in a gentile society outdoes the Southerner to gain acceptance.

The situation is tragic, in a sense larger than just the segregation issue. When one minority can be turned by a racist majority against another, the institution of democracy is not safe. It is reminiscent of the early Hitler days. For the Jew, it is more fateful than for the Negro, for in view of the logic of history, the number of Negroes and non-white peoples of the world, the Negro will solve his problem long before the Jew

file 105-34237

[Handwritten signature]

Pittsburgh, Pa.
 PRESS _____
 SUN-TELEGRAPH _____
 POST-GAZETTE _____
 COURIER
 Date 1-26-57
 Edition New York
 Page 10
 Column 5
 Author of Article _____
 Editor (on editorials) _____
 Title of Case _____
 Character _____
 New Case _____

105-34237-A
 NOT RECORDED
 1957 FEB 11 1957

White Citizens Councils - Hand

*Foot
222*

cc Mr. Boardman
cc Mr. Belmont
cc [redacted]

b6
b7C

Assistant Attorney General
William F. Tompkins

February 4, 1957

Director, FBI

**DESIGNATION OF ORGANIZATIONS
PURSUANT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER NUMBER 10450**

RECORDED-59

Reference is made to your memorandum dated January 28, 1957, in which, with reference to citizens councils, you advised that "while the results of your inquiries do not indicate that the citizens councils as organizations have engaged in such activities as would bring them within the purview of Executive Order No. 10450, there have been instances where individual leaders or officers have themselves committed, approved or advocated the commission of acts of force and violence to maintain segregation. It would appear that your inquiries should continue whenever information of this nature is received."

Statements made by council leaders or officers and actions taken by members in connection with their efforts to maintain segregation have been furnished the Department on a continuing basis in reports and other communications relating to these organizations. The Department is in possession of all pertinent information developed by the Bureau regarding citizens councils. The Bureau will continue to furnish the Department all information received relative to citizens councils but no investigation will be instituted in the absence of a request from the Department as to the organization involved and the basis for the investigation desired.

In the event investigations of the citizens councils specifically mentioned in your memorandum are desired the Bureau should be so advised.

105-34237

cc Bufile 100-7801 (Klan Organizations)

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____

See memo Belmont to Boardman, 2-1-57, CFW:dlj, captioned as above.

CFW:dlj

(7)

DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FBI
RECORDED-59

100-7801-140

Handwritten notes and signatures:
See memo Belmont to Boardman, 2-1-57, CFW:dlj, captioned as above.
CFW:dlj
(7)
Klan Organizations
See memo Belmont to Boardman, 2-1-57, CFW:dlj, captioned as above.
CFW:dlj
(7)
Klan Organizations

Memorandum to Assistant Attorney General William F. Tompkins

With respect to item (a), page 2, of your memorandum, we will consider for investigation Klan organizations not cited under Executive Order 10450 but where there is actual or alleged affiliation or subsidiary relationship with a designated Klan organization.

With respect to item (b), page 2, of your memorandum, we will consider for investigation any Klan group which has indicated it has adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force or violence to deny others their rights under the Constitution of the United States, pursuant to Part III, Section 3 of Executive Order 9835 incorporated by reference in Section 12 of Executive Order 10450.

Office Memo • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/20/57

FROM : SAC, NEW ORLEANS

SUBJECT: ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI INTERNAL SECURITY - X

ReBulet 1/11/57.

Arrangements have been made to obtain future issues of "The Citizens' Council" newspaper on a confidential and discreet basis.

The Memphis Division is being advised of this arrangement, and no further action is being taken.

- 2 - Bureau
 - 2 - Memphis
 - 1 - New Orleans (105-492)
- LJF:jtg
(5)

100-415762-100

RECORDED-20

EX. - 126

34224-384

AmB

SEARCHED

AmB

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: 2-26-57

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: White Citizens Councils -
Mississippi

- Tolson
- Nichols
- Boardman
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Parsons
- Rosen
- Tamm
- Trotter
- Nease
- Winterrowd
- Tele. Room
- Holloman
- Gandy

The following is set forth purely as a matter of information.

You will recall that recently I saw Jim Eastland as a result of his comments to me on the Hoxie, Arkansas, matter. Jim is thoroughly satisfied on my explanation and admitted to me that there is considerable hysteria and misrepresentation in the South. He then told me that the publicity which came out of Clinton, Tennessee, had been very bad, that he himself had quieted down various people who were riled up at the time, that he had no doubts that had he been able to get hold of Jim Morrow, the State Representative, he would have quieted him down before he popped off to the press.

Jim stated that it was difficult to describe the interracial feeling in the South, difficult for people of the North to understand the feeling. He stated that they have taken a stand and that they are going to oppose integration to the last ditch. He told me we shouldn't take too seriously some of the criticism we are getting in the South. He states a lot of these people know better but a lot of them are just blowing off steam, they don't like interference, particularly on integration matters, and whoever interferes can inevitably expect to get the brickbats. He stated this doesn't mean the very people throwing the brickbats wouldn't rally behind the Bureau in every other phase of its activities. He stated he was making this point to me because the stakes were high and he had observed that over the years some of our strongest support had come from the South and that he hoped that we would try to understand the attitude of the people when they did blow off steam.

He stated we have been criticized in the past and we should expect more of the same, particularly when the Bureau is injected into a local situation. He stated he has been very favorably impressed with our own understanding of the problem and how we are constantly letting the folks know what we are doing is merely carrying out our duty. He stated this is now becoming fairly well understood. He thought that wherever possible we should try to talk to respectable people who indicate a misunderstanding. Riffraff, he said, of course, is not worth spending any time on. He told me we could not emphasize too much whenever we get into a civil rights case in the South, outside of cases involving violence or brutality,

cc - Mr. Boardman
cc - Mr. Rosen

LBN:nl

51 MAR 8 1957

105-34237-5425
NOT RECORDED
46 MAR 8 1957

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 97-4-51-1-1

2-26-57

that we are making the investigation at the direction of the Department. He stated that good people all over the South are becoming increasingly concerned over violence and that they themselves have just about reached the point where they will not tolerate such activities. He himself thinks that every time an act of violence breaks out their position is weakened; however, when he has tried to make this point to some of his friends in Mississippi, he has some difficulty because they cite the fact that the Negroes plan to push integration suddenly evaporated after the Gus Courts shooting. He then stated that some violence is going to continue as some of the "red necks" simply cannot be controlled. He stated for example that had it not been for the Citizens Councils in Mississippi, acts of violence would have broken out a long time ago and he thinks the Citizens Councils for the most part have been a positive force for good, that to be sure they have opposed integration but have done it with lawful means, that where trouble has occurred, it stemmed from outside agitation. He then launched into a tirade against John Kasper.

I frankly told the Senator of some of the things we had heard. He told me had read the report which Bill Simon had prepared, a copy of which Simon gave us on Kasper. He also characterized Asa Carter as a trouble maker and also characterized Curt Copeland as a trouble maker. Mississippi Citizens Councils will not let Kasper, Carter or Copeland into Mississippi.

In the matter of interest, he told me a couple of years ago Curt Copeland brought to his office a record of an alleged speech by an NAACP leader which referred to intermarriage. At that time Copeland and others were carrying on a combat against the present Governor of Arkansas. Copeland stated that if they could state that Eastland had given them the record, they could then defeat the present Governor. Eastland heard the record and told them it was cleverly done. He also told them it was "not a nigger talking." He said he later learned that Copeland who was quite an expert in using the Negro dialect had actually made the recording but this would be awfully hard to prove.

I told him that we, of course, were concerned with violence and that certainly if the good people could keep down the violence, it would be better all the way around. He stated he has no doubt that some civil rights legislation will pass in the current session of Congress. One of the things they are most afraid of is the so-called President's Commission and its investigating power. Even Senator Hennings is against this, although Hennings is doing a lot of public talking for civil rights. I told Jim that one thing that some of the southern folks should think about is that if they get a President's Commission there is going to be an invasion of the South with all sorts of hearings and I suspect if they were smart, the President's Commission would dig out the allegations against the Bureau and force them into the open and then force the Bureau into defending itself, which I hoped would not come about as we knew that a lot of the folks were popping off and simply didn't mean what they said.

2-26-57

Jim stated he definitely agreed with this and that was one of the reasons why he has been trying to calm down some folks. I told him that the best way to meet this situation is if he overhears some allegations to let us know right away so we can get the facts and be in a position to state what we did and didn't do. If we deserve a kick in the pants that is all right too. I further told him on a confidential basis that a lot of the southern folks never know what a position the Director has been in, some of the problems we have to contend with and some of the difficulties we have met. I then referred on a strictly off-the-record and confidential basis to the memorandum of Olney of September 1, 1955, wherein Olney had said that the Department authorized the Bureau to send immediately a group of Agents into the Hoxie area and interview as large a number of people as possible. I told Jim the Director refused to do this and we would make the investigations requested and make the interviews that would be productive.

He stated he was glad to know this and he was glad we could have our talk. Jim stated he would do whatever he could to calm some of the hotheads because it was not in the best interest to be constantly harping on the Bureau.

b6
b7c

*will
also
not*

✓ ✓

*Outland should have
his attention called to
[redacted] (miss)
outburst of us of today.*

g

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

March 14, 1957

Re: CITIZENS COUNCILS, MEMPHIS DIVISION

There is set out hereinafter a summary of Citizens Council activities in the Memphis Division during the past month:

TENNESSEE FEDERATION FOR CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT

This organization was referred to in the February 13, 1957 issues of the Nashville Banner and the Nashville Tennessean, two daily newspapers published in Nashville, Tennessee. It was also referred to in the Southern School News, March 1957 issue, on Page 7. As all of the above references pertain to the same activities, the account as it appeared in the Southern School News is set out hereinafter:

"Signifying an apparent break in Tennessee's pro-segregation ranks, Jack Kershaw, vice president of the Tennessee Federation for Constitutional Government, said in Nashville that John Kasper would not be welcome if he participated in a pro-segregationist 'March on the Capitol' in mid-February.

"Kershaw urged that Kasper 'take his gratuitous service' from Tennessee and 'go back to New Jersey.'

"Responding, Kasper termed Kershaw a 'third rate political hack.' Speaking from Knoxville, Kasper said Kershaw is using his stand on segregation as a means 'to advance his political fortunes in the state...'

"'Until Kershaw or anyone else in Tennessee legally and positively maintains segregation for native white Tennesseans, my work here remains unfinished.'

"Kasper accused Kershaw and the TFCG of 'wishful thinking' in their approach toward segregation. 'The regular Republican and Democratic organizations of the state have rejected Kershaw' in the past and he is attempting to use states' rights as the 'wedge to get in the political door,' Kasper said.

"WON'T 'DESERT'

"'I'll never desert the Tennessee White Citizens Council or the white race in Tennessee until the outcome of our struggle is crystal clear and spells victory over the race mongrelizers.'

66 MAR 25 1957

105-34209-
NOT RECORDED
194 MAR 25 1957

Re: CITIZENS COUNCILS, MEMPHIS DIVISION

March 14, 1957

"Replied Kershaw:

"I think that Kasper may have a great talent, but I feel it would be more at home in Greenwich Village than in Tennessee.

"The federation's approach is based on legal and proper constitutional grounds to preserve harmony between the races. If this is what Kasper classifies as 'wishful thinking' then that is more a measure of Kasper's irresponsible opinion of the Constitution than it is an estimate of the federation program."

"Kershaw denied any political ambitions. Kasper did not take part in the 'March on the Capitol.'"

The "March on the Capitol" referred to in the above relates to a pro-segregationist motorcade to Nashville on behalf of various pro-segregation groups. This motorcade is discussed in the February 12, 1957 issue of the Nashville Banner and is as follows:

"SEGREGATIONISTS FROM 3 CITIES MARCH ON CAPITOL

"Pro-segregationists from three Tennessee cities 'marched on' the State Capitol today, urging legislators to draft strong segregation laws that would skirt the controversial U. S. Supreme Court ruling.

"The first contingent of the three-city motorcade containing 12 cars left Memphis in a pre-dawn move - and arrived here at 9 a.m.

"Segregationist John Kasper was not among the early arrivals.

"The Memphis convoy bearing Confederate flags and including a sound truck blaring Dixie made its way to the State Capitol under escort by State, County and City police.

"Immediately upon joining the Knoxville and Chattanooga groups, the Memphians began circulating to members of a Senate and House of Representatives a copy of proposed legislation, described as an act to require the Commissioner of Education to withhold all State school funds for districts which integrate the public schools.

"Point of the rendezvous was on Highway 70 near Belle Meade Blvd.

"TROOPER ESCORT

Re: CITIZENS COUNCILS, MEMPHIS DIVISION

March 14, 1957

"State Troopers escorted the Memphis caravan into the Capitol area to await similar groups from Knoxville and Chattanooga.

"However, one caravan of Chattanoogaans met the Memphis contingent upon its arrival and accompanied the west-state pro-segregationists to the capitol.

"Jack Kershaw, vice president of the Tennessee Federation for Constitutional Government whose organization snubbed Kasper in a strongly worded statement Monday, was on hand to welcome the first arrivals.

"'I thought it would be the polite thing to do,' Kershaw declared.

"STRICTLY STATE

"'This is a Tennessee rally for Tennesseans,' Kershaw added, 'and neither Kasper nor anyone else from the outside has been invited.

"'As far as we are concerned, Kasper can go back to New Jersey or wherever he's from.'

"Kershaw and A. B. Wren, Memphis pro-segregation leader, termed the 'march on the Capitol' a 'spontaneous thing' which is not sponsored by any organization.'

"COLD SHOULDER

"In giving Kasper the cold shoulder after reports were circulated that he would join the Capitol march, Kershaw said his organization had never considered Kasper 'with favor or disfavor.'

"'We were interested only in his Constitutional rights,' Kershaw stated. 'We were not interested in him as a person.'

"Kasper is now under \$10,000 bond awaiting results of an appeal from a one-year Federal prison sentence handed him in connection with the racial violence which followed integration of the high school at Clinton, Tenn.

"CLINTON REPRESENTED

"The Clinton segregation move is still underway, and a number of Anderson Countians accompanied the Knoxville motorcade here today.

Re: CITIZENS COUNCILS, MEMPHIS DIVISION

March 14, 1957

"Kershaw today reiterated a statement he made during a speech Sept. 1 in Clinton.

"'When the officials keep you from speaking ... you are drifting toward Communism.' he declared.

"Kershaw said he appeared in Clinton 'at the invitation of Clinton citizens and the Anderson County judge - not as a pinch-hitter speaker for Kasper.'"

ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS COUNCILS OF TENNESSEE

This organization, which has been active primarily in Memphis, Tennessee, has apparently been dormant during the past month and no information has come to the attention of this office through the daily press or other sources regarding it.

PRO-SOUTHERNERS

No information has come to the attention of this office during the past month regarding this organization and it is believed to be practically dormant at the present time.

ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI

This organization was referred to in the March 1957 issue of the Southern School News, published at Nashville, Tennessee:

"COMMUNITY ACTION

"The Association of Citizens Councils has written President Eisenhower that 'the racial situation in this country will continue to get worse until the truth about the fact of race reaches our entire nation.' The statement was in a letter urging voluntary Negro migration to other states, and asking presidential endorsement of it.

"The proposal, which Robert B. Patterson, secretary of the association, said 'is so simple no federal government could consider it' said:

"'Let the state governments of those states whose representatives and press advocate integration for the South, make available accommodations for the number of Negro citizens necessary to bring their Negro population up to the national average of 10 per cent. This includes housing and jobs, as well as school and church

Re: CITIZENS COUNCILS, MEMPHIS DIVISION

MARCH 14, 1957

facilities. Of course, the migration would be voluntary, and we could give the measure wide publicity throughout the state."

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : F. J. Baumgardner

DATE: March 1, 1957

FROM : CFW

*5-1 to New Orleans, 3/10/58, requesting
Feb. 1958, Vol. 3, # 5 issue "Citizens Council"
Council." Also - advise when sub-
expires. AmB.
Feb. 1958 issue 1958. Subscriptions
renewed Dec. 1958, 3/14/58*

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

SUBJECT: CITIZENS COUNCILS - *(Handwritten)*
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Subsequent to the supreme court decision of May 17, 1954, regarding segregation in public schools, numerous pro-segregation organizations were formed. Prior to December 13, 1956, the Bureau kept abreast of these organizations through discreet inquiries; however, since that date no inquiries have been made. The field was instructed to close cases on these pro-segregation organizations, commonly referred to as citizens councils, and consequently cases at the Bureau have been closed.

In order that the names of these numerous citizens councils may be available at some future date should an occasion arise whereby it would be necessary to know the names of the organizations which had been formed, there has been prepared a list of the organizations about which the Bureau received information. This list is attached.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that this memorandum and the attachment be sent to the Records Section. This memorandum and the list should be filed in 105-34237. It is recommended also that a card be prepared for the general indices indicating that a composite list of these organizations may be located in this file.

Enclosure

105-34237

CITIZENS COUNCILS
LIST of ANTI-INTEGRATION ORGANIZATIONS

cc Mr. Baumgardner
cc Records Section
cc

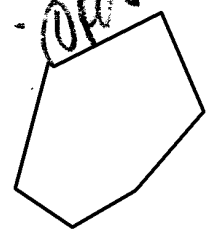
RECORDED - 36
INDEXED - 36

105-34237-330

CFW:d1j

EX-132

(4)



LIST OF CITIZENS COUNCILS AND
PROSEGREGATION ORGANIZATIONS

ALABAMA:

File Number:

Alabama Citizens Council	105-45763
American States' Rights Association	105-27471
Anniston Citizens Council	105-45103
Association of Citizens Councils of Alabama	105-44536
Autauga County Citizens' Council	105-50576
Baldwin County Citizens' Council	105-50577
Barbour County Citizens' Council	105-50578
Bibb County Citizens Council, Centreville	105-45547
Bullock County Citizens' Council	105-50579
Butler County Citizens' Council	105-42756
Calhoun County Citizens Council	105-50028
Central Alabama Citizens Council	105-43132
Chickasaw Citizens' Council	105-50598
Chilton County Citizens' Council	105-46593
Choctaw County Citizens Council	105-50580
Citizens Council of Alabaster	105-45088
Citizens Council of Ashland	105-47286
Citizens Council of Ashville	105-45995
Citizens Council of Bayview	105-48121
Citizens Council of Blount County	105-46394
Citizens Council of Bluff Park	105-46519
Citizens Council of Brighton	105-46436
Citizens Council of Brookwood	105-54100
Citizens Council of Cahaba Heights	105-53807
Citizens Council of Calera	105-45430
Citizens Council of Chelsea	105-53842
Citizens Council of Columbiana	105-45101
Citizens Council of Concord	105-45100
Citizens Council of Corner District	105-46428
Citizens Council of Crumley's Chapel	105-46398
Citizens Council of Cullman County	105-45984
Citizens Council of Docena	105-54508
Citizens Council of East Birmingham	105-44731
Citizens Council of Ensley	105-45528
Citizens Council of Fairfield and Fairfield High-lands	105-45529
Citizens Council of Fosters	105-45099
Citizens Council of Gardendale	105-48331
Citizens Council of Gordo	105-46390
Citizens Council of Holt	105-48228
Citizens Council of Hueytown	105-45096

105-45529

Citizens Council of Industrial City	105-45095
Citizens Council of Kimberly	105-53795
Citizens Council of Leeds	105-46434
Citizens Council of Lipscomb	105-45070
Citizens Council of McCalla	105-46437
Citizens Council of McDonalds Chapel	105-46433
Citizens Council of McNeil	105-46395
Citizens Council of Midfield	105-45094
Citizens Council of Minor Heights	105-46432
Citizens Council of Montevallo	105-46266
Citizens Council of Morgan and Greenwood	105-45087
Citizens Council of North Birmingham	105-45069
Citizens Council of North Highlands	105-46431
Citizens Council of Oxford	105-45983
Citizens Council of Pelham	105-46526
Citizens Council of Pell City	105-45982
Citizens Council of Pleasant Grove	105-46393
Citizens Council of Pratt City	105-46435
Citizens Council of Ragland	105-54984
Citizens Council of Roebuck	105-45093
Citizens Council of Sayre	105-46392
Citizens Council of Shades Valley	105-45097
Citizens Council of Sylacauga	105-45092
Citizens Council of Talliedega	105-45091
Citizens Council of Tuscaloosa	105-46001
Citizens Council of Tuscumbia	105-45981
Citizens Council of Vincent	105-46429
Citizens Council of Walker County	105-46750
Citizens Council of Warrior	105-45089
Citizens Council of West Alabama	105-46001
Citizens Council of West Central Park	105-45086
Citizens Council of West End, Birmingham	105-46341
Citizens Council of Woodlawn	105-46396
Citizens Council, Tarrant	105-43031
Citizens Segregation Committee	105-42602
Clarke County Citizens' Council	105-50581
Committee on the Preservation of Segregation	105-51677
Conecuh County Citizens' Council	105-51679
Coosa County Citizens' Council	105-51293
Crenshaw County Citizens' Council	105-50582
Dallas County Citizens' Council	105-50583
Elmore County Citizens' Council	105-50584
Escambia County Citizens' Council	105-50585

Etowah County White Citizens Council	105-46073
Fairhope Citizens' Council	105-51707
Florala Citizens' Council	105-52161
Greene County Citizens Council, Eutaw	105-45098
Hale County Citizens' Council	105-50586
Henry County Citizens' Council	105-50587
Houston County Citizens' Council	105-50588
Independent Citizens Council	105-48822
Jemison Citizens Council	105-48377
Lee County Citizens' Council	105-50589
Lincoln Citizens Council	105-47274
Lineville Citizens Council	105-47275
Lowndes County Citizens' Council	105-50590
Macon County Citizens' Council	105-50591
Marengo County Citizens' Council	105-50592
Monroe County Citizens' Council	105-50599
Montgomery County Citizens' Council	105-43132
Mt. Vernon Citizens' Council	105-52176
National Citizens Committee	105-45960
Ninth Congressional District Citizens Council	105-47938
North Alabama Citizens Council	105-45763
North Mobile Honor Guard	105-48653
Northside Citizens Council	105-46430
Perry County Citizens' Council	105-50593
Pickens County Citizens Council	105-46227
Pike County Citizens' Council	105-50594
Roanoke Citizens' Council	105-42175
Russell County Citizens' Council	105-50595
South Alabama Citizens' Council, also known as Mobile County Citizens' Council	105-50596
Sumter County Citizens Council	105-46397
The Citizens' Councils of Alabama	105-33955
The Independent Bessemer Citizens Council, Inc.	105-45102
The Wilkes Citizens Council	105-54364
Thorsby Citizens' Council	105-51697
Voters Protective League of Alabama	105-42637
Washington County Citizens' Council	105-50600
Wilcox County Citizens' Council	105-50597

ARKANSAS :

White America	105-47329
White Citizens Council of Arkansas	105-40673

DELAWARE:

Christian American Segregation Association	105-37150
National Association for the Advancement of White People	105-18867
The Dover Citizens Committee for White Schools	100-420233

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:

White Citizens' Councils of District of Columbia	100-423395
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FLORIDA:

Bay County Citizens Council	105-49060
Caucasian League	105-42603
Citizens Council, Chattahoochee	105-47974
Citizens Council, Inc., St. Petersburg	105-46960
Citizens Council of Duval County	105-46959
Citizens Council of Hillsborough County	105-52337
Citizens Council of Lakeland	105-51559
Civic Improvement Association	105-52354
Dade County Property Owners Association	105-42604
Daytona Beach Citizens Council	105-51089
Escambia County Citizens' Council	105-45943
Flagler County Citizens' Council	105-49740
Florida Citizens Council	105-40391
Florida Citizens Council of Orange County	105-51666
Florida Federation for Constitutional Government	105-43129
Florida States' Rights, Inc.	105-31974
Gadsden County White Citizens Council	105-54092
Hernando County Citizens Council	105-52213
Jackson County Citizens Council	105-49074
Jeffersonian Association	105-42427
Leon County Citizens' Council	105-45727
Liberty County Citizens Council	105-52197
States' Rights Council of Dade County	105-51254
Wakulla County Citizens' Council	105-53089
Walton County Citizens' Council	105-52639

GEORGIA:

Christian Civic League	105-47679
National Association for the Preservation of the White Race, Inc.	105-31413
States' Rights Council of Georgia	105-37158
The National Association for the Advancement and Protection of the Majority of the White People	105-31459

KENTUCKY:

Citizens Councils of Kentucky	105-50230
White Citizens Council of Henderson County	105-52849
White Citizens Council in Union County	105-52817

LOUISIANA:

Arcadia Citizens Council	105-48558
Association of Citizens Councils of Louisiana	105-44536
Benton Citizens Council	105-50206
Bossier City Citizens Council	105-49764
Caldwell Parish Citizens Council	105-50956
Choudrant Citizens Council	105-48034
Citizens Council of Athens	105-49758
Citizens Council of DeSota Parish, Inc.	105-54508
Citizens' Council of Doyline	105-50721
Citizens' Council of Dubberly	105-49845
Citizens' Council of Evergreen	105-49710
Citizens Council of Franklin Parish	105-48955
Citizens Council of Grant Parish	105-53880
Citizens Council of Haynesville	105-49832
Citizens' Council of Homer	105-49770
Citizens' Council of Madison Parish	100-423733
Citizens' Council of Minden	105-52533
Citizens' Council of Morehouse Parish, Inc.	105-50796
Citizens' Council of Natchitoches Parish, Inc.	105-47575
Citizens Council of New Orleans	105-40774
Citizens' Council of Ouachita Parish	105-47564
Citizens' Council of Rapides, Inc.	105-49718
Citizens Council of Red River Parish, Inc.	105-49731
Citizens' Council of Richland Parish	105-50445
Citizens' Council of Shongaloo	105-49798
Citizens' Council of Spearsville	105-49730
Citizens' Council of Springhill	105-50153
Citizens' Council of Summerfield	105-49846
Citizens' Council of West Carroll Parish	105-49936
Citizens' Councils of America	105-46604
Cotton Valley Citizens Council	105-51477
Farmerville Citizens Council	105-52227
Federation for Constitutional Government	105-36394
Knights of the White Christians	62-102337
Plain Dealing Citizens' Council	105-50210
Sarepta Citizens' Council	105-49733
Shreveport Citizens Council	105-45268
Sibley Citizens' Council	105-49760
Southern Gentlemen	105-38567

The American Society for the Preservation of State Government and National Integrity	105-42607
The Citizens Council of East Carroll Parish	105-50248
The Citizens' Council of Franklin Parish	105-48955
The Citizens Council of Lake Charles	105-48468
The Citizens Council of Ruston	105-54105
The Citizens Council of Tensas Parish	105-50795
The Guardians and Custodians of Segregation	105-43282
Three-Quarter Century Club	105-42638

MARYLAND:

Baltimore Association for States' Rights, Inc.	105-45821
Better Dorchester Schools, Inc.	105-39165
Citizens Council of Prince Georges County	105-53031
Maryland Petition Committee, Inc.	100-415566
Talbot White Citizens Committee	105-52696
The Vigilantees	105-49087

MICHIGAN:

Citizens Councils of Michigan	105-48111
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MISSISSIPPI:

Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi (400 affiliated groups in 64 counties)	105-34237
Adams County Citizens' Council, Natchez	105-54706
Belzoni Citizens' Council, Belzoni	105-54783
Citizens' Council of Crystal Springs	105-54669
Citizens Council of Greenville	105-54677
Central Bolivar Citizens Council, Inc.	105-54711
Coahoma County Citizens' Council, Inc.	105-54710
Forrest County Citizens' Council, Hattiesburgh	105-54664
Franklin County Citizens' Council, Meadville	105-54707
Greenwood Citizens' Council, Greenwood	105-54727
Grenada County Citizens' Council	105-54726
Indianola Citizens' Council	105-54652
Jackson County Citizens' Council, Pascagoula	105-54708
Jefferson County Citizens' Council, Fayette	105-54664
Lauderdale County Citizens' Council, Inc.	105-54712
Lowndes County Citizens' Council	105-54717
Lumberton Citizens' Council	105-54651
Lee County Citizens Council, Tupelo	105-34237

Marion County Citizens' Council, Columbia	105-54692
Newton County Citizens' Council, Decatur	105-54661
Panola County Citizens' Council, Inc.	105-54758
Picayune Citizens' Council	105-54658
Pike County Citizens' Council, McComb	105-50594
Raymond Citizens' Council	105-54691
Riverside Citizens' Council, Rosedale	105-54713
Simpson County Citizens' Council, Mendenhall	105-54660
The Clay County Citizens' Council, West Point	105-54678
The Moorhead Citizens' Council, Inc.	105-54644
The Tate County Citizens Council, Senatobia	105-54705
Utica Citizens' Council	105-54714
Heritage Crusade	105-47477
Mississippians for States' Rights	105-47713

MISSOURI:

Association for Segregation and States' Rights, Inc.	105-40677
St. Louis Tavern Operators' Association	105-46012

NEW JERSEY:

Citizens' Council of Newark	105-51816
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NORTH CAROLINA:

Citizens Service Association	105-37464
Durham United Political Education Council	105-45694
North Carolina Association for the Preservation of the White Race, Inc.	105-42630
Patriots of North Carolina	105-40134
States' Rights League of North Carolina	105-40167
The Americans, Inc.	105-50616

OKLAHOMA:

Citizens' Council of Tulsa	105-52777
Oklahoma Association of Citizens' Councils	105-41923

SOUTH CAROLINA:

Allendale County Citizens Council	105-43243
American Educators, Inc.	105-40966
Anderson County Citizens Council	105-46928
Branchville Citizens Council	105-41610
Cameron Citizens Council	105-41877
Charleston Citizens Council, Inc., Charleston	105-43141

Charleston County Citizens Council	105-43134
Cherokee Citizens Council	105-46800
Citizens Council, Bamberg	105-42221
Citizens Council, Bowman	105-41623
Citizens Council, Elloree	105-40192
Citizens Council, Harleyville	105-44747
Citizens Council, Holly Hill, Eutawville Vance, Providence Section	105-42005
Citizens Council, Lamar	105-42457
Citizens Council, Lower Richland County	105-42513
Citizens Council, Lynchburg	105-43063
Citizens Council, North	105-42215
Citizens Council of South Carolina	105-42793
Citizens Council of Sumter County	105-43423
Citizens Council, Orangeburg	105-41625
Citizens Council, Pamplico	105-52183
Citizens Council, St. George	105-44746
Citizens Council, St. Matthews	105-43043
Citizens Council, Springfield	105-42156
Citizens Council, Summerton	105-42343
Citizens Council, Swansea	105-43653
Clarendon County Citizens Council, Manning	105-41714
Columbia Citizens Council, Inc.	105-50814
Council of Constructive Citizens	105-40813
County-Wide Citizens Council, Darlington	105-46400
Coward Citizens Council	105-42275
District #1 Citizens Council, Lobeco	105-42686
Earles-Trio Citizens Council (Earles Community), Williamsburg County	105-42181
Edisto Citizens Council	105-42220
Fairfield Citizens Council	105-40763
Florence School District #1 Citizens Council	105-42184
Grass Roots League	105-42641
Greeleyville Citizens Council	105-41565
Hebron-Cades Citizens Council	105-52657
Hemingway Citizens Council	105-42205
Indiantown Citizens Council	105-42267
James Island Citizens Council	105-43754
Jasper County Citizens Council	105-43920
Johns Island-Wadmalaw Island Citizens Council	105-43113
Johnsonville Citizens Council	105-43678
Kershaw Citizens Council	105-41245
Kingstree Citizens Council	100-420892
Lake City Citizens Council	105-41475
Lane-Salters Citizens Council	105-42276

Moultrie School District Citizens Council	105-44219
National Association for the Preservation of the White Race, Inc.	105-31413
New-Hi-Delpha Citizens Council	105-44029
New Zion-Turbeville Citizens Council	105-51734
North Charleston Citizens Council	105-43716
Norway Citizens Council	105-42132
Olanto Citizens Council	105-42319
Ridgeville Citizens' Council	105-54176
Savannah River Citizens Council, North Augusta	105-53738
St. Andrews Parish Citizens Council	105-44220
St. Pauls School District Citizens Council	105-44062
Spartenburg Citizens' Council	105-44876
States' Rights League of South Carolina	105-34850
The Bishopville Citizens Council	105-42176
The North Hartsville Citizens Council	105-42537
Timmons ville Citizens Council	105-42843
Women's States' Rights Association of South Carolina	105-43825

TENNESSEE:

Association of Citizens Councils of Tennessee	105-44096
National Association for the Preservation of the Races	105-42606
Oak Ridgers for Segregation	105-40707
Pro-Southerners	105-42427
States' Rights Council of Tennessee	105-45769
Tennessee Federation for Constitutional Government	105-40707
Tennessee Society to Maintain Segregation	105-41672
Tennessee White Citizens Councils	105-53627
We The People	105-50496

TEXAS:

Association of Citizens Councils of Texas	105-39894
Black Snake Club	105-48881
Citizens Council, Big Springs	105-40498
Citizens Council of America in Texas, Inc.	105-53298
Citizens' Council of Smithville	105-46261
Citizens Council of Upshur County	105-41457
Citizens Council, Silsbee	105-55187
Citizens League for School Home Rule	105-42993
Harrison County Citizens Council	105-41871
Kilgore Citizens Council	105-40425
La Grange Citizens Council	105-42629
Longview Citizens Council	105-45439
Orange County Citizens Council	105-40876

Texas Citizens Council, Dallas	105-43334
Texas Citizens Council, Jefferson	105-50341
Texas Citizens Council, Nueces County Chapter	105-44701
Texas Citizens Council of East Harris County	105-43907
Texas Citizens Council, Panola County Branch, Carthage	105-47926
Texas Citizens Council, Texarkana Chapter	105-40499
Texas Citizens Council, Titus County Chapter	105-50048
Texas White Citizens' Council, Houston	105-44696
The Citizens Council of Tarrant County, Ft. Worth	105-40500
The Citizens Council of Waco	105-45671
White Citizens Council, Beaumont	105-54107

VIRGINIA:

Citizens Council of Clarksville	105-52860
Citizens Council of Newport News	105-53030
Citizens Councils of Virginia	105-49006
Committee for the Constitutional Convention to Prevent Forced Integration	105-42827
Defenders of State Sovereignty and Individual Liberties	105-32909
Fairfax Citizens Council	105-44495
Mecklenburg Citizens' Council	105-49006
National Protective Individual Rights, Inc.	105-33837
Virginia League	105-38960

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
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